

City of Los Angeles City of Los Angeles Budget Overview and Opportunities

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What have we done?

Since 2009, the City has addressed a collective deficit of \$1 billion using "Fiscal First Aid" techniques and Long-Term Financial Planning Solutions.

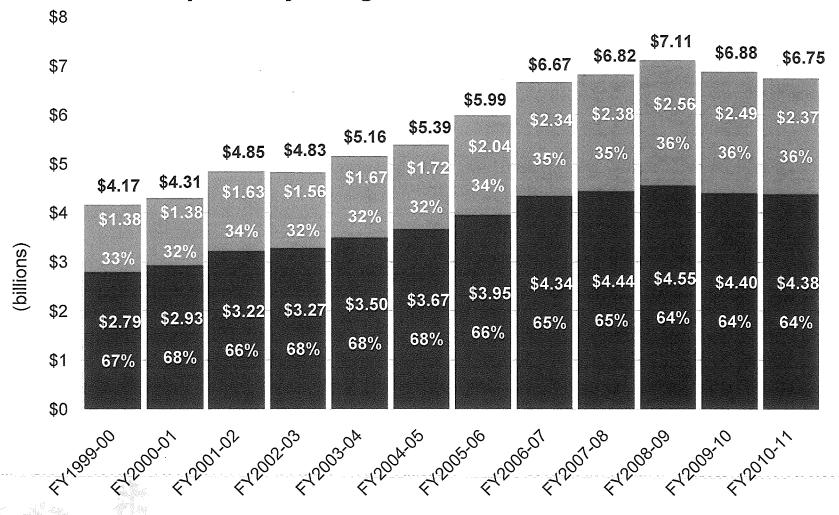
Fiscal First Aid:

- ☐ Evaluated overtime use
- ☐ Improved billing and collections procedures
- Explored fees for services
- ☐ Refinanced Debt for Lower Interest Rates
- ☐ Sought state and federal assistance
- ☐ Offered early retirement program
- ☐ Deferred and/or cancel capital projects
- Used Reserve Fund to Soften the Landing
- ☐ Instituted hiring freezes
- □ Reduced hours worked

Long-Term Financial Planning:

- ☐ Reduced workforce by 4,000 positions
- ☐ Replenished the Reserve Fund and Placed Charter Amendment P on ballot requiring a 2.75% Emergency Reserve Account within the Reserve Fund (approved by voters)
- □ Addressing major drivers of future deficits
 - Placed Charter Amendment to create a new pension tier for new sworn employees (approved by voters)
 - Developing new pension tier for new civilian employees
 - Negotiated increased co-pays and contribution amounts from employees for health care
- ☐ Pursuing alternative service delivery models

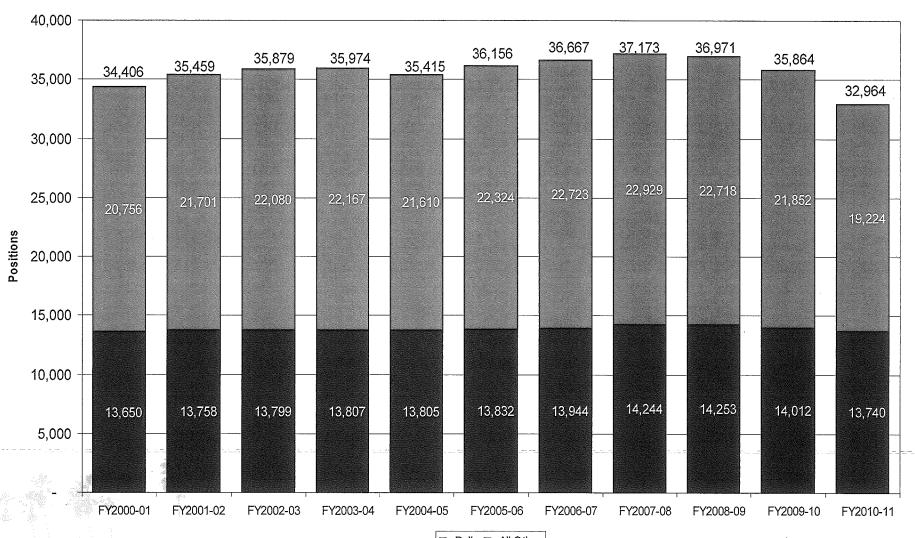
Adopted City Budget FY 1999-00 To FY 2010-11



■ General Fund
■ Special Funds

What have we done?

Citywide Authorized Staffing FY 2000-01 to FY 2010-11

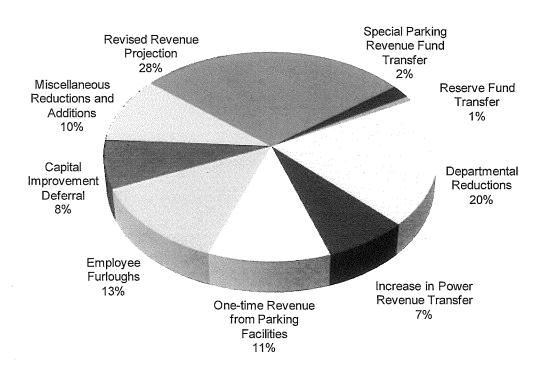




What have we done?

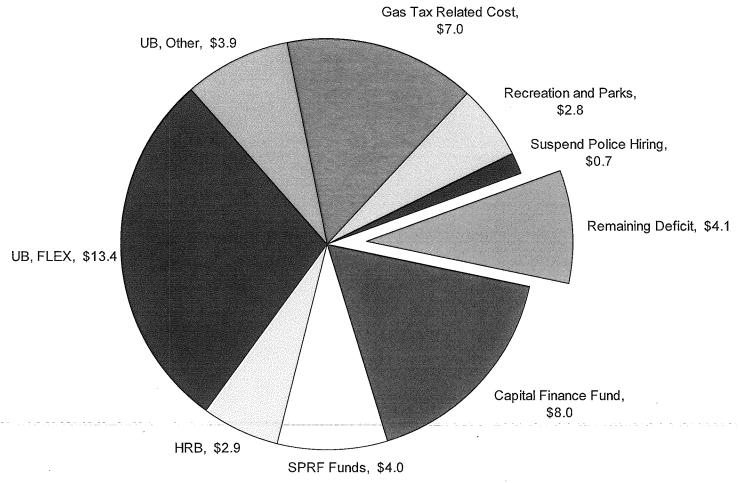
- ☐ City has taken the necessary steps to fill the FY2010-11 expected budget gap
 - > Revenue revision: \$139.6 million
 - > Power revenue transfer: \$36.5 million
 - Parking revenue transfer: \$10 million
 - > Reserve fund transfer: \$3.6 million
 - Revenue from parking facilities: \$53.2 million
 - Department reductions: \$99.1 million
 - > Employee furloughs: \$63.3 million
 - Capital improvement deferral: \$37 million
 - Miscellaneous reductions and additions: \$50.1 million

\$492 Million General Fund Budget Reductions

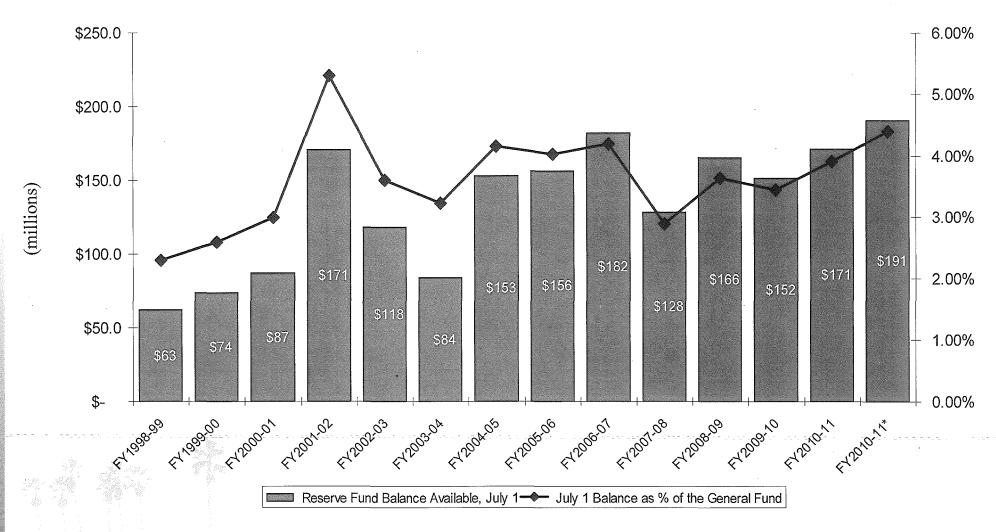


Where are we now?

As reported in the Third Financial Status Report (FSR) for FY2010-11, current year deficit is down to \$46.8 million. The Third FSR proposes solutions to take this deficit down to \$4.1 million.



Actual Reserve Fund Balance as of July 1 and **Current Reserve Fund Balance per Third FSR**



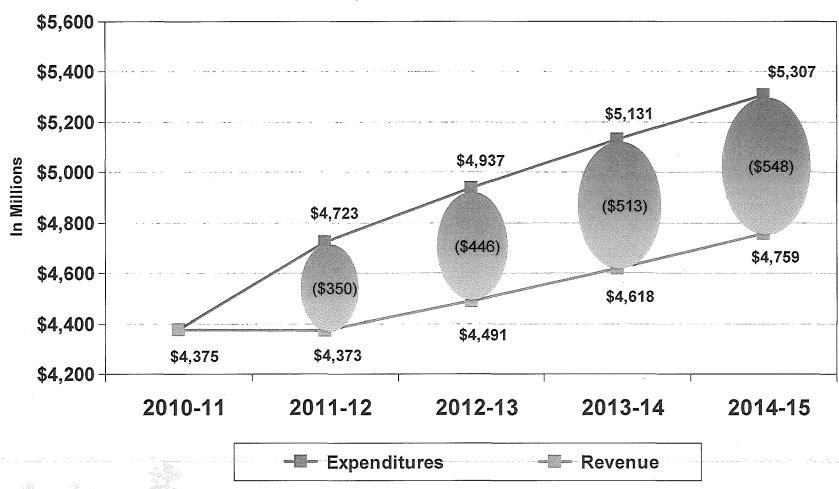
Where are we now?

Ratings Over Last 5 Years

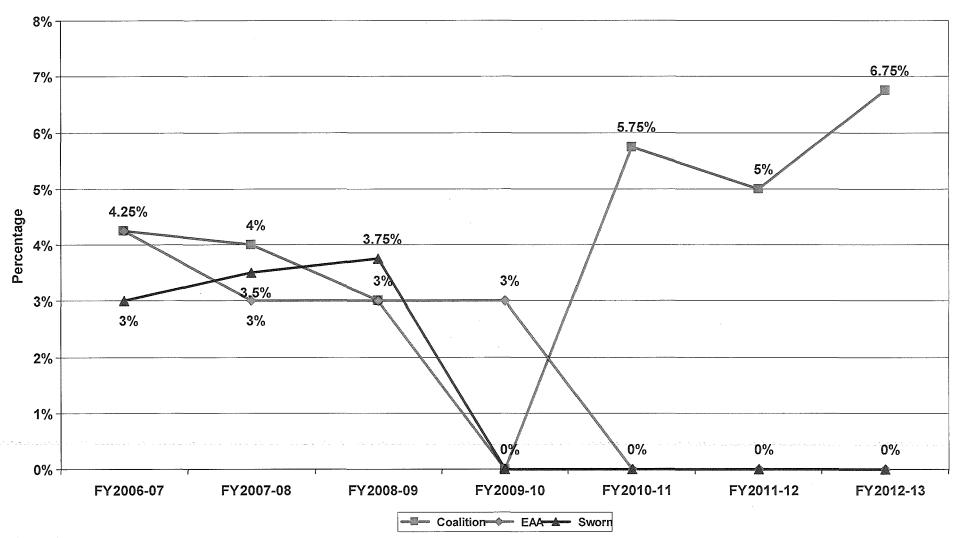
General Obligation Bonds by Year	Moody's	S&P	Fitch
June 2010	Aa2	AA-	AA-
June 2009	Aa2	AA	AA-
June 2008	Aa2	AA	AA
June 2007	Aa2	AA	AA
June 2006	Aa2	AA	AA

Ratings of 10 Largest U.S. Cities						
Rating Rank	City	Fitch	Moody's	S&P		
1	San Jose, CA	AAA	Aaa	AAA		
2	San Antonio, TX	AAA	Aa1	AAA		
3	Phoenix, AZ	NA	Aa1	AAA		
4	Dallas, TX	NA	Aa1	AA+		
5	New York, NY	AA	Aa2	AA		
5	Houston, TX	AA	Aa2	AA		
7	Los Angeles, CA	AA-	Aa2	AA-		
.8	Chicago, II	AA-	Aa3	A+		
9	San Diego, CA	AA-	Aa3	Α		
10	Philadelphia, PA	A-	A2	BBB		

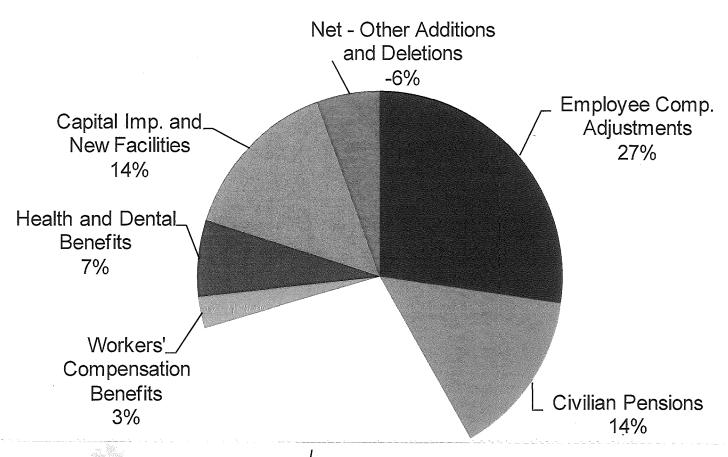
Four Year Budget Outlook FY 2010-12 to FY 2014-15



Bargaining Unit base Wage Movement FY2006-07 to FY2012-13

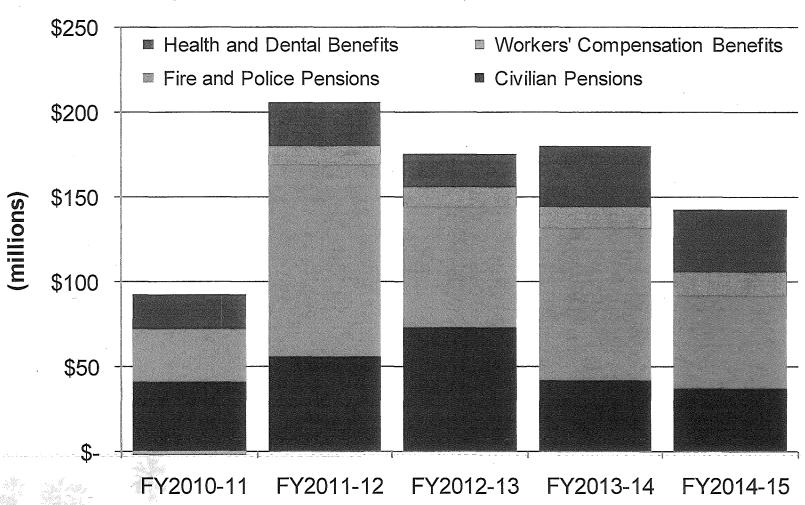


Projected Changes for FY2011-12

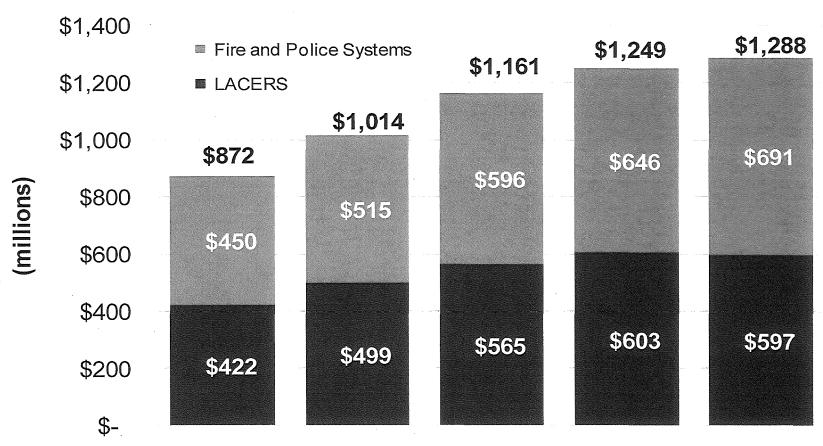


Fire and Police **Pensions** 29%

Major Drivers of Expenditure Growth

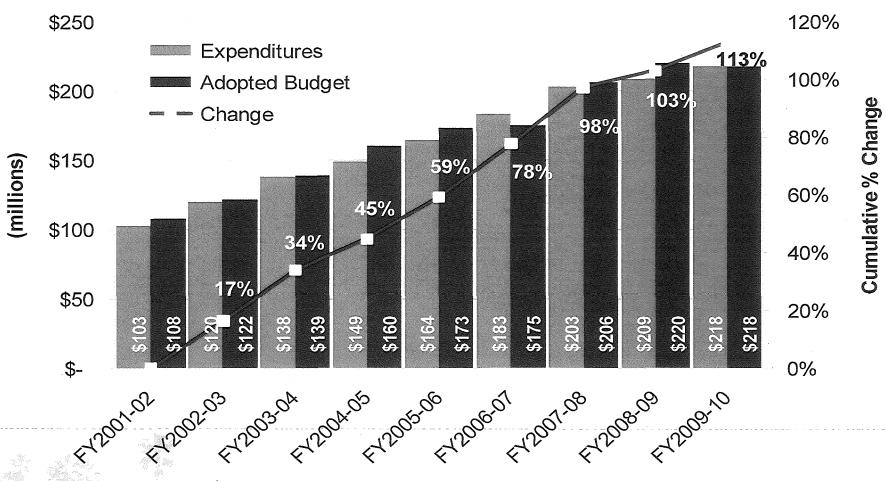


Estimated Future City Contibutions



FY2011-12 FY2012-13 FY2013-14 FY2014-15 FY2015-16

Civilian Health Care **Expenditures vs. Adopted Budget**



How do we get out of it?

Over the next 18-24 the City's efforts will focus more on Long-Term Financial Planning guided by the following principles:

I. Responsible Management and Fiscal Practices

- Strong Reserve Fund
- ☐ Reduce or Eliminate General Fund Subsidy
- Maximize Flexible Funding
- ☐ Strengthen Central Admin Functions & Contracting Process
- □ Pursue New Revenue

II. Focus on Core Services

- □ Revaluate Discretionary Programs
- Consolidate Services
- □ Evaluation and Redesign of Core Services

III. Alternative Service Delivery Models

- ☐ Partner with non-profits and foundations
- Maximize City Assets
- Strengthen Core Functions

IV. Sustainable Workforce

- ☐ Reduce the Size of the Workforce
- ☐ Reduce healthcare and Workers' Comp Cost
- Control Pensions and Retiree Health
- ☐ Align Compensation
- ☐ Eliminate Furloughs through Concessions



Why have furloughs been necessary?

\$492 Million General **Fund Budget Reductions**

