

January 27, 2012

The Honorable Antonio Villaraigosa Los Angeles City Hall 200 North Spring Street Los Angeles, California 90012

RE: Opposition to Proposed Community Care Facilities Ordinance Amending Sections 12.03, 12.21, 12.22, 12.24 and 14.00 of the Municipal Code

Dear Mayor Villaraigosa:

On behalf of the Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority Commission (LAHSA), I am writing with strong objections to the final draft of the proposed Community Care Facilities Ordinance submitted to the City Council on September 13, 2011. While we understand the original intent behind the proposal, our primary concern is that the ordinance will have a disproportionate impact on the City's most vulnerable and economically disadvantaged residents. Los Angeles has the largest homeless population in the nation and a critical shortage of affordable housing. To exacerbate these serious problems during these extremely difficult financial times by creating additional barriers to housing options is NOT the direction the City should be going.

The ordinance as currently written poses significant negative and we believe, unintended impacts to thousands of low-income families and individuals by prohibiting their ability to double-up or provide housing in exchange for services. For example, an elderly woman who provides housing to a student in exchange for the student shopping for her and mowing the lawn would be considered to be operating a "boarding or rooming house" and not permitted in low-density zones (Section 2, amending Section 12.03 of the Los Angeles Municipal Code). This definition should eliminate nonmonetary consideration.

The restrictive definition of "single housekeeping unit," requiring all household members live under a single written or verbal lease in single family residential zones (R1 or R2) will substantially limit our ability to provide permanent housing and permanent supportive housing for those in most need. For example, New Directions, Inc. which has been empowering veterans and facilitating their successful return to family and society for twenty years; could be forced to stop development on a project they have been working on with LAHD and Restore Neighborhoods Los Angeles (RNLA) for two years. The project includes foreclosed single family homes in the Pacoima area that will be utilized as rental housing for veterans who have successfully graduated from New Directions' programs and are ready to move on to independent living. Funding for the project mandates that each resident have their own individual lease.

By creating these unnecessary obstacles to the siting and development of the most successful and least expensive housing models such as shared housing and scattered site housing, the proposal not only takes away a vital and proven tool to prevent and end homelessness, it also turns current city policy on

G. Michael Arnold
Executive Director

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its head. It should be noted here, that State law requires local zoning laws to treat supportive housing the same as any other dwelling of the same type (California Government Code § 65583).

The total occupancy restriction limiting residents for every bedroom or guest room to two in alcohol and drug abuse facilities will result in a loss of these valuable beds in Los Angeles (Section 8, amending section 14.00 paragraph 10(a)(7) of the Los Angeles Municipal code). For example, People in Progress, which currently operates two state licensed substance abuse programs in the city (in R and C zones), would lose 27 of their 140 beds. The loss of these 27 beds would make both programs economically infeasible and thus all 140 beds would ultimately be lost. The same scenario would apply to the other licensed treatment facility programs throughout the city.

The ordinance would also potentially force thousands of parolees/probationers onto the streets, decreasing overall public safety. At present, 26,773 probationers and 14,607 parolees reside in the city (CA Dept. of Corrections and Rehabilitation and LA County Dept. of Probation). California's Public Safety Realignment program, intended to promote alternatives to incarceration for non-violent, non-sex, non-serious offenders, will result in an additional 9,000 County residents on probation in 2012. This ordinance would severely limit housing opportunities for these individuals, increasing homelessness among a population already at risk and undermining County Realignment plans.

The ordinance poses substantial financial risks to the City. As a recipient of federal and state funds, the City is required to develop policies and programs that affirmatively further fair housing. The ordinance would violate HUD's McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance programs, the Veterans Affairs Supportive Housing program, the Section 8 and Shelter Plus Care programs as well as the state Mental Health Services Act seriously jeopardizing significant funding for the City.

There is also a high probability the City will be tied up in legal suits defending the ordinance that would consume badly needed resources with no abatement of the issue the City is attempting to resolve. The U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ) argued in an amicus brief to the 9th Circuit Court of Appeals (10/11/11) that the US "has a significant interest" in resolution of a case involving a Newport Beach ordinance with an almost identical definition of single housekeeping unit as the City's proposed ordinance. DOJ determined the lower court erred in not allowing the plaintiff to present evidence of intentional discrimination and if not reversed could "significantly hamper the ability of both the US and private litigants to enforce the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) and the Fair Housing Act (FHA), as well as other federal anti-discrimination laws."

Additionally, limiting housing accessibility in low-density neighborhoods will potentially have a disparate impact on protected classes under the ADA and the FHA and runs counter to State law. It has been noted in various hearings that the proposal would not hamper efforts to house homeless persons with disabilities because they may live in licensed facilities which are permitted in low-density zones. Licensed facilities are NOT a substitute for permanent supportive housing. Not all people with disabilities require or desire the care/supervision of a licensed facility. In recognition of this, State law specifically exempts permanent supportive housing from community care licensing requirements (Health and Safety Code § 1504.5). It is the intent of the Legislature that "persons with disabilities be permitted to receive one or more community living support services in the least restrictive setting possible, such as in a supportive housing residence." To obtain the exemption, tenants must have an individual lease in their own name (Health and Safety code § 1504.5[c][2]).

Over the past twenty-two years, Homes for Life Foundation has completed 256 units for persons with chronic mental illness. This ordinance would prevent them continuing to develop and operate this much needed shared supportive housing for formerly homeless persons with disabilities – such as Buchanan House – located in Highland Park (R1 zone). As with New Directions, their funding requires that each resident have their own lease.

To address Neighborhood Council concerns and limit the unintended negative housing impacts, the City should revise its existing nuisance abatement laws to effectively address problematic and/or improperly managed group homes. In lieu of this, at a minimum, the City Council should narrow the negative impacts of the ordinance.

- Eliminate the definition of and reference to "parolee-probationer home." The current draft would have immeasurable ramifications on the City's and County's response to homelessness, affecting almost all supportive housing developments in the City.
- Eliminate the re-definition of "boarding or rooming house." The draft re-definition is overbroad and inaccurate. Consistent with Planning and City Attorney staff statements, the ordinance should be limited to "commercial enterprises" housing people on a short-term basis.
- Eliminate the single lease requirement or, at the very least, limit the requirement to <u>commercial for-profit</u> <u>enterprises</u> that restrict a tenant's length of stay in housing to avoid unintended impact.
- Eliminate the occupancy restriction limiting residents for every bedroom or guest room to two in alcohol and drug abuse facilities.

In conclusion, the proposed ordinance is overly broad and will detrimentally impact a variety of housing types for homeless and other low-income people. The ordinance, as proposed, is also contrary to the City's commitment to reducing and ending chronic and veteran homelessness by restricting the City's ability to increase the supply of permanent supportive housing over the next five years. While well intentioned, the proposed ordinance will have significant detrimental consequences.

Thank you for your consideration, and we look forward to continuing our work with you and all members of the City Council to prevent and end homelessness in the City of Los Angeles.

Sincerely,

Owen Newcomer Chair, LAHSA Commission

Cc: Hon. Ed Reyes, Chair, PLUM & Vice Chair HCED

Hon. José Huizar, Vice Chair, PLUM

Hon. Eric Garcetti, Council President

Hon. Paul Kerkorian, Member, PLUM

Hon. Alarcon, member HCED

Hon. Jan Perry, Member, HCED

Hon. Wesson, Member, HCED



March 29, 2011

The Honorable Ed Reyes, Chair Planning and Land Use Management Committee (PLUM) Los Angeles City Hall 200 North Spring Street, Room 410 Los Angeles, California 90012

RE: Opposition to Proposed Community Care Facilities Ordinance - Council File: 11-0262

Dear Councilmember Reyes:

G. Michael Arnold **Executive Director**

On behalf of the Los Angeles Homeless Services Authority (LAHSA), I would like to thank you for your commitment to preventing and ending homelessness. Please continue to show your support by opposing the proposed ordinance and considering the following alternatives:

Board of Commissioners

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Ramona Rinston Vice-Chair

Larry Adamson

Moctesuma Esparza

Antonio Manning

Douglas Mirell

Rev. Cecil L. Murray

Owen Newcomer

Louisa Ollague

- (1) Refer the proposed ordinance back to the Planning Department for further revision to ensure that the City does not reduce the housing options available for homeless persons and those with disabilities;
- (2) Re-examine the City's exiting nuisance abatement procedure to see if that ordinance can effectively address problematic and/or improperly managed group homes;
- (3) Ensure that any ordinance brought forward to the City Council protect the ability to use Federal resources to provide access to affordable housing by homeless individuals and families and support our ability to maximize the number of people we can provide housing assistance to in our work to reduce and end homelessness in Los Angeles.

We are pleased with the provisions of the ordinance that increase opportunities to site licensed community care and alcohol and drug abuse programs by categorizing them as "public benefits." However, we are concerned the proposed definitions of "family," "single housekeeping unit," and "boarding or rooming home" are too broad and will undermine the City's efforts to reduce homelessness.

A "single housekeeping unit" would require all household members share a single lease in order to be considered a "family" and be located in a low-density residential zone. This may seriously limit the siting of permanent supportive housing for homeless families and individuals as well as others with disabilities. Additionally, regulating any home with more than one lease as a "boarding or rooming home" will restrict shared supportive housing to high-density zones, thereby undermining a number of local programs currently in place to prevent and end homelessness. For example, separate lease agreements are required under the City's Homeless Prevention and Rapid Re-housing Program (HPRP) for people in shared housing situations. The County's General Relief Housing Subsidy program also utilizes shared housing with separate lease agreements. Further, the State Mental Health Services Act specifically allows shared housing for persons with mental illness.

While federal resources are available to assist in providing access to housing, the use of federal funds also often requires that the individual or family household have a lease with the property owner or manager. We are very concerned that this ordinance, as proposed, will reduce or eliminate many

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permanent housing options that currently exist for homeless individuals and families. It is imperative at this time that we do not create any additional barriers to the ability to use federal funds to support our work to ensure our homeless individuals and families have access to housing opportunities. Further, it is extremely important that we guard against the additional unintended consequence of increasing the number of people who will become homeless if this ordinance is enacted.

Although the proposed ordinance would allow licensed facilities to be sited in low-density residential zones, licensed facilities are not a substitute for permanent supportive housing. As you are aware, due to already limited resources over 28,000 men, women and children, a staggering 70% of our homeless population, have no options for shelter on any given night. Permanent supportive housing is the primary solution for our chronically homeless individuals and families and it is the lack of this essential housing as well as affordable housing relative to the need we have that is the central challenge for us in meeting our objective of preventing and ending homelessness.

Therefore, to reiterate, we urge the Planning and Land Use Management Committee to oppose the ordinance as currently written and consider one or more of the following alternatives: (1) Refer the proposed ordinance back to the Planning Department for further revision to ensure that the City continues to treat housing for homeless persons with disabilities equitability; (2) Examine revising the City's nuisance abatement procedures to effectively address problematic and/or improperly managed group homes; (3) Establish a working group to quantify the impact to the Mayor's homelessness policy.

Your efforts to address these issues will assist us to continue our progress in preventing and ending homelessness in the City of Los Angeles.

Sincerely,

G. Michael Arnold Executive Director

Cc: Hon. Jose Huizar, Vice Chair, PLUM

Hon. Eric Garcetti, Council President Hon. Paul Kerkorian, Member, PLUM Hon. Antonio Villaraigosa, Mayor