

A New Zoning Code for a 21st Century Los Angeles

To create livable communities, encourage sustainable development and foster economic vitality, we need a modern and user-friendly zoning code – we need to re:code LA.

Quarterly Report & Code Evaluation

Planning & Land Use Management Committee: August 5, 2014



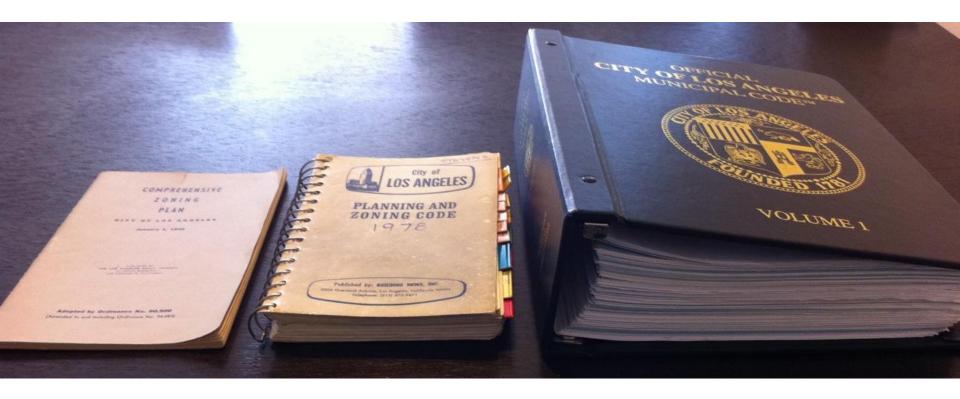






History & Background

 Grown from 84 small-format pages to over 600 standard-format pages









Code Interpretations & Memos

 Thousands of Zoning Code Interpretations

Countless Memos

These make up the

"Phantom" Code





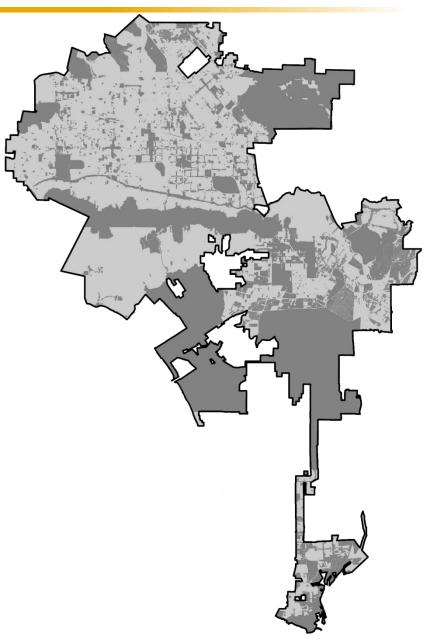


Overlays & Site Specific Conditions

 60% of the City is covered by special overlays, and site-specific conditions (Qs, Ts, & Ds)

shown in dark grey on the right

 Majority of properties have 2 or more different sets of regulations



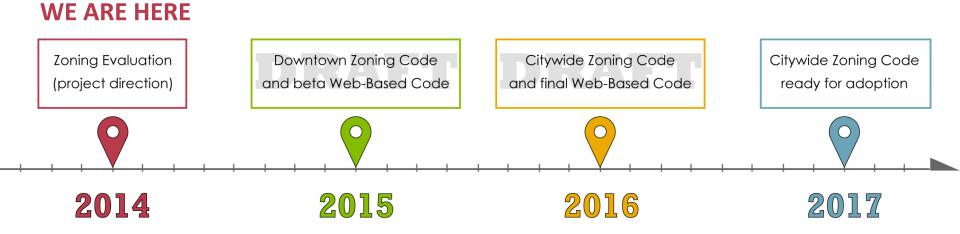






Project Deliverables & Timeline

- Citywide Zoning Code
- Downtown Development Code
- Interactive Web-Based Code System









More Zones, Fewer Overlays

- More zoning options that better address community visions and concerns
- Incorporating overlays into base zones will address inconsistencies





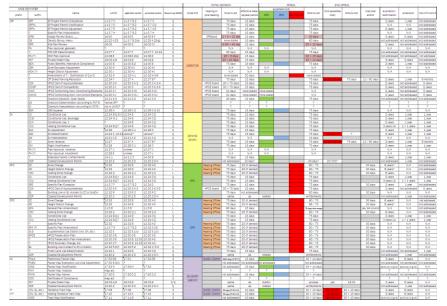






Case Processing Procedures

- Streamline and Consolidate
 - Eliminate obsolete or redundant procedures
 - Identify and incorporate common Conditions of Approval into regulations



	ADMINISTR	ATION	REVIEW BODIES				PUBLIC NOTICE					
APPROVAL PROCESS	X-ref	City Official	Historic Development Commission	Appearance Commission	Board of Adjustment	Planning Commission	Gity Council	Neighborhood Meeting	Web	Site Posted	Mailed	Published
Comprehensive Plan Amendment	Sec. 10.2.2	RR				RR	D-PH		Υ		Y ⁽²⁾	Y ⁽³⁾
Text Amendment to UDO	Sec. 10.2.3	RR				RR	D-PH		Υ			Y ⁽³⁾
Rezoning Map Amendment	Sec. 10.2.4	R	R ⁽¹⁾			RR	D-PH	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y ⁽³⁾
Subdivision Review	Sec. 10.2.5											
Preliminary Subdivision Plan		D	R ⁽¹⁾						Υ		Υ	
Final Subdivision Plat		D										
Subdivision Waiver		R					D-QH		Υ	Υ	Υ	
Subdivisions in an -MPOD (other than single-unit living)		R					D-QH		Υ		Υ	
Subdivisions in a -HOD-G or -HOD-S or properties with Historic Landmarks		R	RR				D-QH		Υ		Υ	
Other Map Approvals		D							Υ			
Non-Subdivision Final Plat and Recorded Instruments	Sec. 10.2.6	D					A-QH		Υ			
Plot Plan Review	Sec. 10.2.7	D			A-QH							
Site Plan Review	Sec. 10.2.8	D			A-QH				Υ			
Special Use Permit	Sec. 10.2.9	R			D-QH				Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
Variance	Sec. 10.2.10	R			D-QH				Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
Common Signage Plan	Sec. 10.2.12	D			A-QH							
Temporary Use Permit	Sec. 10.2.13	D			A-QH				Υ			
Written Interpretation of UDO	Sec. 10.2.14	D			A-QH				Υ			
Certificate of Appropriateness	Sec. 10.2.15											
Minor		D	A-QH						Υ			
Major		R	D-QH		A-QH					Υ		Υ
Historic Landmark Designation	Sec. 10.2.16	R	R ⁽¹⁾				D-JH		Υ	Υ		Υ
Administrative Alternative	Sec. 10.2.17	D		RR ⁽⁴⁾	A-QH				Υ		Υ	
Design Adjustment	Sec. 10.2.18	D							Υ		Υ	
Vested Rights	Sec. 10.2.19	R					D-QH		Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ







Since Last Report

- Regional Forums
 - 7 forums with over 500 in attendance
- Virtual Forum
- Project Website
 - Public comments via MarkUp and ongoing article series
- 3 City Planning Commission Meetings
 - May 22, 2014
 - June 6, 2014
 - June 26, 2014
- Additional stakeholder group meetings











Oversight Committees

Zoning Advisory Committee

- Met 5 times and discussed:
 - Code Evaluation Report
 - Downtown Planning & Development
 - Discretionary Process Impact
 - Affordability of housing and cost of development
 - Community point of view

Technical Advisory Committee

 Gave feedback on Code **Evaluation Report**





























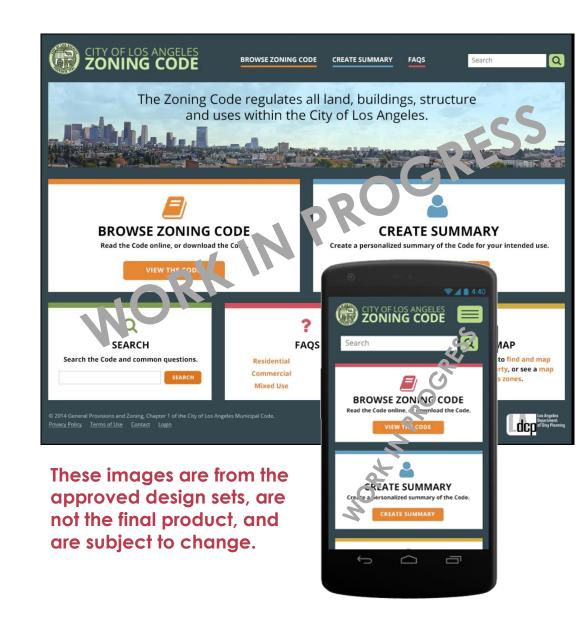
Interactive Web-Based Code System

Completed:

✓ Technical
Architecture

- √ Visual Designs
- ✓ "Proof of Concept"

 aka Prototype









What's Next?

- Approach Report
 - Outlines structure/organization of Zoning Code
- Downtown Development Code (internal draft)
 - Preliminary proposal to be reviewed by project team
- WebCode Alpha System Testing
 - Done by programmers, reviewed by project team
 - Beta Testing will follow











Summary of Code Evaluation

 Outlines directions & key provisions for a new citywide Zoning Code

 Guides the development of a Downtown Code and a new, first-of-its-kind web-based code









Evaluation Report Organization

1. Distinct Neighborhoods

Provide a clearer, more prescriptive approach to promoting and preserving neighborhood character.

2. Housing Affordability and Diversity

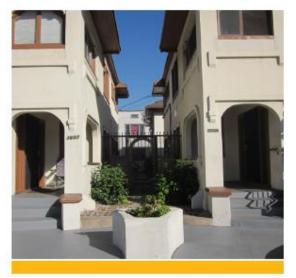
Expand housing options to provide a more complete range of people and incomes.

3. Centers and Corridors

Rethink commercial corridors and centers to focus on providing accessible and healthy environments to live, work, learn and thrive in.

4. Transportation Choice

Provide mobility choices that balance the needs and safety for all modes of transportation.











Evaluation Report Organization

5. Jobs and Innovation

Retain jobs and attract industry to strengthen Los Angeles as a global center for employment and innovation.

6. A Strong Core

Retool Downtown regulations to create a dense, livable pattern of development that supports a vibrant daytime and nighttime economy.

7. A Healthy City

Improve the community's health through greener, more resilient development.

8. Code Delivery

Ensure an open, transparent and responsive delivery and review process.











Background

CPC considered the Code Evaluation on May 22, June
 and June 26

 Staff highlighted 4 policy directives and 30 synthesized comments from ZAC, TAC, and public

 CPC discussed implementation strategies for a new Code







Chapter 1: Distinct Neighborhoods

No Changes to Code Evaluation recommended









Chapter 2: Housing Affordability and Diversity

- Address neighborhood preservation & compatibility issues
- Encourage green, multimodal, walkable community design
- Explore preservation of undesignated historic assets
- Build on the findings of SurveyLA
- Include more zones tailored to neighborhoods
- Expand the menu of development options
- Enhance affordable housing & diversity along major transit corridors
- Explore opportunities to minimize displacement of core transit riders
- Identify methods of increasing the production of affordable housing
- Consider potential for micro-units and support this type of housing







Chapter 3: Centers and Corridors

- Make allowances for the needs of small businesses
- Establish a two-tier home occupation permit process to modernize & expand enterprise opportunities
- Explore geographic expansion of the commercial parking credit system
- Expand downtown incentives to other regional centers







Chapter 4: Transportation Choice

- Reevaluate and modernize parking requirements
- Consider spillover parking effects onto residential areas
- Allow off-site residential parking to facilitate affordability & innovative design
- Recognize the importance of bus service for Transit Oriented Districts (TOD)
- Protect affordable housing (i.e., density bonus) and small businesses near transit from being displaced

Chapter 5: Jobs and Innovation

No changes to Code Evaluation recommended











Chapter 6: Strong Core

- Streamline and refine Transfer of Floor Area Ratio (TFAR) regulations and procedures to improve certainty and predictability
- Expand TFAR to other regional centers, as appropriate
- Expand Adaptive Reuse (by-right) to other areas citywide, as appropriate
- Consider amending Adaptive Reuse to allow other use conversions, and eliminate minimum unit size







Chapter 7: A Healthy City

- Address equity, public health, environmental justice, and sustainability
- Incorporate development and design standards, as well as standard mitigation measures, into base zoning
- Explore incentives for exceeding the baseline California Green Building Standards (CAL Green) Code







Chapter 8: Code Delivery

- Coordinate and communicate with other departments in order to support all
 City plans and ensure safety, adequate service and infrastructure
- Direct new development toward corridors where transit is planned
- Convert appropriate design guidelines into standards
- Devise broader use categories to allow for technological advances and changing priorities
- Proactively regulate new undesirable uses





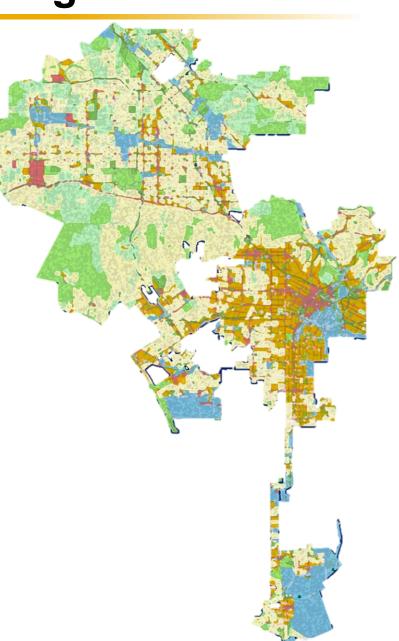






... to Implement ONE Zoning Code

- Zone Conversions consolidate layers of existing regulation and rename zones
 - Resulting "Bridge" Zones are placeholders until next planning update
- Zone Changes amend the fundamental land use regulations
 - Resulting New Zones are tools for community planners to implement in the future









Convert Current Zones to "Bridge" Zones

Existing zones are converted to comparable, temporary ("bridge") zones in the new Code – needed in order to avoid two Codes

CONVERT

Current Zoning

- Several layers of regulation on top of base zone
- Need to consult multiple separate documents

"Bridge" Zone

- Layers of regulation collapsed/flattened into 1 zone
- Unique and discrete name
- Existing development rights remain intact (FAR, setbacks, height, density, etc.)
- No boundary changes
- Happens where planning is not occurring







Creation of a "Bridge" Zone





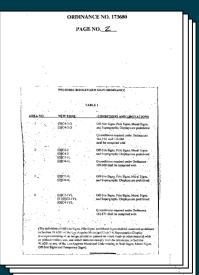




Creation of a "Bridge" Zone

[Q]C4-2-CDO

Qualified Conditions



Sign Prohibitions:
Off-Site Signs
Pole Signs
Mural Signs
Supergraphic Displays

Base Zone (LAMC)

Commercial Zone:
Permitted Uses
Setbacks
Lot Standards

Height District (LAMC)

Floor Area Ratio: 6:1

Height: *Unlimited*

Other LAMC Provisions

Section 12.21 – General Provision

Parking, Open Space, Walls/Fences, etc.

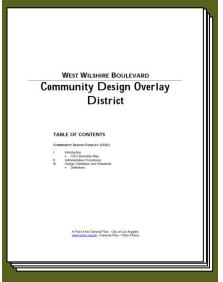
Section 12.22 – General Exceptions

Section 12.24 – Conditional Use

Section 12.37 – Dedication and Improvement

Article 4.4 – Signs

Supplemental Use District



28 Pages of Design Standards: Building, Pedestrian, Open Space, Circulation, Parking, Landscaping, Signs







Creation of a "Bridge" Zone

ZONE X

- Commercial Zone:
- Permitted Uses
- Conditional Uses
- Setbacks
- Lot Standards
- Floor Area Ratio 6:1

GENERAL PROVISIONS

- Parking
- Open Space
- Walls/Fences
- Signs
- Landscaping
- Recycling Facilities
- Bike Parking
- Sign Regulations
- Etc.





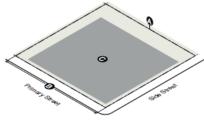


Sample Zoning Designation Layout

3.3. CX: Commercial Mixed Use







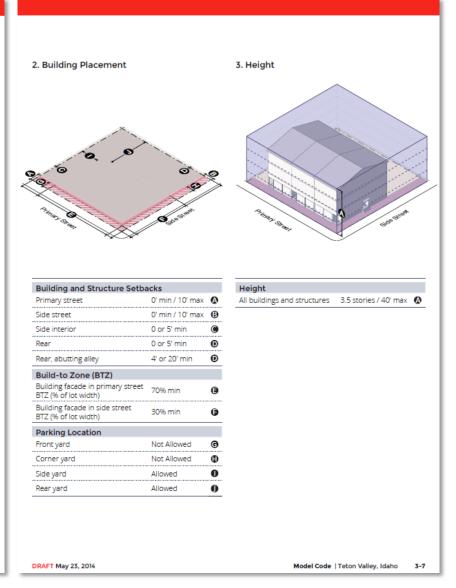
Description

CX is intended to accommodate a broader range of residential and nonresidential activity than NX. To promote walkability and compatibility, auto-oriented uses are restricted. Building type options include townhouse, apartment, live work, shopfront house, single-story shopfront, mixed use shopfront and general building. CX should be applied in areas where the existing or proposed land use pattern promotes mixed use and pedestrian-oriented activity.

Building Types Allowed

	Townhouse	see Sec. 6.2.9
•	Apartment	see Sec. 6.2.10
•	Live work	see Sec. 6.2.11
•	Shopfront house	see Sec. 6.2.12
	Single-story shopfront	see Sec. 6.2.13
	Mixed use shopfront	see Sec. 6.2.14
	General building	see Sec. 6.2.15

Lot	Area	Width
Townhouse	1,500 SF min	20' min
Apartment	5,000 SF min	50' min
Live work	1,100 SF min	15' min
Shopfront house	5,000 SF min	50' min
Single-story shopfront	5,000 SF min	50' min
Mixed use shopfront	5,000 SF min	50' min
General building	5,000 SF min	50' min
Coverage		
Lot coverage	80% max	•



Model Code | Teton Valley, Idaho

DRAFT May 23, 2014







Remapping the City into One Code



"BRIDGE" ZONES

All in one Article which will be deleted when the whole City has migrated to **New Zones**



NEW ZONES

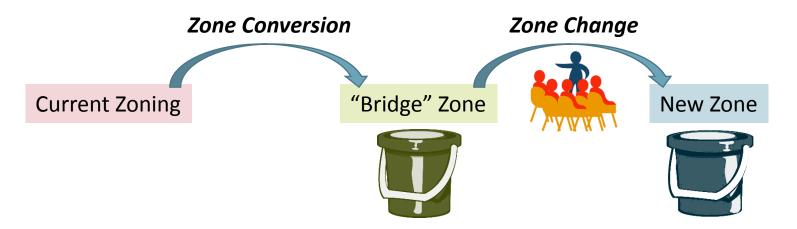






Getting to New Zones, Citywide

Without Community Plan Updates



With Community Plan Updates

