REPORT OF THE

CHIEF LEGISLATIVE ANALYST

DATE: Septemb

September 15, 2015

TO:

Honorable Members of the Rules, Elections, Intergovernmental Relations and

Neighborhoods Committee

FROM:

Sharon M. Tso blace I - Go for

Council File No:

15-0002-S60

Chief Legislative Analyst

Assignment No:

15-06-0488

SUBJECT:

Resolution (Koretz - Parks) to support H.R. 1217 (King)

<u>CLA RECOMMENDATION</u>: Adopt Resolution (Koretz - Parks) to include in the City's 2015 – 2016 Federal Legislative Program SUPPORT for H.R. 1217 (King), which would ensure that all individuals who should be prohibited from purchasing a firearm are listed in the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and enhance and expand the current background check process.

SUMMARY

On June 2, 2015, a Resolution (Koretz – Parks) was introduced in support of H.R. 1217 (King), which would ensure that all individuals who are prohibited from purchasing a firearm are listed in the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and enhance and expand the current background check system. The Resolution states that current background check requirements do not require individuals who purchase a firearm at a gun show to undergo a background check, and that there are deficits in the current system, with some information that should be included in background checks being omitted.

The Resolution states that individuals convicted of a serious crime or those suffering from mental illness that are a threat to themselves or others should not have access to firearms. The Resolution further states that H.R. 1217 was introduced to enhance the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, in order to ensure that more people undergo background checks when purchasing a firearm and that more relevant information is added to the system. The Resolution, therefore, seeks an official position of the City of Los Angeles to support H.R. 1217 (King), which would ensure that all individuals who should be prohibited from purchasing a firearm are listed on the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and enhance and expand the current background check system.

BACKGROUND

Under current law, there are significant loopholes in the criminal background check system for individuals who are seeking to purchase firearms. In many states, individuals who purchase a firearm at a gun show, through a classified ad or over the internet do not have to submit to a background check. Further, the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS), the federal background system, does not include information related to mental illness and is often missing relevant criminal information, making it possible for people who may be a threat to themselves or others to legally purchase a weapon.

H.R. 1217 (King), would close these loopholes and strengthen the background check system, while preserving an individual's right to possess a firearm. Under H.R. 1217, the current background check system would be expanded to require a comprehensive background check on all firearm sales, including those at gun shows and over the internet. Further, H.R. 1217 would strengthen the NICS database by making grant funding available to states for the creation of better records sharing systems, ensuring that more individuals who should not be able to purchase a firearm are included in the NICS database. This would include individuals convicted of crimes or who suffer from a mental illness that makes them a danger to themselves or others. Currently, it is estimated that nearly four out of ten guns purchased in the United States are done so without a background check being conducted. Expanding the background check system in the United States would ensure that individuals who should not have access to firearms are not able to skirt background checks when obtaining a firearm.

DEPARTMENTS NOTIFIED

Police Department

BILL STATUS

<u> </u>	
03/03/2015	Bill introduced
03/03/2015	Referred to the House Committee on the Judiciary and the House
	Committee on Veterans' Affairs
03/19/2015	referred to the Subcommittee on Disability Assistance and
	Memorial Affairs in the Veterans' Affairs Committee
03/31/2015	Referred to the Subcommittee on Crime, Terrorism, Homeland
	Security and Investigation in the Judiciary Committee

Joshua W. Drake

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SMT:MF:jwd

Attachment: Resolution (Koretz - Parks)

H.R. 1217 (King)

RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, any official position of the City of Los Angeles with respect to legislation, rules, regulations or policies proposed to or pending before a local, state or federal governmental body or agency must have first been adopted in the form of a Resolution by the City Council with the concurrence of the Mayor; and

WHEREAS, current federal background check requirements do not require individuals seeking to purchase a firearm at a gun show to submit to a federal background check; and

WHEREAS, there are deficits in the current background check system, with some information not included which should be part of any background check for the purchase of a firearm; and

WHEREAS, individuals convicted of a serious crime and individuals suffering from mental illness that are a threat to themselves and others should not have access to firearms; and

WHEREAS, HR 1217 (King), was introduced to enhance the National Instant Criminal Background Check System (NICS); and

WHEREAS, HR 1217 has bipartisan support, and would require that individuals seeking to purchase a firearm at a gun show submit to a criminal background check; and

WHEREAS, HR 1217 would also require that more information is added to the NICS, including information on dangerous mental illness and criminal history; and

WHEREAS, HR 1217 would provide for a responsible and consistent background check process, and ensure that individuals who should not have access to firearms are unable to purchase them;

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, with the concurrence of the Mayor, that by the adoption of this Resolution, the City of Los Angeles hereby includes in its 2015 - 2016 Federal Legislative Program SUPPORT for HR 1217 (King), which would ensure that all individuals who should be prohibited from purchasing a firearm are listed in the National Instant Criminal Background Check System and enhance and expand the current background check process.

PRESENTED BY

PAUL KORETZ

Councilmember, 5th District

SECONDED BY



114TH CONGRESS H.R. 1217

To protect Second Amendment rights, ensure that all individuals who should be prohibited from buying a firearm are listed in the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, and provide a responsible and consistent background check process.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

March 3, 2015

Mr. King of New York (for himself, Mr. Thompson of California, Mr. Fitzpatrick, Mr. Meehan, Ms. Esty, Mr. Dold, Miss Rice of New York, and Mr. Thompson of Mississippi) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary, and in addition to the Committee on Veterans' Affairs, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To protect Second Amendment rights, ensure that all individuals who should be prohibited from buying a firearm are listed in the National Instant Criminal Background Check System, and provide a responsible and consistent background check process.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 3 "Public Safety and Second Amendment Rights Protection
- 4 Act of 2015".
- 5 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 6 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings.
 - Sec. 3. Rule of construction.
 - Sec. 4. Severability.

TITLE I—ENSURING THAT ALL INDIVIDUALS WHO SHOULD BE PROHIBITED FROM BUYING A GUN ARE LISTED IN THE NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYSTEM

- See. 101. Reauthorization of the National Criminal History Records Improvement Program.
- Sec. 102. Improvement of metries and incentives.
- Sec. 103. Grants to States for improvement of coordination and automation of NICS record reporting.
- Sec. 104. Relief from disabilities program.
- Sec. 105, Additional protections for veterans.
- Sec. 106. Clarification that Federal court information is to be made available to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System.
- Sec. 107. Clarification that submission of mental health records to the National Instant Criminal Background Check System is not prohibited by the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act.
- Sec. 108. Publication of NICS index statistics.
- Sec. 109. Effective date.

TITLE II—PROVIDING A RESPONSIBLE AND CONSISTENT BACKGROUND CHECK PROCESS

- Sec. 201. Purpose.
- Sec. 202. Firearms transfers.
- Sec. 203. Penalties.
- Sec. 204. Firearms dispositions.
- Sec. 205. Firearm dealer access to law enforcement information.
- Sec. 206. Dealer location.
- Sec. 207. Residence of United States officers.
- Sec. 208. Interstate transportation of firearms or ammunition.
- Sec. 209. Rule of construction.
- Sec. 210. Effective date.

TITLE III—NATIONAL COMMISSION ON MASS VIOLENCE

- Sec. 301. Short title.
- Sec. 302. National Commission on Mass Violence.
- See. 303. Duties of the Commission.
- Sec. 304. Powers of the Commission.

Sec. 305. Commission personnel matters. Sec. 306. Authorization of appropriations.

Sec. 307. Termination of the Commission.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.

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- 2 Congress finds the following:
- 3 (1) Congress supports, respects, and defends 4 the fundamental, individual right to keep and bear 5 arms guaranteed by the Second Amendment to the 6 Constitution of the United States.
 - (2) Congress supports and reaffirms the existing prohibition on a national firearms registry.
 - (3) Congress believes the Department of Justice should prosecute violations of background check requirements to the maximum extent of the law.
 - (4) There are deficits in the background check system in existence prior to the date of enactment of this Act and the Department of Justice should make it a top priority to work with States to swiftly input missing records, including mental health records.
 - (5) Congress and the citizens of the United States agree that in order to promote safe and responsible gun ownership, dangerous criminals and the seriously mentally ill should be prohibited from possessing firearms; therefore, it should be incumbent upon all citizens to ensure weapons are not being transferred to such people.

1 SEC. 3. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

- 2 Nothing in this Act, or any amendment made by this
- 3 Act, shall be construed to—
- 4 (1) expand in any way the enforcement author-
- 5 ity or jurisdiction of the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco,
- 6 Firearms, and Explosives; or
- 7 (2) allow the establishment, directly or indi-
- 8 rectly, of a Federal firearms registry.

9 SEC. 4. SEVERABILITY.

- 10 If any provision of this Act or an amendment made
- 11 by this Act, or the application of a provision or amend-
- 12 ment to any person or circumstance, is held to be invalid
- 13 for any reason in any court of competent jurisdiction, the
- 14 remainder of this Act and amendments made by this Act,
- 15 and the application of the provisions and amendment to
- 16 any other person or circumstance, shall not be affected.

1	TITLE I—ENSURING THAT ALL
2	INDIVIDUALS WHO SHOULD
3	BE PROHIBITED FROM BUY-
4	ING A GUN ARE LISTED IN
5	THE NATIONAL INSTANT
6	CRIMINAL BACKGROUND
7	CHECK SYSTEM
8	SEC. 101. REAUTHORIZATION OF THE NATIONAL CRIMINAL
9	HISTORY RECORDS IMPROVEMENT PRO-
0	GRAM.
11	Section 106(b) of Public Law 103–159 (18 U.S.C.
12	922 note) is amended—
13	(1) in paragraph (1), in the matter preceding
14	subparagraph (A), by striking "of this Act" and in-
15	serting "of the Public Safety and Second Amend-
16	ment Rights Protection Act of 2015"; and
17	(2) by striking paragraph (2) and inserting the
18	following:
19	"(2) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—
20	There are authorized to be appropriated for grants
21	under this subsection \$100,000,000 for each of fis-
22	cal years 2016 through 2019.".

SEC. 102. IMPROVEMENT OF METRICS AND INCENTIVES. 2 Section 102(b) of the NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended to read as follows: 5 "(b) Implementation Plan.— 6 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 1 year after 7 the date of enactment of the Public Safety and Sec-8 ond Amendment Rights Protection Act of 2015, the 9 Attorney General, in coordination with the States, 10 shall establish, for each State or Indian tribal gov-11 ernment applying for a grant under section 103, a 12 4-year implementation plan to ensure maximum co-13 ordination and automation of the reporting of 14 records or making of records available to the Na-15 tional Instant Criminal Background Check System. "(2) BENCHMARK REQUIREMENTS.—Each 4-16 17 vear plan established under paragraph (1) shall in-18 clude annual benchmarks, including both qualitative goals and quantitative measures, to enable the At-19 20 torney General to assess implementation of the 4-21 year plan. 22 "(3) Penalties for non-compliance.— 23 "(A) IN GENERAL.—During the 4-year pe-24 riod covered by a 4-year plan established under 25 paragraph (1), the Attorney General shall with-

hold-

1	"(i) 10 percent of the amount that
2	would otherwise be allocated to a State
3	under section 505 of the Omnibus Crime
4	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42
5	U.S.C. 3755) if the State does not meet
6	the benchmark established under para-
7	graph (2) for the first year in the 4-year
8	period;
9	"(ii) 11 percent of the amount that
10	would otherwise be allocated to a State
11	under section 505 of the Omnibus Crime
12	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42
13	U.S.C. 3755) if the State does not meet
14	the benchmark established under para-
15	graph (2) for the second year in the 4-year
16	period;
17	"(iii) 13 percent of the amount that
18	would otherwise be allocated to a State
19	under section 505 of the Omnibus Crime
20	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42
21	U.S.C. 3755) if the State does not meet
22	the benchmark established under para-
23	graph (2) for the third year in the 4-year
24	period; and

1	"(iv) 15 percent of the amount that
2	would otherwise be allocated to a State
3	under section 505 of the Omnibus Crime
4	Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42
5	U.S.C. 3755) if the State does not meet
6	the benchmark established under para-
7	graph (2) for the fourth year in the 4-year
8	period.
9	"(B) FAILURE TO ESTABLISH A PLAN.—A
10	State that fails to establish a plan under para-
11	graph (1) shall be treated as having not met
12	any benchmark established under paragraph
13	(2).".
14	SEC. 103. GRANTS TO STATES FOR IMPROVEMENT OF CO-
15	ORDINATION AND AUTOMATION OF NICS
16	RECORD REPORTING.
17	(a) In General.—The NICS Improvement Amend-
18	ments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended— $$
19	(1) by striking section 103 and inserting the
20	following:
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<u>~ 1</u>	"SEC. 103. GRANTS TO STATES FOR IMPROVEMENT OF CO-
22	"SEC. 103. GRANTS TO STATES FOR IMPROVEMENT OF CO- ORDINATION AND AUTOMATION OF NICS
22	ORDINATION AND AUTOMATION OF NICS

- 1 make grants to States, Indian Tribal governments, and
- 2 State court systems, in a manner consistent with the Na-
- 3 tional Criminal History Improvement Program and con-
- 4 sistent with State plans for integration, automation, and
- 5 accessibility of criminal history records, for use by the
- 6 State, or units of local government of the State, Indian
- 7 Tribal government, or State court system to improve the
- 8 automation and transmittal of mental health records and
- 9 criminal history dispositions, records relevant to deter-
- 10 mining whether a person has been convicted of a mis-
- 11 demeanor crime of domestic violence, court orders, and
- 12 mental health adjudications or commitments to Federal
- 13 and State record repositories in accordance with section
- 14 102 and the National Criminal History Improvement Pro-
- 15 gram.
- 16 "(b) USE OF GRANT AMOUNTS.—Grants awarded to
- 17 States, Indian Tribal governments, or State court systems
- 18 under this section may only be used to—
- 19 "(1) carry out, as necessary, assessments of the
- capabilities of the courts of the State or Indian Trib-
- al government for the automation and transmission
- of arrest and conviction records, court orders, and
- 23 mental health adjudications or commitments to Fed-
- eral and State record repositories;

1	"(2) implement policies, systems, and proce-
2	dures for the automation and transmission of arrest
3	and conviction records, court orders, and mental
4	health adjudications or commitments to Federal and
5	State record repositories;
6	"(3) create electronic systems that provide ac-
7	curate and up-to-date information which is directly
8	related to checks under the National Instant Crimi-
9	nal Background Check System, including court dis-
10	position and corrections records;
11	"(4) assist States or Indian Tribal governments
12	in establishing or enhancing their own capacities to
13	perform background checks using the National In-
14	stant Criminal Background Check System; and
15	"(5) develop and maintain the relief from dis-
16	abilities program in accordance with section 105.
17	"(c) Eligibility.—
18	"(1) IN GENERAL.—To be eligible for a grant
19	under this section, a State, Indian Tribal govern-
20	ment, or State court system shall certify, to the sat-
21	isfaction of the Attorney General, that the State, In-
22	dian Tribal government, or State court system—
23	"(A) is not prohibited by State law or
24	court order from submitting mental health

1	records to the National Instant Criminal Back-
2	ground Check System; and
3	"(B) subject to paragraph (2), has imple-
4	mented a relief from disabilities program in ac-
5	cordance with section 105.
6	"(2) Relief from disabilities program.—
7	For purposes of obtaining a grant under this sec-
8	tion, a State, Indian Tribal government, or State
9	court system shall not be required to meet the eligi-
10	bility requirement described in paragraph (1)(B)
11	until the date that is 2 years after the date of enact-
12	ment of the Public Safety and Second Amendment
13	Rights Protection Act of 2015.
14	"(d) FEDERAL SHARE.—
15	"(1) STUDIES, ASSESSMENTS, NON-MATERIAL
16	ACTIVITIES.—The Federal share of a study, assess-
17	ment, creation of a task force, or other non-material
18	activity, as determined by the Attorney General, car-
19	ried out with a grant under this section shall be not
20	more than 25 percent.
21	"(2) Infrastructure or system develop-
22	MENT.—The Federal share of an activity involving
23	infrastructure or system development, including
24	labor-related costs, for the purpose of improving

State or Indian Tribal government record reporting

- to the National Instant Criminal Background Check
- 2 System carried out with a grant under this section
- 3 may amount to 100 percent of the cost of the activ-
- 4 ity.
- 5 "(e) Grants to Indian Tribes.—Up to 5 percent
- 6 of the grant funding available under this section may be
- 7 reserved for Indian tribal governments for use by Indian
- 8 tribal judicial systems.
- 9 "(f) AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.—There
- 10 are authorized to be appropriated to carry out this section
- 11 \$100,000,000 for each of fiscal years 2016 through
- 12 2019.";
- 13 (2) by striking title III; and
- 14 (3) in section 401(b), by inserting after "of this
- 15 Act" the following: "and 18 months after the date
- of enactment of the Public Safety and Second
- 17 Amendment Rights Protection Act of 2015".
- 18 (b) Technical and Conforming Amendment.—
- 19 The table of sections in section 1(b) of the NICS Improve-
- 20 ment Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is
- 21 amended by striking the item relating to section 103 and
- 22 inserting the following:

"Sec. 103. Grants to States for improvement of coordination and automation of NICS record reporting.".

SEC. 104. RELIEF FROM DISABILITIES PROGRAM.

- 2 Section 105 of the NICS Improvement Amendments
- 3 Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C. 922 note) is amended by adding
- 4 at the end the following:
- 5 "(c) Penalties for Non-Compliance.—
- 6 "(1) 10 PERCENT REDUCTION.—During the 1-7 year period beginning 2 years after the date of en-8 actment of the Public Safety and Second Amend-9 ment Rights Protection Act of 2015, the Attorney 10 General shall withhold 10 percent of the amount 11 that would otherwise be allocated to a State under 12 section 505 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3755) if the State 13 14 has not implemented a relief from disabilities pro-

gram in accordance with this section.

- "(2) 11 PERCENT REDUCTION.—During the 1-year period after the expiration of the period described in paragraph (1), the Attorney General shall withhold 11 percent of the amount that would otherwise be allocated to a State under section 505 of the Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3755) if the State has not implemented a relief from disabilities program in accordance with this section.
- 25 "(3) 13 PERCENT REDUCTION.—During the 1-26 year period after the expiration of the period de-

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- scribed in paragraph (2), the Attorney General shall
- withhold 13 percent of the amount that would other-
- 3 wise be allocated to a State under section 505 of the
- 4 Omnibus Crime Control and Safe Streets Act of
- 5 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3755) if the State has not imple-
- 6 mented a relief from disabilities program in accord-
- 7 ance with this section.
- 8 "(4) 15 PERCENT REDUCTION.—After the expi-
- 9 ration of the 1-year period described in paragraph
- 10 (3), the Attorney General shall withhold 15 percent
- of the amount that would otherwise be allocated to
- a State under section 505 of the Omnibus Crime
- 13 Control and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C.
- 14 3755) if the State has not implemented a relief from
- disabilities program in accordance with this section.
- 16 "(5) REALLOCATION.—Amounts not allocated
- under section 505 of the Omnibus Crime Control
- 18 and Safe Streets Act of 1968 (42 U.S.C. 3755) to
- a State for failure to implement a relief from disabil-
- 20 ities program shall be reallocated to States that are
- in compliance.".
- 22 SEC. 105. ADDITIONAL PROTECTIONS FOR VETERANS.
- 23 (a) In General.—Chapter 55 of title 38, United
- 24 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 25 lowing new section:

1	"§ 5511. Conditions for treatment of certain persons
2	as adjudicated mentally incompetent for
3	certain purposes
4	"(a) In General.—In any case arising out of the
5	administration by the Secretary of laws and benefits under
6	this title, a person who is determined by the Secretary to
7	be mentally incompetent shall not be considered adju-
8	dicated pursuant to subsection $(d)(4)$ or $(g)(4)$ of section
9	922 of title 18 until—
10	"(1) in the case in which the person does not
l 1	request a review as described in subsection (c)(1),
12	the end of the 30-day period beginning on the date
13	on which the person receives notice submitted under
14	subsection (b); or
15	"(2) in the case in which the person requests a
16	review as described in paragraph (1) of subsection
17	(c), upon an assessment by the board designated or
18	established under paragraph (2) of such subsection
19	or court of competent jurisdiction that a person can-
20	not safely use, earry, possess, or store a firearm due
21	to mental incompetency.
22	"(b) Notice.—Notice submitted under this sub-
23	section to a person described in subsection (a) is notice
24	submitted by the Secretary that notifies the person of the
25	following:
26	"(1) The determination made by the Secretary.

- 1 "(2) A description of the implications of being
- 2 considered adjudicated as a mental defective under
- 3 subsection (d)(4) or (g)(4) of section 922 of title 18.
- 4 "(3) The person's right to request a review
- 5 under subsection (c)(1).
- 6 "(c) Administrative Review.—(1) Not later than
- 7 30 days after the date on which a person described in sub-
- 8 section (a) receives notice submitted under subsection (b),
- 9 such person may request a review by the board designed
- 10 or established under paragraph (2) or a court of com-
- 11 petent jurisdiction to assess whether a person cannot safe-
- 12 ly use, carry, possess, or store a firearm due to mental
- 13 incompetency. In such assessment, the board may consider
- 14 the person's honorable discharge or decoration.
- 15 "(2) Not later than 180 days after the date of enact-
- 16 ment of the Public Safety and Second Amendment Rights
- 17 Protection Act of 2015, the Secretary shall designate or
- 18 establish a board that shall, upon request of a person
- 19 under paragraph (1), assess whether a person cannot safe-
- 20 ly use, carry, possess, or store a firearm due to mental
- 21 incompetency.
- 22 "(d) Judicial Review.—Not later than 30 days
- 23 after the date of an assessment of a person under sub-
- 24 section (c) by the board designated or established under
- 25 paragraph (2) of such subsection, such person may file

- 1 a petition for judicial review of such assessment with a
- 2 Federal court of competent jurisdiction.
- 3 "(e) Protecting Rights of Veterans With Ex-
- 4 ISTING RECORDS.—Not later than 90 days after the date
- 5 of enactment of the Public Safety and Second Amendment
- 6 Rights Protection Act of 2015, the Secretary shall provide
- 7 written notice of the opportunity for administrative review
- 8 and appeal under subsection (e) to all persons who, on
- 9 the date of enactment of the Public Safety and Second
- 10 Amendment Rights Protection Act of 2015, are considered
- 11 adjudicated pursuant to subsection (d)(4) or (g)(4) of sec-
- 12 tion 922 of title 18 as a result of having been found by
- 13 the Department of Veterans Affairs to be mentally incom-
- 14 petent.
- 15 "(f) Future Determinations.—
- 16 "(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 180 days
- after the enactment of the Public Safety and Second
- Amendment Rights Protection Act of 2015, the Sec-
- 19 retary shall review the policies and procedures by
- which individuals are determined to be mentally in-
- competent, and shall revise such policies and proce-
- dures as necessary to ensure that any individual who
- is competent to manage his own financial affairs, in-
- cluding his receipt of Federal benefits, but who vol-
- 25 untarily turns over the management thereof to a fi-

- duciary is not considered adjudicated pursuant to
- 2 subsection (d)(4) or (g)(4) of section 922 of title 18.
- 3 "(2) Report.—Not later than 30 days after
- 4 the Secretary has made the review and changes re-
- 5 quired under paragraph (1), the Secretary shall sub-
- 6 mit to Congress a report detailing the results of the
- 7 review and any resulting policy and procedural
- 8 changes.".
- 9 (b) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
- 10 at the beginning of chapter 55 of such title is amended
- 11 by adding at the end the following new item:
 - "5511. Conditions for treatment of certain persons as adjudicated mentally incompetent for certain purposes.".
- 12 (c) Applicability.—Section 5511 of title 38, United
- 13 States Code (as added by this section), shall apply only
- 14 with respect to persons who are determined by the Sec-
- 15 retary of Veterans Affairs, on or after the date of the en-
- 16 actment of this Act, to be mentally incompetent, except
- 17 that those persons who are provided notice pursuant to
- 18 section 5511(e) of such title shall be entitled to use the
- 19 administrative review under section 5511(e) of such title
- 20 and, as necessary, the subsequent judicial review under
- 21 section 5511(d) of such title.

1	SEC. 106. CLARIFICATION THAT FEDERAL COURT INFOR-
2	MATION IS TO BE MADE AVAILABLE TO THE
3	NATIONAL INSTANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND
4	CHECK SYSTEM.
5	Section 103(e)(1) of Public Law 103–159 (18 U.S.C.
6	922 note) is amended by adding at the end the following:
7	(F) APPLICATION TO FEDERAL
8	COURTS.—In this subsection—
9	"(i) the terms 'department or agency
10	of the United States' and 'Federal depart-
11	ment or agency include a Federal court;
12	$\mathbf{and}_{\mathbf{a},\mathbf{b}}$
13	"(ii) for purposes of any request, sub-
14	mission, or notification, the Director of the
15	Administrative Office of the United States
16	Courts shall perform the functions of the
17	head of the department or agency.".
18	SEC. 107. CLARIFICATION THAT SUBMISSION OF MENTAL
19	HEALTH RECORDS TO THE NATIONAL IN-
20	STANT CRIMINAL BACKGROUND CHECK SYS-
21	TEM IS NOT PROHIBITED BY THE HEALTH IN-
22	SURANCE PORTABILITY AND ACCOUNT-
23	ABILITY ACT. (Age 100 to 100 t
24	Information collected under section 102(c)(3) of the
25	NICS Improvement Amendments Act of 2007 (18 U.S.C.
26	922 note) to assist the Attorney General in enforcing sec-

- 1 tion 922(g)(4) of title 18, United States Code, shall not
- 2 be subject to the regulations promulgated under section
- 3 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Account-
- 4 ability Act of 1996 (42 U.S.C. 1320d-2 note).
- 5 SEC. 108. PUBLICATION OF NICS INDEX STATISTICS.
- 6 Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment
- 7 of this Act, and biannually thereafter, the Attorney Gen-
- 8 eral shall make the National Instant Criminal Background
- 9 Check System index statistics available on a publically ac-
- 10 cessible Internet website.
- 11 SEC. 109. EFFECTIVE DATE.
- The amendments made by this title shall take effect
- 13 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act.
- 14 TITLE II—PROVIDING A RESPON-
- 15 SIBLE AND CONSISTENT
- 16 BACKGROUND CHECK PROC-
- 17 **ESS**
- 18 SEC. 201, PURPOSE.
- The purpose of this title is to enhance the current
- 20 background check process in the United States to ensure
- 21 criminals and the mentally ill are not able to purchase fire-
- 22 arms.
- 23 SEC. 202. FIREARMS TRANSFERS.
- 24 (a) In General.—Section 922 of title 18, United
- 25 States Code, is amended—

1	(1) by repealing subsection (s);
2	(2) by redesignating subsection (t) as sub-
3	section (s);
4	(3) in subsection (s), as redesignated—
5	(A) in paragraph (1)(B)—
6	(i) in clause (i), by striking "or";
7	(ii) in clause (ii), by striking "and" at
8	the end; and
9	(iii) by adding at the end the fol-
10	lowing:
11	"(iii) in the case of an instant background
12	check conducted at a gun show or event during the
13	4-year period beginning on the effective date under
14	section 210(a) of the Public Safety and Second
15	Amendment Rights Protection Act of 2015, 48
16	hours have elapsed since the licensee contacted the
17	system, and the system has not notified the licensee
18	that the receipt of a firearm by such other person
19	would violate subsection (g) or (n) of this section; or
20	"(iv) in the case of an instant background
21	check conducted at a gun show or event after the 4-
22	year period described in clause (iii), 24 hours have
23	elapsed since the licensee contacted the system, and
24	the system has not notified the licensee that the re-

1	ceipt of a firearm by such other person would violate
2	subsection (g) or (n) of this section; and";
3	(B) in paragraph (3)(C)(ii), by striking
4	"(as defined in subsection (s)(8))"; and
5	(C) by adding at the end the following:
6	"(7) In this subsection—
7	"(A) the term 'chief law enforcement offi-
8	cer' means the chief of police, the sheriff, or an
9	equivalent officer or the designee of any such
10	individual; and
11	"(B) the term 'gun show or event' has the
12	meaning given the term in subsection $(t)(7)$.
13	"(8) The Federal Bureau of Investigation shall
14	not charge a user fee for a background check con-
15	ducted pursuant to this subsection.
16	"(9) Notwithstanding any other provision of
17	this chapter, upon receiving a request for an instant
18	background check that originates from a gun show
19	or event, the system shall complete the instant back-
20	ground check before completing any pending instant
21	background check that did not originate from a gun
22	show or event."; and
23	(4) by inserting after subsection (s), as redesig-
24	nated, the following:

1	"(t)(1) Beginning on the date that is 180 days after
2	the date of enactment of this subsection and except as pro-
3	vided in paragraph (2), it shall be unlawful for any person
4	other than a licensed dealer, licensed manufacturer, or li-
5	censed importer to complete the transfer of a firearm to
6	any other person who is not licensed under this chapter,
7	if such transfer occurs—
8	"(A) at a gun show or event, on the curtilage
9	thereof; or
10	"(B) pursuant to an advertisement, posting,
11	display or other listing on the Internet or in a publi-
12	cation by the transferor of his intent to transfer, or
13	the transferee of his intent to acquire, the firearm.
14	"(2) Paragraph (1) shall not apply if—
15	"(A) the transfer is made after a licensed im-
16	porter, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer has
17	first taken possession of the firearm for the purpose
18	of complying with subsection (s), and upon taking
19	possession of the firearm, the licensee complies with
20	all requirements of this chapter as if the licensee
21	were transferring the firearm from the licensee's
22	business inventory to the unlicensed transferee, ex-
23	cept that when processing a transfer under this
24	chapter the licensee may accept in lieu of conducting

a background check a valid permit issued within the

1 previous 5 years by a State, or a political subdivision 2 of a State, that allows the transferee to possess, ac-3 quire, or carry a firearm, if the law of the State, or 4 political subdivision of a State, that issued the per-5 mit requires that such permit is issued only after an 6 authorized government official has verified that the information available to such official does not indi-7 8 cate that possession of a firearm by the unlicensed 9 transferee would be in violation of Federal, State, or 10 local law; "(B) the transfer is made between an unli-11 12 censed transferor and an unlicensed transferee resid-13 ing in the same State, which takes place in such State, if— 14 "(i) the Attorney General certifies that 15 16 State in which the transfer takes place has in 17 effect requirements under law that are generally 18 equivalent to the requirements of this section; 19 and 20 "(ii) the transfer was conducted in compli-

- "(ii) the transfer was conducted in compliance with the laws of the State;
- "(C) the transfer is made between spouses, between parents or spouses of parents and their children or spouses of their children, between siblings or spouses of siblings, or between grandparents or

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- 1 spouses of grandparents and their grandchildren or 2 spouses of their grandchildren, or between aunts or 3 uncles or their spouses and their nieces or nephews 4 or their spouses, or between first cousins, if the 5 transferor does not know or have reasonable cause 6 to believe that the transferee is prohibited from re-7 ceiving or possessing a firearm under Federal, State, 8 or local law; or 9 "(D) the Attorney General has approved the 10 transfer under section 5812 of the Internal Revenue 11 Code of 1986. 12 "(3) A licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed dealer who processes a transfer of a firearm au-14 thorized under paragraph (2)(A) shall not be subject to a license revocation or license denial based solely upon a 16 violation of those paragraphs, or a violation of the rules or regulations promulgated under this paragraph, unless the licensed importer, licensed manufacturer, or licensed 19 dealer— "(A) knows or has reasonable cause to believe 20 21 that the information provided for purposes of identi-22 fying the transferor, transferee, or the firearm is 23 false;
- 24 "(B) knows or has reasonable cause to believe

- 1 receiving, or possessing a firearm by Federal or
- 2 State law, or published ordinance; or
- 3 "(C) knowingly violates any other provision of
- 4 this chapter, or the rules or regulations promulgated
- 5 thereunder.
- 6 "(4)(A) Notwithstanding any other provision of this
- 7 chapter, except for section 923(m), the Attorney General
- 8 may implement this subsection with regulations.
- 9 "(B) Regulations promulgated under this paragraph
- 10 may not include any provision requiring licensees to facili-
- 11 tate transfers in accordance with paragraph (2)(A).
- 12 "(C) Regulations promulgated under this paragraph
- 13 may not include any provision requiring persons not li-
- 14 censed under this chapter to keep records of background
- 15 checks or firearms transfers.
- 16 "(D) Regulations promulgated under this paragraph
- 17 may not include any provision placing a cap on the fee
- 18 licensees may charge to facilitate transfers in accordance
- 19 with paragraph (2)(A).
- 20 "(5)(A) A person other than a licensed importer, li-
- 21 censed manufacturer, or licensed dealer, who makes a
- 22 transfer of a firearm in accordance with this section, or
- 23 who is the organizer of a gun show or event at which such
- 24 transfer occurs, shall be immune from a qualified civil li-

- 1 ability action relating to the transfer of the firearm as if
- 2 the person were a seller of a qualified product.
- 3 "(B) A provider of an interactive computer service
- 4 shall be immune from a qualified civil liability action relat-
- 5 ing to the transfer of a firearm as if the provider of an
- 6 interactive computer service were a seller of a qualified
- 7 product.
- 8 "(C) In this paragraph—
- 9 "(i) the term 'interactive computer service' shall
- have the meaning given the term in section 230(f)
- of the Communications Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C.
- 12 230(f); and
- 13 "(ii) the terms 'qualified civil liability action',
- 14 'qualified product', and 'seller' shall have the mean-
- ings given the terms in section 4 of the Protection
- of Lawful Commerce in Arms Act (15 U.S.C. 7903).
- 17 "(D) Nothing in this paragraph shall be construed
- 18 to affect the immunity of a provider of an interactive com-
- 19 puter service under section 230 of the Communications
- 20 Act of 1934 (47 U.S.C. 230).
- 21 "(6) In any civil liability action in any State or Fed-
- 22 eral court arising from the criminal or unlawful use of a
- 23 firearm following a transfer of such firearm for which no
- 24 background check was required under this section, this
- 25 section shall not be construed—

1	"(A) as creating a cause of action for any civil
2	liability; or
3	"(B) as establishing any standard of care.
4	"(7) For purposes of this subsection, the term 'gun
5	show or event'—
6	"(A) means any event at which 75 or more fire-
7	arms are offered or exhibited for sale, exchange, or
8	transfer, if 1 or more of the firearms has been
9	shipped or transported in, or otherwise affects, inter-
10	state or foreign commerce; and
11	"(B) does not include an offer or exhibit of fire-
12	arms for sale, exchange, or transfer by an individual
13	from the personal collection of that individual, at the
14	private residence of that individual, if the individual
15	is not required to be licensed under section 923.".
16	(b) Prohibiting the Seizure of Records or
17	DOCUMENTS.—Section 923(g)(1)(D) of such title is
18	amended by striking "The inspection and examination au-
19	thorized by this paragraph shall not be construed as au-
20	thorizing the Attorney General to seize any records or
21	other documents other than those records or documents
22	constituting material evidence of a violation of law." and
23	inserting "The Attorney General shall be prohibited from
24	seizing any records or other documents in the course of
25	an inspection or examination authorized by this paragraph

1	other than those records or documents constituting mate-
2	rial evidence of a violation of law.".
3	(c) Prohibition of National Gun Registry.—
4	Section 923 of such title is amended by adding at the end
5	the following:
6	"(m) The Attorney General may not consolidate or
7	centralize the records of the—
8	"(1) acquisition or disposition of firearms, or
9	any portion thereof, maintained by—
10	"(A) a person with a valid, current license
11	under this chapter; or
12	"(B) an unlicensed transferor under sec-
13	tion 922(t); or
14	"(2) possession or ownership of a firearm,
15	maintained by any medical or health insurance enti-
16	ty.".
17	(d) Technical and Conforming Amendments.—
18	(1) Section 922.—Section 922(y)(2) of title
19	18, United States Code, is amended, in the matter
20	preceding subparagraph (A), by striking ",
21	(g)(5)(B), and $(s)(3)(B)(v)(II)$ " and inserting "and
22	(g)(5)(B)".
23	(2) Consolidated and further continuing
24	APPROPRIATIONS ACT, 2012.—Section 511 of title V
25	of division B of the Consolidated and Further Con-

- tinuing Appropriations Act, 2012 (18 U.S.C. 922
- 2 note) is amended by striking "subsection 922(t)"
- a each place it appears and inserting "subsection (s)
- 4 or (t) of section 922".
- 5 SEC. 203. PENALTIES.
- 6 Section 924 of title 18, United States Code, is
- 7 amended—
- 8 (1) in subsection (a), by adding at the end the
- 9 following:
- 10 "(8) Whoever makes or attempts to make a transfer
- 11 of a firearm in violation of section 922(t) to a person not
- 12 licensed under this chapter who is prohibited from receiv-
- 13 ing a firearm under subsection (g) or (n) of section 922
- 14 or State law, to a law enforcement officer, or to a person
- 15 acting at the direction of, or with the approval of, a law
- 16 enforcement officer authorized to investigate or prosecute
- 17 violations of section 922(t), shall be fined under this title,
- 18 imprisoned not more than 5 years, or both."; and
- 19 (2) by adding at the end the following:
- 20 "(q) Improper Use of Storage of Records.—
- 21 Any person who knowingly violates section 923(m) shall
- 22 be fined under this title, imprisoned not more than 15
- 23 years, or both.".

1	SEC. 204. FIREARMS DISPOSITIONS.
2	Section 922(b)(3) of title 18, United States Code, is
3	amended
4	(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A),
5	by striking "located" and inserting "located or tem-
6	porarily located"; and
7	(2) in subparagraph (A)—
8	(A) by striking "rifle or shotgun" and in-
9	serting "firearm";
10	(B) by striking "located" and inserting
11	"located or temporarily located"; and
12	(C) by striking "both such States" and in-
13	serting "the State in which the transfer is con-
14	ducted and the State of residence of the trans-
15	feree".
16	SEC. 205. FIREARM DEALER ACCESS TO LAW ENFORCE-
17	MENT INFORMATION.
18	Section 103(b) of Public Law 103–159 (18 U.S.C.
19	922 note) is amended—
20	(1) by striking "Not later than" and inserting
21	the following:
22	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than"; and
23	(2) by adding at the end the following:
24	"(2) Voluntary background checks.—Not
25	later than 90 days after the date of enactment of
26	the Public Safety and Second Amendment Rights

1	Protection Act of 2015, the Attorney General shall
2	promulgate regulations allowing licensees to use the
3	National Instant Criminal Background Check Sys-
4	tem established under this section for purposes of
5	conducting voluntary preemployment background
6	checks on prospective employees.".
7	SEC. 206. DEALER LOCATION.
8	Section 923 of title 18, United States Code, is
9	amended—
0	(1) in subsection (j)—
11	(A) in the first sentence, by striking ", and
12	such location is in the State which is specified
13	on the license"; and
4	(B) in the last sentence—
15	(i) by inserting "transfer," after
16	"sell,"; and
17	(ii) by striking "Act," and all that fol-
18	lows and inserting "Act."; and
19	(2) by adding after subsection (m), as added by
20	section 202(c), the following:
21	"(n) Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to
22	prohibit the sale, transfer, delivery, or other disposition
23	of a firearm or ammunition not otherwise prohibited under
24	this chapter—

1	"(1) by a person licensed under this chapter to
2	another person so licensed, at any location in any
3	State; or
4	"(2) by a licensed importer, licensed manufac-
5	turer, or licensed dealer to a person not licensed
6	under this chapter, at a temporary location de-
7	scribed in subsection (j) in any State.".
8	SEC. 207. RESIDENCE OF UNITED STATES OFFICERS.
9	Section 921 of title 18, United States Code, is
10	amended by striking subsection (b) and inserting the fol-
11	lowing:
12	"(b) For purposes of this chapter:
13	"(1) A member of the Armed Forces on active
14	duty, or a spouse of such a member, is a resident
15	of—
16	"(A) the State in which the member or
17	spouse maintains legal residence;
18	"(B) the State in which the permanent
19	duty station of the member is located; and
20	(C) the State in which the member main-
21	tains a place of abode from which the member
22	commutes each day to the permanent duty sta-
23	tion of the member.
24	"(2) An officer or employee of the United
25	States (other than a member of the Armed Forces)

1	who is stationed outside the United States for a pe-
2	riod of more than 1 year, and a spouse of such an
3	officer or employee, is a resident of the State in
4	which the person maintains legal residence.".
5	SEC. 208. INTERSTATE TRANSPORTATION OF FIREARMS OR
6	AMMUNITION.
7	(a) In General.—Section 926A of title 18, United
8	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
9	"§ 926A. Interstate transportation of firearms or am-
10	munition
11	"(a) DEFINITION.—In this section, the term 'trans-
12	port'—
13	"(1) includes staying in temporary lodging over-
14	night, stopping for food, fuel, vehicle maintenance,
15	an emergency, medical treatment, and any other ac-
16	tivity incidental to the transport; and
17	"(2) does not include transportation—
18	"(A) with the intent to commit a crime
19	punishable by imprisonment for a term exceed-
20	ing 1 year that involves a firearm; or
21	"(B) with knowledge, or reasonable cause
21 22	"(B) with knowledge, or reasonable cause to believe, that a crime described in subpara-

1	"(b) AUTHORIZATION.—Notwithstanding any provi-
2	sion of any law (including a rule or regulation) of a State
3	or any political subdivision thereof, a person who is not
4	prohibited by this chapter from possessing, transporting,
5	shipping, or receiving a firearm or ammunition shall be
6	entitled to—
7	"(1) transport a firearm for any lawful purpose
8	from any place where the person may lawfully pos-
9	sess, carry, or transport the firearm to any other
10	such place if, during the transportation—
11	"(A) the firearm is unloaded; and
12	"(B)(i) if the transportation is by motor
13	vehicle—
14	"(I) the firearm is not directly acces-
15	sible from the passenger compartment of
16	the motor vehicle; or
17	"(II) if the motor vehicle is without a
18	compartment separate from the passenger
19	compartment, the firearm is—
20	"(aa) in a locked container other
21	than the glove compartment or con-
22	sole; or
23	"(bb) secured by a secure gun
24	storage or safety device; or

1	"(ii) if the transportation is by other
2	means, the firearm is in a locked container or
3	secured by a secure gun storage or safety de-
4	vice; and
5	"(2) transport ammunition for any lawful pur-
6	pose from any place where the person may lawfully
7	possess, carry, or transport the ammunition, to any
8	other such place if, during the transportation—
9	"(A) the ammunition is not loaded into a
10	firearm; and
1	"(B)(i) if the transportation is by motor
12	vehicle
13	"(I) the ammunition is not directly
14	accessible from the passenger compartment
15	of the motor vehicle; or
16	"(II) if the motor vehicle is without a
17	compartment separate from the passenger
8	compartment, the ammunition is in a
9	locked container other than the glove com-
20	partment or console; or
21	"(ii) if the transportation is by other
22	means, the ammunition is in a locked container.
23	"(e) Limitation on Arrest Authority.—A person
24	who is transporting a firearm or ammunition may not
25	be—

1	"(1) arrested for violation of any law or any
2	rule or regulation of a State, or any political subdivi-
3	sion thereof, relating to the possession, transpor-
4	tation, or carrying of firearms or ammunition, unless
5	there is probable cause that the transportation is not
6	in accordance with subsection (b); or

- "(2) detained for violation of any law or any rule or regulation of a State, or any political subdivision thereof, relating to the possession, transportation, or carrying of firearms or ammunition, unless there is reasonable suspicion that the transportation is not in accordance with subsection (b).".
- 13 (b) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMENDMENT.—
 14 The table of sections for chapter 44 of such title is amend15 ed by striking the item relating to section 926A and in16 serting the following:

"926A. Interstate transportation of firearms or ammunition.".

17 SEC. 209. RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.

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Nothing in this title, or an amendment made by this 19 title, shall be construed—

> (1) to extend background check requirements to transfers other than those made at gun shows or on the curtilage thereof, or pursuant to an advertisement, posting, display, or other listing on the Internet or in a publication by the transferor of the intent of the transferor to transfer, or the transferee

- of the intent of the transferee to acquire, the fire-
- 2 arm; or
- 3 (2) to extend background check requirements to
- 4 temporary transfers for purposes including lawful
- 5 hunting or sporting or to temporary possession of a
- 6 firearm for purposes of examination or evaluation by
- 7 a prospective transferee.

8 SEC. 210. EFFECTIVE DATE.

- 9 (a) In General.—Except as provided in subsection
- 10 (b), this title and the amendments made by this title shall
- 11 take effect 180 days after the date of enactment of this
- 12 Act.
- 13 (b) FIREARM DEALER ACCESS TO LAW ENFORCE-
- 14 MENT INFORMATION.—Section 205 and the amendments
- 15 made by section 205 shall take effect on the date of enact-
- 16 ment of this Act.

17 TITLE III—NATIONAL COMMIS-

18 SION ON MASS VIOLENCE

- 19 SEC. 301. SHORT TITLE.
- This title may be cited as the "National Commission
- 21 on Mass Violence Act of 2015".
- 22 SEC. 302. NATIONAL COMMISSION ON MASS VIOLENCE.
- 23 (a) Establishment of Commission.—There is es-
- 24 tablished a commission to be known as the National Com-
- 25 mission on Mass Violence (in this title referred to as the

1	"Commission") to study the availability and nature of fire-
2	arms, including the means of acquiring firearms, issues
3	relating to mental health, and all positive and negative im-
4	pacts of the availability and nature of firearms on inci-
5	dents of mass violence or in preventing mass violence.
6	(b) Membership.—
7	(1) APPOINTMENTS.—The Commission shall be
8	composed of 12 members, of whom—
9	(A) 6 members of the Commission shall be
10	appointed by the Majority Leader of the Sen-
11	ate, in consultation with the Minority Leader of
12	the Senate, 1 of whom shall serve as Chairman
13	of the Commission; and
14	(B) 6 members of the Commission shall be
15	appointed by the Speaker of the House of Rep-
16	resentatives, in consultation with the Minority
17	Leader of the House of Representatives, 1 of
18	whom shall serve as Vice Chairman of the Com-
19	mission.
20	(2) Persons eligible.—
21	(A) In General.—The members ap-
22	pointed to the Commission shall include—
23	(i) well-known and respected individ-
24	uals among their peers in their respective
25	fields of expertise; and

1	(ii) not less than 1 non-elected indi-
2	vidual from each of the following cat-
3	egories, who has expertise in the category,
4	by both experience and training:
5	(I) Firearms.
6	(II) Mental health.
7	(III) School safety.
8	(IV) Mass media.
9	(B) Experts.—In identifying the individ-
10	uals to serve on the Commission, the appointing
11	authorities shall take special care to identify ex-
12	perts in the fields described in section
13	303(a)(2).
14	(C) Party affiliation.—Not more than
15	6 members of the Commission shall be from the
16	same political party.
17	(3) Completion of appointments; vacan-
18	CIES.—Not later than 30 days after the date of en-
19	actment of this Act, the appointing authorities under
20	paragraph (1) shall each make their respective ap-
21	pointments. Any vacancy that occurs during the life
22	of the Commission shall not affect the powers of the
23	Commission, and shall be filled in the same manner
24	as the original appointment not later than 30 days
25	after the vacancy occurs.

1	(4) Operation of the commission.—
2	(A) MEETINGS.—
3	(i) IN GENERAL.—The Commission
4	shall meet at the call of the Chairman.
5	(ii) Initial meeting.—The initial
6	meeting of the Commission shall be con-
7	ducted not later than 30 days after the
8	alater of—
9	(I) the date of the appointment
10	of the last member of the Commis-
11	sion; or
12	the date on which appro-
13	priated funds are available for the
14	Commission.
15	(B) QUORUM; VACANCIES; VOTING;
16	RULES.—A majority of the members of the
17	Commission shall constitute a quorum to con-
18	duct business, but the Commission may estab-
19	lish a lesser quorum for conducting hearings
20	scheduled by the Commission. Each member of
21	the Commission shall have 1 vote, and the vote
22	of each member shall be accorded the same
23	weight. The Commission may establish by ma-
24	jority vote any other rules for the conduct of
25	the Commission's business, if such rules are not

1	inconsistent with this title or other applicable
2	law.
3	SEC. 303. DUTIES OF THE COMMISSION.
4	(a) Study.—
5	(1) IN GENERAL.—It shall be the duty of the
6	Commission to conduct a comprehensive factual
7	study of incidents of mass violence, including inci-
8	dents of mass violence not involving firearms, in the
9	context of the many acts of senseless mass violence
10	that occur in the United States each year, in order
11	to determine the root causes of such mass violence.
12	(2) Matters to be studied.—In determining
13	the root causes of these recurring and tragic acts of
14	mass violence, the Commission shall study any mat-
15	ter that the Commission determines relevant to
16	meeting the requirements of paragraph (1), includ-
17	ing at a minimum—
18	(A) the role of schools, including the level
19	of involvement and awareness of teachers and
20	school administrators in the lives of their stu-
21	dents and the availability of mental health and
22	other resources and strategies to help detect
23	and counter tendencies of students towards

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mass violence;

1	(B) the effectiveness of and resources
2	available for school security strategies to pre-
3	vent incidents of mass violence;
4	(C) the role of families and the availability
5	of mental health and other resources and strat-
6	egies to help families detect and counter ten-
7	dencies toward mass violence;
8	(D) the effectiveness and use of, and re-
9	sources available to, the mental health system
10	in understanding, detecting, and countering
11	tendencies toward mass violence, as well as the
12	effects of treatments and therapies;
13	(E) whether medical doctors and other
14	mental health professionals have the ability,
15	without negative legal or professional con-
16	sequences, to notify law enforcement officials
17	when a patient is a danger to himself or others;
18	(F) the nature and impact of the alien-
19	ation of the perpetrators of such incidents of
20	mass violence from their schools, families, peer
21	groups, and places of work;
22	(G) the role that domestic violence plays in
23	causing incidents of mass violence;

1	(H) the effect of depictions of mass vio-
2	lence in the media, and any impact of such de-
3	pictions on incidents of mass violence;
4	(I) the availability and nature of firearms,
5	including the means of acquiring such firearms,
6	and all positive and negative impacts of such
7	availability and nature on incidents of mass vio-
8	lence or in preventing mass violence;
9	(J) the role of current prosecution rates in
10	contributing to the availability of weapons that
11	are used in mass violence;
12	(K) the availability of information regard-
13	ing the construction of weapons, including ex-
14	plosive devices, and any impact of such infor-
15	mation on such incidents of mass violence;
16	(L) the views of law enforcement officials,
17	religious leaders, mental health experts, and
18	other relevant officials on the root causes and
19	prevention of mass violence;
20	(M) incidents in which firearms were used
21	to stop mass violence; and
22	(N) any other area that the Commission
23	determines contributes to the causes of mass vi-
24	olence.

1 (3) Testimony of victims and survivors.— 2 In determining the root causes of these recurring 3 and tragic incidents of mass violence, the Commis-4 sion shall, in accordance with section 304(a), take 5 the testimony of victims and survivors to learn and 6 memorialize their views and experiences regarding 7 such incidents of mass violence. 8 (b) RECOMMENDATIONS.—Based on the findings of the study required under subsection (a), the Commission shall make recommendations to the President and Congress to address the causes of these recurring and tragic incidents of mass violence and to reduce such incidents 13 of mass violence. 14 (c) Reports.— 15 (1) Interim report.—Not later than 3 16 months after the date on which the Commission first 17 meets, the Commission shall submit to the President 18 and Congress an interim report describing any ini-19 tial recommendations of the Commission. 20 (2) FINAL REPORT.—Not later than 6 months 21 after the date on which the Commission first meets, 22 the Commission shall submit to the President and

Congress a comprehensive report of the findings and

conclusions of the Commission, together with the

recommendations of the Commission.

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1	(3) SUMMARIES.—The report under paragraph
2	(2) shall include a summary of—
3	(A) the reports submitted to the Commis-
4	sion by any entity under contract for research
5	under section 304(e); and
6	(B) any other material relied on by the
7	Commission in the preparation of the report.
8	SEC. 304. POWERS OF THE COMMISSION.
9	(a) Hearings.—
10	(1) In general.—The Commission may hold
[1	such hearings, sit and act at such times and places,
12	administer such oaths, take such testimony, and re-
13	ceive such evidence as the Commission considers ad-
14	visable to carry out its duties under section 303.
15	(2) Witness expenses.—Witnesses requested
16	to appear before the Commission shall be paid the
17	same fees as are paid to witnesses under section
18	1821 of title 28, United States Code.
19	(b) Information From Federal Agencies.—The
20	Commission may secure directly from any Federal agency
21	such information as the Commission considers necessary
22	to carry out its duties under section 143. Upon the request
23	of the Commission, the head of such agency may furnish
24	such information to the Commission.
25	(c) Information To Be Kept Confidential.—

1	(1) IN GENERAL.—The Commission shall be
2	considered an agency of the Federal Government for
3	purposes of section 1905 of title 18, United States
4	Code, and any individual employed by any individual
5	or entity under contract with the Commission under
6	subsection (d) of this section shall be considered an
7	employee of the Commission for the purposes of sec-
8	tion 1905 of title 18, United States Code.
9	(2) DISCLOSURE.—Information obtained by the
10	Commission or the Attorney General under this title
11	and shared with the Commission, other than infor-
12	mation available to the public, shall not be disclosed
13	to any person in any manner, except—
14	(A) to Commission employees or employees
15	of any individual or entity under contract to the
16	Commission under subsection (d) for the pur-
17	pose of receiving, reviewing, or processing such
18	information;
19	(B) upon court order; or
20	(C) when publicly released by the Commis-
21	sion in an aggregate or summary form that
22	does not directly or indirectly disclose—
23	(i) the identity of any person or busi-
24	ness entity; or

1	(ii) any information which could not
2	be released under section 1905 of title 18,
3	United States Code.
4	(d) Contracting for Research.—The Commis-
5	sion may enter into contracts with any entity for research
6	necessary to carry out the duties of the Commission under
7	section 303.
8	SEC. 305. COMMISSION PERSONNEL MATTERS.
9	(a) Compensation of Members.—Each member of
10	the Commission who is not an officer or employee of the
11	Federal Government shall be compensated at a rate equal
12	to the daily equivalent of the annual rate of basic pay pre-
13	scribed for level IV of the Executive Schedule under sec-
14	tion 5315 of title 5, United States Code, for each day (in-
15	cluding travel time) during which such member is engaged
16	in the performance of the duties of the Commission. All
17	members of the Commission who are officers or employees
18	of the United States shall serve without compensation in
19	addition to that received for their services as officers or
20	employees of the United States.
21	(b) TRAVEL EXPENSES.—The members of the Com-
22	mission shall be allowed travel expenses, including per
2 3	diem in lieu of subsistence, at rates authorized for employ-
24	ees of agencies under subchapter I of chapter 57 of title
25	5 United States Code while away from their homes or

- 1 regular places of business in the performance of service
- 2 for the Commission.
- 3 (c) Staff.—

- (1) IN GENERAL.—The Chairman of the Com-mission may, without regard to the civil service laws and regulations, appoint and terminate an executive director and such other additional employees as may be necessary to enable the Commission to perform its duties. The employment and termination of an executive director shall be subject to confirmation by a majority of the members of the Commission.
 - shall be compensated at a rate not to exceed the rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of title 5, United States Code. The Chairman may fix the compensation of other employees without regard to the provisions of chapter 51 and subchapter III of chapter 53 of title 5, United States Code, relating to classification of positions and General Schedule pay rates, except that the rate of pay for such employees may not exceed the rate payable for level V of the Executive Schedule under section 5316 of such title.
 - (3) Detail of government employees.—

 Any Federal Government employee, with the ap-

- 1 proval of the head of the appropriate Federal agen-
- 2 cy, may be detailed to the Commission without reim-
- 3 bursement, and such detail shall be without inter-
- 4 ruption or loss of civil service status, benefits, or
- 5 privilege.
- 6 (d) Procurement of Temporary and Intermit-
- 7 TENT SERVICES.—The Chairman of the Commission may
- 8 procure temporary and intermittent services under section
- 9 3109(b) of title 5, United States Code, at rates for individ-
- 10 uals not to exceed the daily equivalent of the annual rate
- 11 of basic pay prescribed for level V of the Executive Sched-
- 12 ule under section 5316 of such title.

13 SEC. 306. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 14 There are authorized to be appropriated to the Com-
- 15 mission and any agency of the Federal Government assist-
- 16 ing the Commission in carrying out its duties under this
- 17 title such sums as may be necessary to carry out the pur-
- 18 poses of this title. Any sums appropriated shall remain
- 19 available, without fiscal year limitation, until expended.

20 SEC. 307. TERMINATION OF THE COMMISSION.

- The Commission shall terminate 30 days after the
- 22 Commission submits the final report under section
- 23 303(e)(2).