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CF15-0719 ITEM 1 JOINT TRANS-PLUM 8/4/15 A. Lid

## STATEMENT of J.H. McQUISTON on PROPOSED MOBILITY PLAN 235

Honorable Chairmen and Members of the Committees:

1. Be careful! State Law and California Supreme Court clearly stated: The General Plan is the "constitution" which this City must obey. City may not ignore or otherwise violate this Plan if enacted.

This Plan gobbles funds. This Plan amendment if realized must abort City-infrastructure improvements like critically-necessary parks, programs and public safety. Look at its list of required-programs.<sup>1</sup>

- 2. The amendment lacks documentation proving why denizens are mobile in this City. Without such documentation, how can the Plan be said to satisfy the actual mobility-needs of City's denizens?
- 3. The maps apparently-ignore major mobile-elements like State and Federal Highways which substantially-affect mobility. State Law requires the Plan to include specifics on **mobility**; which specifics cannot be genuine without including these elements' effect.
- 4. AN ISSUE: Policy 3.4 Note, on TOC Corridors, raises unsaid a conundrum: How can you build costly, large structures close to public transit yet enable low-income people to live in them unsubsidized?

My observations on the Red Line conclude that the rich and the business-people won't spend time to ride thereon; yet they are the *only* ones who can afford quarters in the dense and costly structures *near* that line.

At the subway's EIR phase, I observed most would-be riders have to ride at least 3 linked-forms of public-transportation to get from origin to destination, besides walking-lengths before and after. Business-people with cases and brochures, having labor and overhead costs at hundreds of dollars per hour, or those with bulky-item pickup, require other rides and at "rush" and "non-rush" times. Their volume constantly-saturates streets.

The Plan must answer issues like the above, or else it's not viable.

- 5. State Law prohibits amending the General Plan more than 4 times a year. Already this year this City amended its General Plan more than 4 times. This amendment is vulnerable to writ.
- 6. State Law<sup>2</sup> purposely-forbids the Council to amend what the Commission approved; If the Council desires amendment, Council must remand to the Commission. The alternatives for Council are only to approve or reject Commission's work. I suggest the Council remand this to Commission because it's legally-vague and ignores State Code mandates. And, it harms City's ability for infrastructure-improvement.

Respectfully submitted,

J. H. McQuiston

c:Interested parties

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¹The "action" section indicates the programs may not be required. But the State Law cited in this Plan requires specificity. Nothing in this Plan may be optional, or else the Plan is legally-vague and non-compliant with State law. This Plan requires B&F review; it could verywell affect the City's Fitch-rating.

The State Laws and Court mandates called-out herein are well-known to the City Attorney but can be supplied on request.