CPC-2014-2847-VZC-DB

EXHIBIT C

Environmental Clearance ENV-2014-2848-MND

. 1

	ROOM 395	IE CITY CLERK , CITY HALL :ALIFORNIA 90012	ENV-2014-2848-IVIND)
	CALIFORNIA ENVIRON PROPOSED MITIGATED I		
LEAD CITY AGENCY City of Los Angeles	2	OUNCIL DISTRICT D 11 - MIKE BONIN	
PROJECT TITLE ENV-2014-2848-MND		ASE NO. PC-2014-2847-ZC-DB	
PROJECT LOCATION 1650-1654 S. SAWTELLE BLVD			
square feet building containing 48 app parking spaces, all on an approximate alley. The unit mix includes 5 efficience designated Neighborhood Commercia requests a zone change from C2-1 VI Bonus is requested for two on-menu / 4.0:1 in lieu of 3.0:1, permitting 42,155 feet in lieu of 45 feet.	artment units over three subte by 12, 610 square feet of two by units, 14 one-bedroom unit al on the West Los Angeles C to RAS4-1VL. In considerati Affordable Housing Incentives 2 square-foot in lieu of 31,224	erranean levels of parking lots. Vehicular ingress/eg s, and 29 two-bedroom d ommunity Plan land use ion of reserving four units to permit a 35 percent ir l square feet; and 35 perc	
NAME AND ADDRESS OF APPLICA Rexford Elegant Apartments, LLC Jay 10350 Santa Monica Blvd. Suite 190 Los Angeles, CA 90025		IGENCY	
	tion measure(s) outlined on th ce	ne attached page(s) will r	ted negative declaration be adopted for educe any potential significant adverse
SEE ATTACHED SHEET(S) F	n	JED ON PAGE 2)	у баат төрөөлөө улсан алаан болбоор о Филикии ини ини иний иний иний иний улсан түрөө түрөө түрөөлөө ини иний и
Any written comments receive Agency. The project decision-r Any changes made should be	d during the public review per nake may adopt the mitigated	iod are attached together I negative declariation, ar ence in the record and ap	
NAME OF PERSON PREPARING TH		TITLE	TELEPHONE NUMBER
NAOMI GUTH	المتعادية المعالم	City Planner	(213) 978-1171
ADDRESS 200 N. SPRING STREET, 7th FLOOF LOS ANGELES, CA. 90012	SIGNATURE (Official)	RUY	August 5, 2015

CITY OF LOS ANGELES

I-120. Aesthetics (Light)

- Environmental impacts to the adjacent residential properties may result due to excessive illumination on the project site. However, the potential impacts will be mitigated to a less than significant level by the following measure:
- Outdoor lighting shall be designed and installed with shielding, such that the light source cannot be seen from adjacent residential properties, the public right-of-way, nor from above.

I-130. Aesthetics (Glare)

- Environmental impacts to adjacent residential properties may result from glare from the proposed project. However, the potential impacts will be mitigated to a less than significant level by the following measure:
- The exterior of the proposed structure shall be constructed of materials such as, but not limited to, high-performance and/or non-reflective tinted glass (no mirror-like tints or films) and pre-cast concrete or fabricated wall surfaces to minimize glare and reflected heat.

IV-90. Tree Removal (Public Right-of-Way)

- •
- Removal of trees in the public right-of-way requires approval by the Board of Public Works.
- The required Tree Report shall include the location, size, type, and condition of all existing trees in the adjacent
 public right-of-way and shall be submitted for review and approval by the Urban Forestry Division of the Bureau of
 Street Services, Department of Public Works (213-847-3077).
- All trees in the public right-of-way shall be provided per the current Urban Forestry Division standards.

X-60. Land Use/Planning

- The project will result in land use and/or planning impact(s). However, the impact(s) can be reduced to a less than significant level through compliance with the following measure(s):
- An air filtration system shall be installed and maintained with filters meeting or exceeding the ASHRAE Standard 52.2 Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 11, to the satisfaction of the Department of Building and Safety.
- An air filtration system shall be installed and maintained with filters meeting or exceeding the ASHRAE Standard 52.2 Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 12, to the satisfaction of the Department of Building and Safety.
- An air filtration system shall be installed and maintained with filters meeting or exceeding the ASHRAE Standard 52.2 Minimum Efficiency Reporting Value (MERV) of 13, to the satisfaction of the Department of Building and Safety.

CITY OF LOS ANGELES

OFFICE OF THE CITY OF ERK ROOM 395, CITY HALL LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90012

CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT

INITIAL STUDY

and CHECKLIST

(CEQA Guidelines Section 15063)

LEAD CITY AGENCY:		COUNCIL DISTRICT:	DATE:
City of Los Angeles		CD 11 - MIKE BONIN	3
RESPONSIBLE AGENCIES: Department of City Pla	anning	1	n e da n La contra a
ENVIRONMENTAL CASE:	RELA	TED CASES:	n e na agunare anna anna air a' car ar carif
ENV-2014-2848-MND	CPC-2	2014-2847-ZC-DB	
PREVIOUS ACTIONS CASE NO .:		Does have significant changes from pre	vious actions.
	V	Does NOT have significant changes fro	m previous actions.
PROJECT DESCRIPTION:			ne na stania en esta en

ZONE CHANGE AND DENSITY BONUS FOR DEVELOPMENT OF 48 UNIT APARTMENT BUILDING.

ENV PROJECT DESCRIPTION:

Demolition of a multi-family building and a retail store building and construction of a new five-story, approximately 55-foot tall, 42,095 square feet building containing 48 apartment units over three subterranean levels of parking with 66 parking spaces and 53 bicycle parking spaces, all on an approximately 12, 610 square feet of two lots. Vehicular ingress/egress will be via a driveway on the back alley. The unit mix includes 5 efficiency units, 14 one-bedroom units, and 29 two-bedroom dwelling units. The subject site is designated Neighborhood Commercial on the West Los Angeles Community Plan land use map and zoned C2-1VL. The project requests a zone change from C2-1 VL to RAS4-1VL. In consideration of reserving four units for very low-income tenants, a Density Bonus is requested for two on-menu Affordable Housing Incentives to permit a 35 percent increase in the Floor Area Ratio (FAR), 4.0:1 in lieu of 3.0:1, permitting 42,152 square-foot in lieu of 31,224 square feet; and 35 percent increase in height permitting max 56 feet in lieu of 45 feet.

ENVIRONMENTAL SETTINGS:

The property, consisting of two contiguous lots, is a level, rectangular-shaped, corner lot, approximately 12.610 square-foot parcel of land with an approximately 140-foot depth and 90-foot frontage on the east side of Sawtelle Blvd. The property is fully developed with a multi-family building from 1954 and a retail store building constructed circa 1936.

Vehicular access to the site will be taken from an alley on the east side of the property. The property has pedestrian access to another alley along the north side of the lot and Sawtelle Blvd. on the west side which is designated a Secondary Collector Street.

The subject site is designated Neighborhood Commercial on the West Los Angeles Plan land use and is currently zoned C2-1VL. The east side adjoining properties, fronting on Beloit Avenue, are zoned R4-1 and High Medium Residential. All other abutting properties are zoned C2-1VL and Neighborhood Commercial. The property is located within the Methane Buffer Zone of a Methane Hazard Site and is approximately 460 feet from the nearest known fault, the Santa Monica Fault.

PROJECT LOCATION:

1650-1654 S. SAWTELLE BLVD

COMMUNIT	Y PLAN AREA:
WEST LOS	ANGELES
STATUS:	

Does Conform to Plan

Does NOT Conform to Plan

EXISTING	ZONING:
C2-1VL	

WEST LOS ANGELES

AREA PLANNING COMMISSION: CERTIFIED NEIGHBORHOOD COUNCIL: WEST LOS ANGELES

MAX. DENSITY/INTENSITY ALLOWED BY ZONING: 1.5:1 FAR and 1 D.U./400 sq. ft. (LAMC)

	MAX. DENSITY/INTENSITY	LA River Adjacent:
GENERAL PLAN LAND USE:	ALLOWED BY PLAN	
Neighborhood Commercial	DESIGNATION:	
	1.5:1 FAR and 1 D.U./400 sq. ft.	
	PROPOSED PROJECT DENSITY:	
	3:1 FAR and 1 D.U./400 sq. ft.	

Determination (To Be Completed By Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared, I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions on the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared. I find the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required. I find the proposed project MAY have a "potentially significant impact" or "potentially significant unless mitigated" impact on the environment, but at least one effect 1) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and 2) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed. Diversity of I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required. **City Planner** (213) 978-1171

Signature

Title

Phone

Evaluation Of Environmental Impacts:

- 1. A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A "No Impact" answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- 2. All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- 3. Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less that significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- 4. "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of a mitigation measure has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measures, and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from "Earlier Analyses," as described in (5) below, may be cross-referenced).
- Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR, or negative declaration. Section 15063 (c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
 - a. Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
 - b. Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist were within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
 - c. Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less than Significant with Mitigation Measures Incorporated," describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.

- 6. Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- 7. Supporting Information Sources: A sources list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- 8. This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- 9. The explanation of each issue should identify:
 - a. The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question; and
 - b. The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance.

Environmental Factors Potentially Affected:

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.



	Potentially significant	Server in name called their has adde W $^{-1}$ in where i	 1⁻¹
Potentially	unless	Less than	
significant	mitigation	significant	
impact	incorporated	impact	No impact

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Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?	- Andre	and a second		V
Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?	19 – A Setter Bill Market (1999) and an	n _{an a} n ann an a	Weitergroup and the second se Second second seco	V
Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?	anandraman ana ana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang a	n an anna ann an an an an an an an an an		
Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?		V		
AGRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES	anna an t	an a	2019 - Danier Linnen, und ministringen unseigengen	in fight and a second an an an and the second se
Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to nonagricultural use?				~
Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?		aland an fear ann an 1993 a tha ann 29 a th' ann an 1997 a dh'	2000 - 11000 - 2000 - 1000 - 100 2 4 4 4	1
Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined by Public Resources Code section 4526), or timberland zoned Timberland Production (as defined by Government Code section 51104(g))?				
Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?				
Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use?		nennennen dit teren einer het fyn ei mentditter neter		
and the second				and the second sec
Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?	ITT vedende O		\checkmark	
Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	×	
Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)?			 Image: A start of the start of	
Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?			×	an a
Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?			e ne de la companya d	
BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES				tig Someten en der sometiget geseteten er et somet gener
Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?		у т.		
Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or US Fish and Wildlife Service?				Y
Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?	je 			V
Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				V
Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?		V		
Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				V
	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway? Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings? Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nightime views in the area? ACRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOURCES Convert Prime Familand, Unique Familand, or Familand of Statewide Importance (Familand), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Familand Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to nonagricultural use? Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), timberland (as defined in Public Resources Code section 75104(g))? Result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Familand, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? AIR QUALITY Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? Violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation? Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is non-attiniment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)? Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people? BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparina habitat or other sensitive n	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic visia? Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, nock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway? Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings? Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nightlime views in the area? Concert Prime Farnitand, Unique Familand or Farnland of Statewide Importance (Farnland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farnland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to nonagroultural use? Conflict with existing zoning for agrouthural use, or a Williamson Act contract? Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timbertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 122.20(g)), timpertand (as defined by Public R	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? 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Conflict with existing zoning for, or cause rezoning of, forest land (as defined in Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), impertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), impertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 12220(g)), impertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 15220(g)), impertand (as defined by Public Resources Code section 15220(g)), impertant (as defined by Public Resources Code section 15220(g)), impertant (as defined by Public Resources Code section 1520(g)), or torus reson of forest land to non-forest use? Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland, to non-agricultural use or conversion of forest land to non-forest use? AIR QUALITY Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan? Violata any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation? Expose sensitive receptors to substantial number of people? BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES Create any adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species Identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species Identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species Identified as a candidate, sensitive fuence and the field on locat or regional plans, poli	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista? Substantial daverse effect on a scenic vista? Substantial darge escenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, toco cubrophysis, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway? Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its sumundings? Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nightime views in the area? 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Excess estimation and frame policy and the exceed antitute in theorement for an applicable defield or state antitute interviols for zone-fatient and policy is adverted to the sensitive antitute theorement of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and While Service? Excess estimation adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modified toring adverse effect on any process for adverse state and policy is adverse effect on any pone is head or th

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		Potentially			i
		significant			
	Potentially	unless	Less than		
	significant	mitigation	significant		
And in the local division of the local divis	impact	incorporated	impact	No impact	

ð.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in § 15064.5?			
>.	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to § 15064.5?			
с.	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?		×	
d.	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?			
VI.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS	and that is the same of the second	energia calendar Sandar e su matanialana	and the second
a.	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.			
b.	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: Strong seismic ground shaking?			
c.	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			
d.	Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving: Landslides?		andrennensstatister Surveys - Strategistationserverings-underland v	
e.	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			
	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction or collapse?			
ilwining.	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?			
h.	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative waste water disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of waste water?			×
VII	GREEN HOUSE GAS EMISSIONS	and an	and a second	En land Gan daar di set di saar
8.	Generate greenhouse gas emissions, either directly or indirectly, that may have a significant impact on the environment?			
b.	Conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases?			in an
VII	I. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MATERIALS			* · ·
	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?			
b.	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?			
с.	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?			×
đ.	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?			~
	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?			~
	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?			V
g .	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?		×*	

	Potentially significant		
Potentially	unless	Less than	
significant	mitigation	significant	
impact	incorporated	impact	No impact

h,	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?			×
IX.	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY			
a.	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?			
b.	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of preexisting nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?		 	
G.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?	er og en		
d.	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on- or off-site?			
е.	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?		4	
۴.	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?	ing a defining and the second sector is a second sector of the second sector is a second second sector of the sector of the second sector of the second sector of the second sector of the second sector of the		
g.	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?			
	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?			
Ì.	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?			
j.	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?		in a produktion in the second seco	
X.	LAND USE AND PLANNING	a ann an an an an an an an an an Ann an A	n (– na historio da Billipia a da donar na constatione no china da na capaza para na paga na construinte na p	and a second
a.	Physically divide an established community?			V
b.	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?			
c.	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?		Hardweiten Kannen auf der Bestehen Bergereichen Berg Bergereichen Bergereichen Berger Bergereichen Bergereichen Berg Bergereichen Bergereichen B Bergereichen Bergereichen	
XI.	MINERAL RESOURCES			proven a company and a company of the second sec
a.	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?			
b.	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan or other land use plan?			
XII	NOISE			()
а.	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?			
b.	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?			representations of a some months for a some sources
	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?			
d.	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?		\checkmark	

		Potentially significant Impact	Potentially significant unless mitigation incorporated	Less than significant Impact	No Impact
	5 m		., pristant		
е.	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
f.	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
XII	I. POPULATION AND HOUSING			ana ta Matuka ta Magadar Sasasa sa sa sa	ι Φουλογιατίας (1999) - Οιατικό (1999) - Οια
a.	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
b.	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?			~	
₩.	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	aan "' '' '' '		And and a second	
ΚŊ	/. PUBLIC SERVICES				
2.	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Fire protection?		 The second formal formal	~	
b.	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Police protection?		 Provide and the second s	 Image: A start of the start of	
5.	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Schools?	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		V	- 1 pages - 1
in the second	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Parks?			~	
	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for any of the public services: Other public facilities?				
ΚV	RECREATION				
	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?			V	
į	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?			V	
	I. TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC				
	Conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system, taking into account all modes of transportation including mass transit and non-motorized travel and relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and bicycle paths, and mass transit?			V	

1	Potentially	and the second	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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	significant		
Potentially	unless	Less than	
significant	mitigation	significant	
impact	incorporated	impact	No impact

	Conflict with an applicable congestion management program, including, but not limited to level of service standards and travel demand measures, or other standards established by the county congestion management agency for designated roads or highways? Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic		×	n menteka kultura estera estera anta ana
	levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?		n ya wa wa wa kata wa	an a
d.	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?	A series of the	· · · ·	
e.	Result in inadequate emergency access?			V
f.	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs regarding public transit, bicycle, or pedestrian facilities, or otherwise decrease the performance or safety of such facilities supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?			~
	II. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS		a a star a st	
а,	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?		~	
b.	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?			
C,	Require or result in the construction of new storm water drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?		×	
d.	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?		×	
е.	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?			anne search search and a search a search and a
f.	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?			
	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?			V
XV	III. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE	alle and a second se	anna dhana a anna 2020 a 1999 a ba fa	
a .	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?			
b.	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects)?			
c.	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?			

Note: Authority cited: Sections 21083, 21083.05, Public Resources Code. Reference: Section 65088.4, Gov. Code; Sections 21080, 21083.05, 21095, Pub. Resources Code; Eureka Citizens for Responsible Govt. v. City of Eureka (2007) 147 Cal.App.4th 357; Protect the Historic Amador Waterways v. Amador Water Agency (2004) 116 Cal.App.4th at 1109; San Franciscans Upholding the Downtown Plan v. City and County of San Francisco (2002) 102 Cal.App.4th 656.

DISCUSSION OF THE ENVIRONMENTAL EVALUATION (Attach additional sheets if necessary)

The Environmental Impact Assessment includes the use of official City of Los Angeles and other government source reference materials related to various environmental impact categories (e.g., Hydrology, Air Quality, Biology, Cultural Resources, etc.). The State of California, Department of Conservation, Division of Mines and Geology - Seismic Hazard Maps and reports, are used to identify potential future significant seismic events; including probable magnitudes, liquefaction, and landslide hazards. Based on applicant information provided in the Master Land Use Application and Environmental Assessment Form, impact evaluations were based on stated facts contained therein, including but not limited to, reference materials indicated above, field investigation of the project site, and any other reliable reference materials known at the time.

Project specific impacts were evaluated based on all relevant facts indicated in the Environmental Assessment Form and expressed through the applicant's project description and supportive materials. Both the Initial Study Checklist and Checklist Explanations, in conjunction with the City of Los Angeles's Adopted Thresholds Guide and CEQA Guidelines, were used to reach reasonable conclusions on environmental impacts as mandated under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA).

The project as identified in the project description may cause potentially significant impacts on the environment without mitigation. Therefore, this environmental analysis concludes that a Mitigated Negative Declaration shall be issued to avoid and mitigate all potential adverse impacts on the environment by the imposition of mitigation measures and/or conditions contained and expressed in this document; the environmental case file known as ENV-2014-2848-MND and the associated case(s), CPC-2014-2847-ZC-DB. Finally, based on the fact that these impacts can be feasibly mitigated to less than significant, and based on the findings and thresholds for Mandatory Findings of Significance as described in the California Environmental Quality Act, section 15065, the overall project impact(s) on the environment (after mitigation) will not:

- Substantially degrade environmental quality.
- · Substantially reduce fish or wildlife habitat.
- . Cause a fish or wildlife habitat to drop below self sustaining levels.
- Threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community.
- Reduce number, or restrict range of a rare, threatened, or endangered species.
- Eliminate important examples of major periods of California history or prehistory.
- Achieve short-term goals to the disadvantage of long-term goals.
- Result in environmental effects that are individually limited but cumulatively considerable.
- Result in environmental effects that will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

All supporting documents and references are contained in the Environmental Case File referenced above and may be viewed in the EIR Unit, Room 763, City Hall.

For City information. addresses and phone numbers: visit the City's website at http://www.lacity.org; City Planning - and Zoning Information Mapping Automated System (ZIMAS) cityplanning.lacity.org/ or EIR Unit, City Hall, 200 N Spring Street, Room 763. Seismic Hazard Maps - http://gmw.consrv.ca.gov/shmp/

Engineering/Infrastructure/Topographic Maps/Parcel Information - http://boemaps.eng.ci.la.ca.us/index01.htm or City's main website under the heading "Navigate LA".

PREPARED BY:		TELEPHONE NO.:	DATE:
NAOMI GUTH	1 · 2 · 1	(213) 978-1171	07/01/2015

APPENDIX A: ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACTS EXPLANATION TABLE

I. A	ESTHETICS		I. AESTHETICS			
3 .	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista. A scenic vista refers to views of focal points or panoramic views of broader geographic areas that have visual interest. A focal point view would consist of a view of a notable object, building, or setting. A panoramic view would be generally wide and extend into the distance. Diminishment of a scenic vista would occur if the bulk or design of a building or development contrasts enough with a visually interesting view, so that the quality of the view is permanently affected. The project site is located south of the Santa Monica Blvd. (approximately 180 feet) and west of the 405 Freeway (approximately 185 feet). Santa Monica Blvd. has a pattern of low-rise neighborhood commercial uses in this part. The project proposed replacement of a retail store and a multi-family building with a five-story, over three levels of subterranean parking (56 feet tall), approximately 42,152 square-foot, residential building, containing 48 dwelling units. The project is not located in the vicinity of any scenic vistas. Therefore, although the proposed project would substantially increase the height and massing of development on the project site, project implementation would not partially or entirely obstruct any views of unique scenic vistas or focal points. Accordingly, impacts related to scenic vistas would be less than significant.				
b.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would substantially damage scenic resources within a State Scenic Highway. The project is located in a heavily developed region and is not in the vicinity of any known scenic resources, nor is it located within a city or state designated scenic highway. Therefore, the project will have no impact on scenic resources.				

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C.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
-university -		proposed project would substantially	
Constant of the local data		degrade the existing visual character or	
ousionima		quality of the project site and its	
		surroundings. Significant impacts to the	
		visual character of a site and its	
		surroundings are generally based on the	
nteamiosie		removal of features with aesthetic value,	
		the introduction of contrasting urban	
shine (creation		features into a local area, and the degree	
		to which the elements of the proposed	
		project detract from the visual character of	
		an area. The project area is currently	
l		developed with a mix of land uses,	
		including residential, neighborhood	
		commercial, and institutional. The Nora	
		Sterry Elementary School campus is	
		located to the south of the project site	
		across Sawtlle Blvd. Immediately all	
		around the project site are low-rise	
		residential and community commercial	
1242049-014000		buildings. The proposed project will be a	
		5-story building over three levels of	
		subterranean parking and the building	
		height will be at 56 feet, which is under	
		the 60 feet CEQA threshold of	
		light-blocking structures. On the other	
		hand, the proposed building may cast	
		limited shadows over adjacent buildings	
		at north, northwest, or northeast of the	
		project site, however, the shadow will be	
		cast on the roof of these building which	
		are commercial buildings and not	
		shadow-sensitive uses. Shading of the	
		proposed building on northwest buildings	
		will be limited due to the distance across	
		Sawtelle Blvd. from the subject site. The	
		project would result in less than	
in the second second		significant impacts related to shade and	
contract		shadow. The proposed project would	
		include landscaping and streetscape	
		improvements to enhance the visual	
		quality of the area. Finally, the project	
num de la companya d		must comply with the City of Los Angeles	
		Residential Citywide Design Guidelines	
Line of the second s		which require activation of all open areas	
		not used for buildings, driveways, parking,	
		recreational facilities, or pedestrian	
		amenities with landscaping. The	
entrated in		proposed project would include	
ECONOMICS AND A REPORT OF A		landscaping and streetscape	
		improvements to enhance the visual	
		quality of the area. Accordingly, the	
		proposed project would not degrade the	
		existing visual character or quality of the	
1		project site and its surroundings as the	
	Sec. 201	project would enhance rather than detract	
			·

	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	пприст		incesures
		from the visual character of an area.	
		Therefore, the proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact on	
		visual quality.	
d.	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT UNLESS	A significant impact would occur if	I-120, I-130
	MITIGATION INCORPORATED	light and glare substantially altered	
		the character of off-site areas	
		surrounding the site or interfered with	
		the performance of an off-site activity.	
		Light impacts are typically associated with the use of artificial light during	
		the evening and night-time hours.	
		Glare may be a daytime occurrence	
		caused by the reflection of sunlight or	
		artificial light from highly polished	
		surfaces, such as window glass and	
		reflective cladding materials, and may interfere with the safe operation of a	
		motor vehicle on adjacent streets.	
		Daytime glare is common in urban	
		areas and is typically associated with	
		mid- to high-rise buildings with	
		exterior façades largely or entirely	
		comprised of highly reflective glass or mirror-like materials. Nighttime glare is	
		primarily associated with bright	
		point-source lighting that contrasts	
		with existing low ambient light	
		conditions. The project site is located	
		in a densely developed portion of the City of Los Angeles that contains a	
		substantial amount of lighting and	
		sources of glare, such as windows and	
		light-colored building surfaces.	
		Nighttime lighting sources include	
		street lights, vehicle headlights, and interior and exterior building	
		illumination. The project would include	
		a variety of interior and exterior	
		lighting that complies with the Los	
		Angeles Municipal Code (LAMC) to	
		minimize the effect of the new sources of lighting that would be introduced.	
		Also, the project would be required to	
		use non-reflective glass. Therefore, the	
		proposed development project is not	
		likely to contain light sources beyond	
		the lighting typical of residential	
		development. However, the subject site is adjacent to residential land use,	
		which is defined as light-sensitive land	
		use. The project might include lighting	
		that would routinely spillover onto	
		them. Therefore, a significant impact	
		may occur on adjacent residences if new development introduces new	
		sources of substantial light or glare	
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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	Impact	EXpidilation	
		which would be incompatible with the existing levels. Mitigation measures will reduce any light and glare impacts to less than significant levels.	
II. A	GRICULTURE AND FOREST RESOU	RCES	
æ.	NOIMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would convert valued farmland to non-agricultural uses. The project site is currently developed with a retail store and a multi-family building. No Farmland, agricultural uses, or related operations are present within the project site or surrounding area. Due to its urban setting, the project site and surrounding area are not included in the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency. Therefore, the proposed project would not convert any Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance to non-agricultural use, and no impact would occur.	
b.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project conflicted with existing agricultural zoning or agricultural parcels enrolled under the Williamson Act. The project site is not zoned for agricultural use or under a Williamson Act. The project site is currently zoned C2-1VL. As the project site and surrounding area do not contain farmland of any type, the proposed project would not conflict with a Williamson Act. Therefore, no impacts would occur.	
С.		A significant impact would occur if the proposed project conflicted with existing zoning for, or caused rezoning of forest land or timberland or result in the loss of forest land or in the conversion of forest land to non-forest use. The project site and the surrounding area are not zoned for forest land or timberland. As identified above, the project site is currently zoned C2-1VL. Accordingly, the proposed project would not conflict with forest land or timberland zoning or result in the loss of forest land or conversion of forest land to non-forest use. Therefore, no impact would occur.	
d.	NO IMPACT	The proposed project site is in a neighborhood which is designated for the Neighborhood Commercial use. The existing buildings on the project site were built in 1936 and 1954 and the surrounding area is developed with	

			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
-		neighborhood commercial and residential	
		land use and buildings, which are mostly	
		developed around the same time.	
		Therefore, the proposed project will not	
		directly or indirectly result in the	
		conversion of any forest land to	
		non-forest use.	
e.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
		proposed project caused the conversion	
		of farmland to non-agricultural use. The	
		project site does not contain farmland,	
		forestland, or timberland. The proposed	
		project site is within an urbanized region,	
		zoned for neighborhood Commercial use	
		and is surrounded primarily by the same	
		or similar land use zoning and will not	
		directly or indirectly result in the	
		conversion of any farmland to non-agricultural use or forest land to	
		non-forest use. Therefore, no impacts	
		would occur.	
hanna	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	The everal control states of the Court	
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	The overall control strategy for the South Coast Air Quality Management District	
		(SCAQMD) 2012 Air Quality Management	
		Plan (AQMP) is designed to meet	
		applicable federal and State	
		requirements, including attainment of	
		ambient air quality standards. The 2012	
		AQMP provides base year emissions and	
		future baseline emission projections,	
		including the South Coast Air Basin. In	
		doing so, the 2012 AQMP relies upon the	
		most recent zoning and land use	
		designations and the best available information. The proposed project	
		involves construction of a new 5-story	
		residential building. The project site is	
		currently zoned C2-1VL with a	
		Neighborhood Commercial land use	
		designation, per the West Los Angeles	
		Community Plan land use. The project	
		site is currently developed with a retail	
		store and a multi-family building. A project	
		would not conflict with the AQMP if it is	
		consistent with the population, housing	
		and employment assumptions which were	
		used in the development of the AQMP. The project involves a zone change from	
		C2-1VL to RAS4-1VL which is similar to a	
		project in close vicinity and is the same	
		zone as the adjacent property at the rear	
		(east) of the site. The type of land use	
		proposed as part of the project	
		(multi-family residential) is allowed as a	
		"by-right" development at the project site	

			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	in existing and applied zones. Therefore, the proposed project is not expected to conflict with or obstruct the implementation of the AQMP, the South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) plans, or Congestion Management Plan (CMP). A significant impact would occur if the	
U.		proposed project would violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. The project site is currently zoned C2-1VL and designated Neighborhood Commercial per the West Los Angeles Community Plan land use map, allowing multi-family dwelling, as proposed. The projects applying for a zone change from C2-1VL to RAS4. The project is not expected to violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. However, the development of the proposed project will temporarily generate emissions from heavy-duty construction vehicles and construction workers' vehicles. In addition, fugitive dust would be generated by construction activities. It is mandatory for all construction projects in the South Coast Air Basin (Basin) to comply with SCAQMD Rule 403 for Fugitive Dust. Specific Rule 403 control requirements include, but are not limited to, applying water in sufficient quantities to prevent the generation of visible dust plumes, applying soil binders to uncovered areas, reestablishing ground cover as quickly as possible, utilizing a wheel washing system to remove bulk material from tires and vehicle undercarriages before vehicles exit the project site, and maintaining effective cover over exposed areas. Compliance with Rule 403 would reduce regional particulate matter emissions associated with construction activities and air quality impacts due to short-term construction are anticipated to be less than significant.	
C.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	The project site is located within the South Coast Air Quality Management District, a known non-attainment zone. The project involves new construction of 48-unit multi-family building, and is not expected to result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the air basin is	

Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
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	non-attainable under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard. Possible project related air quality concerns will derive from the mobile source emissions that will be generated by the motor vehicles traveling to and from the new multi-family residential building. Operational emissions related to traffic generated by the project will be less than significant per the Los Angeles Department of Transportation (LADOT) Referral Form, dated November 25, 2014. In addition to mobile sources from vehicles, general development causes smaller amounts of "area source" air pollution to be generated from on-site energy consumption (natural gas combustion) and from off-site electrical generation. These sources represent a small percentage of the total pollutants. The inclusion of such emissions adds negligibly to the total significant project-related emissions burden generated by the proposed project. Operational and construction regional emissions would not likely exceed the project-level SCAQMD localized significance thresholds for criteria air pollutants. Therefore, the proposed project would not generate a cumulatively considerable increase in emissions of the pollutants for which the Basin is in nonattainment, and operational emission impacts will be at a less than significant	
LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	level. Based on the City of Los Angeles CEQA Thresholds Guide, a significant impact may occur if a project were to generate pollutant concentrations to a degree that would significantly affect sensitive receptors. Sensitive receptors are populations that are more susceptible to the effects of air pollution than are the population at large. The South Coast Air Quality Management District (SCAQMD) identifies the following as sensitive receptors: long-term health care facilities, rehabilitation centers, convalescent centers, retirement homes, residences, schools, playgrounds, child care centers, and athletic facilities. The nearest sensitive receptors that could potentially be subject to localized air quality impacts associated with construction of the proposed project include all single-family and multi-family residences around the project site and an elementary school that	

		Mitigation
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	is 220 feet distance from the project site.	
	Since the proposed project is a residential	
	building, it will not include any land uses	
	that would involve the use, storage, or	
	processing of carcinogenic or	
	non-carcinogenic toxic air contaminants.	
	In addition, no toxic airborne emissions	
	would typically result from the proposed	
	project implementation. Therefore, the	
	use itself will not result in new sources of	
	pollutant concentrations exposing	verwaard a final de la constant de la const
	sensitive receptors. However, emissions	
	from construction activities have the	
	potential to generate localized emissions	
	that may expose sensitive receptors to	
	harmful pollutant concentrations.	
	Compliance with Rule 403 which was	
	explained in III.b section, would reduce	
	regional particulate matter emissions	
	associated with construction activities and	
	air quality impacts due to short-term	voluei de la constance de la co
	construction are anticipated to be less	New York Control of Co
	than significant. The project site is located	
	within the SCAQM District, a known	
	non-attainment zone. Motor vehicle	
	emissions can influence local air quality	
	through changes in carbon monoxide	
	(CO) concentrations, which are usually	
	highest at busy intersections, parking	
	garages, or other focused areas of	
	vehicle activity. SCAQMD recommends	
	an evaluation of potential localized CO	victorization of the second
	impacts when vehicle-to-capacity (V/C)	sec. As a real sector of the s
	ratios are increased by two percent or	
	more at intersections with a level of	
	service (LOS) of C or worse, and/or when	
	the LOS for an intersection worsens from C to D or worse. Traffic volumes that	
	meet these criteria have the potential to	
	result in CO "hotspots". Based on the	
	LADOT Referral Form, dated November	
	25, 2014, project-related traffic volumes is	
	under the threshold to require a traffic	
	study. It means that the project traffic	
	would not meet these criteria at either	
	surrounded intersections. Thus, project	
	traffic would not have the potential to	
	result in CO hotspots. As such, the	
	project would not expose sensitive	
	receptors to substantial pollutant	
	concentrations, and therefore, project	New York Control of Co
	impacts related to this issue will be less	
	than significant.	
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		Mitigation	
Impact?	Explanation	Measures	

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e.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if	
		objectionable odors occur which would	
		adversely impact sensitive receptors.	
		Potential sources that may emit odors	
		during construction activities include	
		equipment exhaust and architectural	
		coatings. Odors from these sources	
		would be localized and generally confined	
		to the immediate area surrounding the	
		project site. The proposed project would	
		utilize typical construction techniques, and	· ·
		the odors would be typical of most	
		construction sites and temporary in	
		nature. According to the SCAQMD CEQA	
		Air Quality Handbook, land uses and	
		industrial operations that are associated	
		with odor complaints include agricultural	
		uses, wastewater treatment plants, food	
		processing plants, chemical plants,	
		composting, refineries, landfills, dairies	
		and fiberglass molding. The project	
		includes development of a multi-family	
		residential building on the project site and	
		therefore, involves no elements related to	
		these types of activities and would not	
		result in activities that create	
		objectionable odors. Good housekeeping	
		practices would be sufficient to prevent	
		nuisance odors. No impacts related to this	
		issue would occur.	
IV. E	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES		
a.	NO IMPACT	A project would have a significant	
		biological impact through the loss or	
		destruction of individuals of a species or	
		through the degradation of sensitive	
		habitat. The project site is located in a	
		highly urbanized area, adjacent to the	
		405 freeway and Santa Monica Bivd. The	
		project site is currently improved with a	
		one-story retail store and a two-story	
		apartment dwelling. There is no tree on	
		the site and vegetation on the project site	
		The site and vegetation on the project site 1	
		is limited to a couple of flower bushes.	
		is limited to a couple of flower bushes. There is only one street tree next to the	
		is limited to a couple of flower bushes. There is only one street tree next to the project site and will likely be removed or	
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		is limited to a couple of flower bushes. There is only one street tree next to the project site and will likely be removed or disturbed during construction. The project site does not contain any critical habitat or support any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S.	

		Mitigation
Impact?	Explanation	Measures

	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if any riparian habitat or natural community would be lost or destroyed as a result of urban development. The project site is occupied by a one-story retail store and a two-story apartment building. No riparian or other sensitive natural vegetation communities are located on or adjacent to the project site and water courses necessary to support riparian habitat. Therefore, implementation of the proposed project would not result in any adverse impacts to riparian habitat or other sensitive natural communities.	
C.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if federally protected wetlands would be modified or removed by a project. The project site is developed and does not contain any federally protected wetlands, wetland resources, or other waters of the United States as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. The project site is located in a highly urbanized area and developed/previously developed with residential, office, and commercial uses. Therefore, the proposed project would not have any effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means, and no impacts would occur.	
d.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would interfere with, or remove access to, a migratory wildlife corridor or impede use of native wildlife nursery sites. Due to the highly urbanized nature of the project site and surrounding area, the lack of a major water body and trees, and the proximity to the 405 Freeway, the project site does not support habitat for native resident or migratory species or contain native nurseries. Therefore, the proposed project would not interfere with wildlife movement or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites, and no impact would occur.	
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			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
	1	lanse sin it to end	
		The vegetation on the project site is	
		limited to flowers and bushes. There is	
		one tree on the street in front of the project site, which will likely remain	
		and could be disturbed during	
		construction. The project site does not	
		contain locally-protected biological	
		resources, such as oak trees, Southern	
		California black walnut, western	
		sycamore, and California bay trees.	
		The proposed project would not	
		conflict with any policies or	
		ordinances protecting biological	
		resources, such as the City of los	
		Angeles Protected Tree Ordinance (No.	
		177,404). However, removal or planting	
		of any tree in the public right-of-way	
		requires approval of the Board of Public Works. Therefore, the proposed	
		mitigation measures will confirm that	
		the project will not conflict with any	
		local policies or ordinances protecting	
		biological resources, such as tree	
		preservation policy or ordinance.	
f.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
		proposed project would be inconsistent	
		with mapping or policies in any	
		conservation plans of the types cited.	
		According to the Biological Resource	
		Areas Maps (Coastal and Southern	
		Geographical Area) in the Los Angeles	
		CEQA Thresholds Guide (2006), the	
		project site and its vicinity are not part of any draft or adopted Habitat Conservation	
		Plan, Natural Community Conservation	
		Plan, or other approved local, regional or	
		state habitat conservation plan. Therefore,	
		no impact would occur with	
		implementation of the proposed project.	
V.C	ULTURAL RESOURCES		
a.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the	
		proposed project would disturb historic	
		resources which presently exist within the	
		proposed project site. A one-story retail	
		store and a two-story apartment building	
		currently occupy the project site. The	
		existing buildings are not designated as a	
		local, state or federally listed historic	
		resource, thus no listed historic resources	
		would be impacted by the redevelopment	
		of the project site. The structures are not known to be associated with any	
		important events, historical patterns, or	
		persons to be considered significant	
		resources. Thus, there is no evidence to	
		suggest that any historic resources would	
1		I and the second s	

			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
Name of the second statement of the stat		be impacted by the redevelopment of the project site. Therefore, the proposed project would not cause an adverse change in the significance of an historic resource and no impact would occur.	
þ.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if grading or excavation activities associated with the proposed project would disturb archaeological resources which presently exist within the project site. The project site and immediately surrounding areas do not contain any known archaeological sites or archaeological survey areas (City of Los Angeles, Environmental and Public Facilities Maps 1996, Prehistoric & Historic Archaeological Sites and Survey Areas Map). The proposed project includes subgrade preparation. Thus, the potential exists for the accidental discovery of archaeological materials. Because the presence or absence of such materials cannot be determined until the site is excavated, it will be required to comply with the City's Standard Conditions of Approval, which would require that prior to construction of the project, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) shall be advised of the legal and/or regulatory implications of knowingly destroying cultural resources or removing artifacts, human remains, bottles, and other cultural materials from the project site. In addition, in the event that buried archaeological resources are exposed during project construction, work within 50 feet of the find shall stop until a professional archaeologist, meeting the standards of the Secretary of the Interior, can identify and evaluate the significance of the discovery and develop recommendations for treatment, in conformance with California Public Resources Code Section 21083.2. Through compliance with the City's Standard Conditions of Approval, potential project impacts to unknown archaeological resources would be less than significant.	
С.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if grading or excavation activities associated with the proposed project were to disturb paleontological resources or geologic features which presently exist within the proposed project site. The project site has been previously graded and is currently improved with a one-story retail store and	

			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
		a two-story apartment building. The	
		project site and immediate surrounding	
		areas do not contain any known	
		vertebrate paleontological resources (City	
		of Los Angeles, Environmental and Public	
		Facilities Maps 1996, Vertebrate	
		Paleontological Resources Map).	
		Although no paleontological resources are	
		known to exist on site, there is a	
		possibility that paleontological resources	
		exist at sub-surface levels on the project	
		site and may be uncovered during	
		subgrade preparation. It would be	
		required to comply with the City's	
		Standard Conditions of Approval, which	
		would require that prior to project	
		construction, the prime contractor and any	
		subcontractor(s) shall be advised of the	
		legal and/or regulatory implications of	
		knowingly destroying paleontological or	
		unique geologic resources or sites from	
		the project site. In addition, in the event	
		that paleontological resources or sites, or	
		unique geologic features are exposed during project construction, work within 50	
		feet of the find shall stop until a	
		professional paleontologist, can identify	
		and evaluate the significance of the	
		discovery and develop recommendations	
		for treatment. Any paleontological	
		resources or sites, or unique geologic	
		features shall be treated in accordance	
		with State Law. Through compliance with	
		the City's Standard Conditions of	
		Approval, potential project impacts to	
		unknown paleontological resources or	
		sites, or unique geologic features would	
		be less than significant.	
d.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A project-related significant adverse effect	
		could occur if grading or excavation	
		activities associated with the proposed	
		project would disturb previously interred	
		human remains. No known human burials	
		have been identified on the project site or	
		its vicinity (City of Los Angeles,	
		Environmental and Public Facilities Maps	
		1996, Prehistoric & Historic	
		Archaeological Sites and Survey Areas	
		Map). However, it is possible that	
		unknown human remains could occur on the project site, and if proper care is not	
		taken during construction, damage to or	
		destruction of these unknown remains	
		could occur. If human remains are found	
ĺ		during excavation, the project will need to	
		follow procedures as detailed in the	
		California Health and Safety Code	
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		Sections 7000 et seq. If human remains of Native American origin are discovered during project construction, compliance with state laws, which fall within the jurisdiction of the Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC) (Public Resource Code Section 5097), relating to the disposition of Native American burials will be adhered to. Therefore, the impact would be less than significant.	
<u>[VI.</u> (GEOLOGY AND SOILS		
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if a proposed project site is located within a State-designated Alquist-Priolo Zone or other designated fault zone. The project site is not located within an Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zone and there are no known faults (active, potentially active, or inactive) onsite. The subject site is approximately 460 feet from the Santa Monica Fault Zone (ZIMAS). Since no active faults cross the property, the surface rupture hazard at the project site is very low. However, due to the intense seismic environment of Southern California, there is always a potential for blind thrust faults, or otherwise unmapped faults that do not have a surface trace, to be present. New development will be required to comply with the seismic safety requirements in the California Building Code (CBC) and the California Geological Survey Special Publication 117 (Guidelines for Evaluating and Mitigating Seismic Hazards in California [1997]), which provide guidance for evaluating and mitigating earthquake-related hazards as approved by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety. Therefore, impacts will be less than significant.	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if a project represents an increased risk to public safety or destruction of property by exposing people, property, or infrastructure to seismically induced ground shaking hazards that are greater than the average risk associated with other locations in Southern California. The subject site is in the vicinity of the Santa Monica Fault Zone, per ZIMAS. Any development that occurs within the geographical boundaries of Southern California has the potential of exposing people and/or structures to potentially substantial adverse effects involving potential blind thrust faults, the rupture of	

	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	impact:	LApianativa	INGRIGUED
		known and/or unknown earthquake faults, or strong seismic ground shaking. New development will be required to comply with the seismic safety requirements in the California Building Code (CBC) and the California Geological Survey Special Publication 117 (Guidelines for Evaluating and Mitigating Seismic Hazards in California [1997]), which provide guidance for evaluating and mitigating earthquake-related hazards as approved by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety. Compliance with such requirements would reduce seismic ground shaking impacts to the maximum extent practicable with current engineering practices. Therefore, impacts related to strong seismic ground shaking would be less than significant.	
c.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	Based upon the criteria established in the City of Los Angeles CEQA Thresholds Guide, a significant impact may occur if a proposed project site is located within a liquefaction zone. Liquefaction is the loss of soil strength or stiffness due to a buildup of pore-water pressure during severe ground shaking. The project site is located in a liquefaction zone, per ZIMAS and the California Department of Conservation's Seismic Hazard Zones Map for the Beverly Hills Quadrangle. Liquefaction is precluded above the high water table, by definition. Since the project site is located in an area that is susceptible to liquefaction, the Department of Building and Safety Grading Division will require a soils study. Complying with the City of Los Angeles Building and Safety requirements will reduce the impact to a less than significant level.	
d.	NO IMPACT	A project would have a significant geologic hazard impact if it would cause or accelerate geologic hazards which would result in substantial damage to structures or infrastructure, or expose people to substantial risk of injury. A project-related significant adverse effect may occur if the project is located in a hillside area with soil conditions that would suggest a high potential for sliding. According to the ZIMAS and the California Department of Conservation's Seismic Hazard Zones Map for the Beverly Hills Quadrangle, the project is not located within a seismic hazard zone for	

			Mitigation
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	s	fr en an in an ann an ann	ž v v
		landsliding or faulting. Additionally, per	
		the site Topography Survey, dated March	
		31, 2013 and NavigateLA, the project site	
		is flat. Due to the subsurface geotechnical characteristics, the relatively flat nature of	
		the site, the potential for lateral spreading	
		is expected to be very low. Therefore the	
		probability of landslides, including	
		seismically induced landslides, is	
		considered to be very low and no impact	
		would occur.	
le.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
Г ^{С.}		proposed project would be implemented	
		on a site that would be located in a hillside	
		area with unstable geological conditions	
		or soil types that would be susceptible to	
wininisti		failure when saturated. According to the	
Washington		ZIMAS, the project is not located within a	
		seismic hazard zone for landsliding or	
		faulting. Additionally, per the site	
-		Topography Survey dated March 31,	
el versione		2013, and NavigateLA, the project site is	
		flat. Although development of the proposed project has the potential to	
		result in the erosion of soils during site	
ALC: NO.		preparation and construction activities,	
ATTENDED OF		erosion would be reduced by	
		implementation of stringent erosion	
		controls imposed by the City of Los	
avrie control of the second		Angeles through grading and building	
		permit regulations. Minor amounts of	
		erosion and siltation could occur during	
		grading. The potential for soil erosion	
		during the ongoing operation of the	
		proposed project is extremely low due to the generally level topography of the	
		project site and the fact that the project	
		site would be mostly paved-over or built	
		upon, so little soil would be exposed. All	
		grading activities require grading permits	
		from the Department of Building and	
		Safety, which include requirements and	
		standards designed to limit potential	
		impacts to acceptable levels. In addition,	
		all onsite grading and site preparation	
		would comply with applicable provisions	
viaudenziau		of Chapter IX, Division 70 of the LAMC, which addresses grading, excavations,	
Watersoon		and fills. The project does not include	
		grading, clearing, or excavation activities	
		in an area of known or suspected erosion	
	1. 	hazard. Proper grading practices during	
zionuszada		the construction in accordance with City	
		regulations and complying with the Los	
		Angeles Bureau of Sanitation,	
		Wastewater Engineering Services	
I		Division (WESD) letter requirements	

	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	Impacti	Explanation	measures
		dated September 2, 2014, will minimize	
		soil erosion and the loss of topsoil, and	
		will reduce any impacts to a less than	
		significant level.	
ť.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A project would have a significant	
		geologic hazard impact if it could cause or accelerate geologic hazards causing	
		substantial damage to structures or	
		infrastructure, or expose people to	
		substantial risk of injury. For the purpose	
		of this specific issue, a significant impact	
		may occur if the proposed project is built	
		in an unstable area without proper site	
		preparation or design features to provide	
		adequate foundations for buildings, thus	
		posing a hazard to life and property.	
		Development of the proposed project	
		would not have the potential to expose people and structures to seismic-related	
		ground failure, including liquefaction and	
		landslide. Subsidence and ground	
		collapse generally occur in areas with	
		active groundwater withdrawal or	
		petroleum production. The extraction of	
		groundwater or petroleum from	
		sedimentary source rocks can cause the	
		permanent collapse of the pore space	
		previously occupied by the removed fluid.	
		The compaction of subsurface sediments by fluid withdrawal will cause subsidence	
		or ground collapse overlying a pumped	
		reservoir. The project site is not identified	
		by the City as being located in an oil field	
		or within an oil drilling area. In addition,	
		there are no tunnels, groundwater wells,	
		covered quarries, or caves that are	
		located beneath the project site. The	
		proposed project would be required to	
		implement standard construction practices that would ensure that the	
		integrity of the project site and the	
		proposed structures is maintained.	
		Therefore, impacts would be less than	
		significant.Construction of the proposed	
		project will be required by the Department	
		of Building and Safety to comply with the	
		City of Los Angeles Uniform Building	
		Code (Building Code) which is designed	
		to assure safe construction and includes	
		building foundation requirements appropriate to site conditions. With the	
		implementation of the Building Code	
		requirements and the Department of	
		Building and Safety's Soils Report	
		Approval Letter when issued, the potential	
		for landslide lateral spreading,	
		subsidence, liquefaction or collapse would	

		Mitigation
Impact?	Explanation	Measures

		be less-than-significant.	
g.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A project would have a significant geologic hazard impact if it would cause or accelerate geologic hazards which would result in substantial damage to structures or infrastructure, or expose people to substantial risk of injury. For the purpose of this specific issue, a significant impact may occur if the proposed project is built on expansive soils without proper site preparation or design features to provide adequate foundations for buildings, thus posing a hazard to life and property. Expansive soils contain significant amounts of clay particles that swell considerably when wetted and which shrink when dried. Foundations constructed on these soils are subject to uplifting forces caused by the swelling. According to the Geologic Compilation of Quaternary Surficial Deposits in Southern California, Los Angeles 30' X 60' Quadrangle (2012), the soil in this area is made up of Young alluvium, undivided (late Pleistocene) Unconsolidated, generally friable, stream-deposited silt, sand and gravel on canyon floors; surfaces may show slight to moderate pedogenic soil development. Therefore, it is not likely that the project site is located on expansive soil. The project will be required prepare a geotechnical report and to adhere to the International Building Code and the California Building Code, which includes structural and materials standards as well as foundation design requirements based upon on-site soil conditions that would mitigate effects of adverse soil conditions to less than	
h.	NO IMPACT	significant. This question would apply to the proposed project only if it was located in an area not served by an existing sewer system. The project site is located in a developed area of the City of Los Angeles, which is served by a wastewater collection, conveyance and treatment system operated by the City of Los Angeles. No septic tanks or alternative disposal systems neither are necessary, nor are they proposed. Thus, no impact would occur.	

		Mitigation	
Impact?	Explanation	Measures	

a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	Greenhouse gases (GHG) are those	
		gaseous constituents of the atmosphere,	
		both natural and anthropogenic (human	
		generated), that absorb and emit radiation	
		at specific wavelengths within the	
		spectrum of terrestrial radiation emitted by	
		the earth's surface, the atmosphere itself,	
		and by clouds. The greenhouse effect	
		compares the Earth and the atmosphere	
		surrounding it to a greenhouse with glass	
		panes. The glass panes in a greenhouse	
		let heat from sunlight in and reduce the	
		amount of heat that escapes. GHGs, such	
		as carbon dioxide (CO2), methane (CH4),	
		and nitrous oxide (N2O), keep the	
		average surface temperature of the Earth	
		close to 60 degrees Fahrenheit (°F).	
		Without the greenhouse effect, the Earth	
		would be a frozen globe with an average	
		surface temperature of about 5°F. The	
		construction and operation of the	
		proposed project would generate GHG	
		emissions. Construction-related	
		emissions would be generated from	
		off-road equipment and vehicle exhaust.	
		Operational emissions include both direct	
		and indirect sources including mobile	
		sources, water use, solid waste, area	
		sources, natural gas, and electricity use	
		emissions. The City has adopted the	
		LAGreen Plan to provide a citywide plan	
		for achieving the City's GHG emissions	
		targets, for both existing and future	
		generation of GHG emissions. In order to	
		further implement the LA Green Plan's	
		goal of improving energy conservation	
		and efficiency, the Los Angeles City	
		Council has adopted multiple ordinances	
		and updates to establish the current Los	
		Angeles Green Building Code applicable	
		to new development projects. As it relates	
		to new development, the City adopted the	
		LAGreen Building Code, and in some	
		cases, outlines stricter GHG reduction	
		measures available to development	
		projects in the City of Los Angeles. The	
		LAGreen Building Code requires projects	
		to achieve a 20 percent reduction in	
		potable water use and wastewater	
		generation, meet and exceed Title 24	
		Standards. As the LAGreen Building	
		Code applicable provisions of the	
		CALGreen Code, a new development	
		project that can demonstrate it complies	
		with the LA Green Building Code is	
l		considered consistent with statewide	
		GHG reduction goals and policies	
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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
		Ren A B F 5 C 1 F C & U C F 1 F	I RECOVERS
na mana mana mang dala mang kana mang dala dala dala dala mang mang mang mang mang mang mang man		including AB32 (California Global Warming Solutions Act of 2006). Through required implementation of the LA Green Building Code, the proposed project would be consistent with local and statewide goals and polices aimed at reducing the generation of GHGs. Therefore, the proposed project's generation of GHG emissions would not make a cumulatively considerable contribution to emissions. Air quality mitigation measures identified in this	
MANDON AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN		report such as water use conservation and bicycle parking and additional project-specific mitigation such as complying with LAGreen codes will be required in order to reduce the global cumulative impacts to a less than significant level.	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would conflict with an applicable plan, policy or regulation adopted for the purpose of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gases. The California legislature passed Senate Bill (SB) 375 to connect regional transportation planning to land use decisions made at a local level. SB 375 requires the metropolitan planning organizations to prepare an SCS in their regional transportation plans to achieve the per capita GHG reduction targets. For the SCAG region, the SCS is contained in the 2012-2035 RTP/SCS. The 2012-2035 RTP/SCS focuses the majority of new housing and job growth in high-quality transit areas and other opportunity areas on existing main streets, in downtowns, and commercial corridors, resulting in an improved jobs-housing balance and more opportunity for transit-oriented development. In addition, SB 743, adopted September 27, 2013, encourages land use and transportation planning decisions and investments that reduce vehicle miles traveled that contribute to GHG emissions, as required by AB 32. As described in Question VII.a, the proposed project would be consistent with local and statewide goals and policies aimed at reducing the generation of GHGs, including CARB's AB 32 Scoping Plan aimed at achieving 1990 GHG emission levels by 2020. The project would provide infill residential development proximate to a major transportation corridor (i.e., Santa Monica	

Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
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	Boulevard) and would not interfere with SCAG's ability to implement the regional strategies outlined in the 2012-2035 RTP/SCS. The proposed project would provide residential units to meet demand for housing in proximity to urban uses, including transportation/transit and would provide a healthy environment by reducing vehicle trips and corresponding GHG emissions. Therefore, the proposed project's generation of GHG emissions would not make a cumulatively considerable contribution to conflicting with an applicable plan, policy or regulation for the purposes of reducing the emissions of greenhouse gasses and project's impact would be less than significant.	
VIII. HAZARDS AND HAZARDOUS MA		
a. LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials. The proposed project involved the construction and operation of a multi-family residential project. Construction of the proposed project would involve the temporary use of potentially hazardous materials, including vehicle fuels, oils, and transmission fluids. Operation of the project would involve the limited use and storage of common hazardous substances typical of those used in multi-family residential developments, including lubricants, paints, solvents, custodial products (e.g., cleaning supplies), pesticides and other landscaping supplies, and vehicle fuels, oils, and transmission fluids. No industrial uses or activities are proposed that would result in the use or discharge of unregulated hazardous materials and/or substances, or create a public hazard through transport, use, or disposal. As a residential development, the proposed project would not involve large quantities of hazardous materials that would require routine transport, use, or disposal. With compliance to applicable standards and regulations and adherence to manufacturer's instructions related to the transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials, the proposed project would not create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine	

		Mitigation
Impact?	Explanation	Measures

		transport, use, or disposal of hazardous	
		materials, and impacts would be less than	
		significant.	
-			
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if a project	
		utilizes quantities of hazardous materials	
		as part of its routine operations and could	
		potentially pose a hazard to nearby	
		sensitive receptors under accident or	
		upset conditions. The proposed project is	
		not anticipated to result in a substantial	
		release of hazardous materials into the	
		environment. The subject site is not within	
		a hazardous Waste/Border Zone, the	
		project site does not contain any oil or	
		gas wells, but the subject site is identified	
		as within a Methane Buffer Zone (ZIMAS).	
	* energy of the second	The project is required to comply with the	
		City Ordinance no 175790 and 180619	
		that require preparation of a methane	
		assessment prior to redevelopment of a	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	site located within a methane zone and	
		implementation of the appropriate	
		Methane Mitigation Standards, outlined	
		by the City's Department of Building and	
		Safety. Section 91.7102 of the Municipal	
		Code requires all multiple residential	
		buildings shall have adequate ventilation	
		of a gas-detection system installed in the	
		basement or on the lowest floor level on	
		grade, and within the under-floor space in	
		buildings with raised foundations.	
		Compliance with these City standards	
		would ensure that project impacts related	
		to methane would be less than significant.	
		The existing multi-family residential	
		building and retail store on the project site	
		have not been surveyed for	
		asbestos-containing materials (ACMs)	
		and lead-based paint (LBP). Demolition of	
		these buildings would have the potential	
		to release asbestos fibers into the	
		atmosphere if such materials exist and	
		they are not properly stabilized or	
		removed prior to demolition activities. The	
		removal of asbestos is regulated by	
		SCAQMD Rule 1403; therefore, any	
		asbestos found on-site would be required	
		to be removed by a certified asbestos	
		containment contractor in accordance	
		with applicable regulations prior to	
		demolition. Similarly, it is likely that	
		lead-based paint is present in buildings	
		constructed prior to 1979. Compliance	
	-	with existing State laws regarding	
		removal would be required. With this	
		compliance, the proposed project would	
		result in a less-than-significant impact	

Im	pac	:17

		Irelated to asbestos and LBP.	
	NO IMPACT		
C.		Construction activities have the potential to result in the release, emission,	
		handling, and disposal of hazardous	
		materials within one-quarter mile of an	
		existing school. The closest public school	
		to the project site is Nora Sterry	
		Elementary School located at 1730	
		Corinth Ave, approximately 200 feet	
		across Sawtelle Blvd. west of the project	
		site. The proposed project would provide	
		for a infill development that consists of	
		residential use. This type of use would be	
		expected to use and store very small	
		amounts of hazardous materials, such as	
		paints, solvents, cleaners, pesticides, etc.	
		Nevertheless, all hazardous materials	
		within the project site would be acquired,	
		handled, used, stored, transported, and	
		disposed of in accordance with all	
		applicable federal, State, and local	
		requirements to reduce impacts to less	
		than significant.	
d.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
		project site is included on a list of	
		hazardous materials sites compiled	
		pursuant to Government Code Section	
		65962.5 and would create a significant	
		hazard to the public or the environment.	
		The California Department of Toxic	
		Substances Control (DTSC) maintains a	
		database (EnviroStor) that provides	
		access to detailed information on	
		hazardous waste permitted sites and	
		corrective action facilities, as well as	
		existing site cleanup information.	
		EnviroStor also provides information on	
		investigation, cleanup, permitting, and/or	
		corrective actions that are planned, being	
		conducted, or have been completed	
		under DTSC's oversight. The subject site is currently developed with a retail store	
		and a multi-family building. A review of	
		EnviroStor did not identify any records of	
		hazardous waste facilities on the project	
	20 March 1997	site. Therefore, the proposed project	
		would not be located on a site that is	
		included on a list of hazardous materials	
		sites or create a significant hazard to the	
		public or the environment, and no impact	
		would occur.	
		Mitigation	
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Impact?	Explanation	Measures	

	NO IMPACT	A significant project-related impact may occur if the proposed project were placed within a public airport land use plan area, or within two miles of a public airport, and subject to a safety hazard. The closest public airport to the project site is the Los Angeles International Airport (LAX) (approximately 6.5 miles). Therefore, the project site is not located within an airport land use plan or within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, no impact would occur.	
	NO IMPACT	The subject site is not located within the vicinity of a private airstrip (ZIMAS). The closest private airport is the Santa Monica private airstrip (approximately 1.75 miles). The project will not result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project site. The proposed project site is within an urbanized region, and in a neighborhood which is largely designated for residential and commercial uses. Therefore, no impacts are anticipated to occur.	
g.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A project would have a significant impact to hazards and hazardous materials if the project involved possible interference with an emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan. The proposed project of 48 dwelling units is not located on or near an adopted emergency response or evacuation plan. The nearest Disaster Route to the project site is Santa Monica Blvd. Development of the project site may require temporary and/or partial street closures due to construction activities. Nonetheless, while such closures may cause temporary inconvenience, they would not be expected to substantially interfere with emergency response or evacuation plans. The proposed project would not cause permanent alterations to vehicular circulation routes and patterns impede public access or travel upon public rights-of-way. Additionally, development of the proposed project would not adversely affect access on Santa Monica Boulevard either temporarily during construction or long-term during operation. Further, the proposed project will be required to meet all fire and safety requirements of the Department of Building and Safety, the Los Angeles Police Department, and the Los Angeles Fire Department. In summary, the	

			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
	¥	E P / A E A Y E Y	3
		proposed project does not include	
		permanent changes in public	
		through-traffic flow or impair access to a route heavily relied on by emergency	
		services, and the project is not expected	
		to impair emergency evacuation or	
esso essenti		response. Therefore, impacts will be less	
outineesiste		than significant.	
h.	NO IMPACT	The subject site is not located in a Very	annet (1999) and a state of the State of t
1		High Fire Hazard Severity zone, Fire	
		District No.1 (ZIMAS), Brush Fire Hazard	
Contraction of the local data		area, or Inadequate Fire Hydrant Service	
		area (Environmental and Public Facilities	
		Maps 1996). The subject site is located in	
ł		a developed and urbanized region, and	
No.		therefore would not expose people and/or	
		structures to a significant loss, injury, or	
		death involving wildland fires. In addition,	
-		the proposed structure is not expected to	
		increase the fire hazard in the project	
		area and will be required to meet all fire	
		safety requirements of the Department of	
		Building and Safety and the Los Angeles Fire Department. Therefore, no impacts	
		are anticipated to occur.	
		are anticipated to wood.	
<u>[IX.]</u>	HYDROLOGY AND WATER QUALITY		
a.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
		proposed project discharges water that	
		does not meet the quality standards of	
		agencies which regulate surface water	
		quality and water discharge into storm	
		water drainage systems. A significant	
		impact would also occur if the proposed project would not comply with all	
*		applicable regulations with regard to	
		surface water quality as governed by the	
		Los Angeles Regional Water Quality	
		Control Board (LARWQCB). The	
-		proposed project includes development of	
SPACIFICATION		a 48-unit residential building in an urban	
		area and would not have any point-source	
l		discharges. As is typical of most	
		non-industrial urban development,	
		stormwater runoff from the proposed	
		project has the potential to introduce	
		small amounts of pollutants into the	
		stormwater system. There is a potential	
		impact during the proposed project's long	
		term operations due to pollutants contained in water runoff from the site	
		which may be carried into storm drains	
	E	· · ·	
		land discharged into the stormwater runoff.	1
		and discharged into the stormwater runoff	
		control system. Pollutants would be	
		control system. Pollutants would be associated with runoff from landscaped	
		control system. Pollutants would be	

	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	FISEPERE 1	LAUSCONGLIVI	INGRACKS OF A
		cleaners). These include: oil, grease, metals, and hydrocarbons from streets, parking lots, and driveways, dirt from unpaved areas, herbicides, pesticides and fertilizer from landscaped areas and animal wastes. Construction-related activities of the proposed project also have the potential to contribute to pollutants in water runoff from the site. The proposed project would be required to comply with the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) standards and the City's Stormwater and Urban Runoff Pollution Control Ordinance to ensure pollutant loads from the project site are minimized for downstream receiving waters. Since the project site will be covered with more than 80% impervious surfaces, the project falls within the second tier of LID requirements, which states that development projects that involve five or more units intended for residential uses and result in an alteration of at least 50% or more of the impervious surfaces on an existing developed site, the entire site must comply with the standards and requirements of Section 64.7, Article 4.4 of Chapter VI of the LAMC and with the Development Best Management Practices Handbook. The site shall be designed to manage and capture stormwater runoff to the maximum extent feasible utilizing various LID techniques, including but not limited to infiltration, evapotranspiration, capture for use, high efficiency bio-filtration and retention systems BMP (listed in priority order). If partial or complete onsite compliance of any type is technically infeasible, the project site and LID Plan shall be required to comply with all applicable SUSMP requirements in order to maximize onsite compliance. Therefore, operational water quality impacts would be less than	
).	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	significant. A project would have a significant impact on groundwater level if it would change potable water levels sufficiently to reduce the ability of a water utility to use the groundwater basin for public water supplies, conjunctive use purposes, storage of imported water, summer/winter peaking, or respond to emergencies and drought; or reduce yields of adjacent wells or well fields; or adversely change the rate or direction of flow of groundwater; or	

Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
Land and a second se	างร้างสรรษฐ์แกรมแสมของสรรมสรรษฐการของสรรษฐการสรรมสรรษฐการสรรมสรรม 	
	result in demonstrable and sustained reduction in groundwater recharge capacity. The proposed project involves the construction of a 48-unit residential building in a heavily developed and urbanized region. The subject site does not contain any natural and/or significant drainage features, such as streams or rivers. The proposed project would not require the use of groundwater at the project site. Potable water would be supplied by the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP), which draws its water supplies from distant sources for which it conducts its own assessment and mitigation of potential environmental impacts. Therefore, the project would not require direct additions or withdrawals of groundwater. The project site is composed of more than 80% impervious surfaces. As such, surface water runoff from the project site is directed to adjacent storm drains. This area of Los Angeles is not known to have a high groundwater table. Historically and per the Seismic Hazard Zone Report for the Beverly Hills 7.5-Minute Quadrangle, 1998, highest groundwater in this area of Los Angeles is estimated to be more than 30 feet below the ground surface. Because the depth of groundwater is sufficiently lower than the depth of proposed excavation, a permanent dewatering system is not required. Therefore, construction of the proposed project would not deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge. No impact to the groundwater table would occur.	
LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A project would have a significant impact on surface water hydrology if it would result in a permanent, adverse change to the movement of surface water sufficient to produce a substantial change in the current or direction of water flow. The project site is located in a highly urbanized area of Los Angeles, and no streams or river courses are located on or within the project vicinity. The project site is mostly impervious with some landscaped areas. Implementation of the proposed project would not increase site runoff or result any changes in the local drainage patterns. Implementation of the SWPPP and LID Plan, however, as required pursuant to Section 64.70 of the LAMC, would reduce the amount of	

			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
C.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	surface water runoff after storm events, as the proposed project would be required to implement stormwater BMPs to retain or treat the runoff from a storm event producing ¾ inch of rainfall in a 24-hour period. Therefore, any potential impacts will be mitigated to a level of insignificance related to surface water hydrology or result in substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site. A project would have a significant impact on surface water hydrology if it would result in a permanent, adverse change to the movement of surface water sufficient to produce a substantial change in the current or direction of water flow. The proposed project would not result in a significant increase in site runoff, or any changes in the local drainage patterns. The subject site is in an urbanized area. Water runoff would drain into the existing storm drain system. The project site is currently developed and stormwater runoff is directed to the adjacent stormwater infrastructure serving the greater project area. The project site will be covered with more than 80% impervious surfaces. As such, the rate of surface water runoff under the proposed project would not increase as compared to existing conditions. The proposed project will comply with the City's stormwater management provisions per LAMC. Section 64.70, including implementation of the Best Management Practices	
		therein, and therefore, impacts related to flooding on- and off-site will be reduced to a less-than-significant level.	
۵.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A project would have a significant impact on surface water quality if discharges associated with the project would create pollution, contamination, or nuisance as defined in Section 13050 of the California Water Code (CWC) or that cause regulatory standards to be violated, as defined in the applicable National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) stormwater permit or Water Quality Control Plan for the receiving water body. For the purpose of this specific issue, a significant impact may occur if the volume of storm water runoff from the project site were to increase to a level which exceeds the capacity of the storm drain system serving the project site. A significant adverse effect would	

			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
		also occur if a project substantially	
		increases the probability that polluted	
		runoff would reach the storm drain	
		system. The project site is covered with	
		more than 80% impervious surfaces. All	
		surface water is directed off site to the	
		adjacent storm drain system on Sawttle	
		Boulevard, as illustrated on the Figure 1	
		of the Los Angeles Bureau of Sanitation,	
		Wastewater Engineering Services	
		Division (WESD) letter dated September	
		2, 2014 . Pursuant to local practice and	
		Section 64.7 of the LAMC, storm water	
		retention will be required as part of the	
		LID/SUSMP implementation features	
		(despite no increased imperviousness of	
		the site). Any contaminants gathered	
		during routine cleaning of construction	
		equipment would be disposed of in	
		compliance with applicable stormwater	
		pollution prevention permits. Further, any	
		pollutants from the parking areas would	
		be subject to the requirements and	
		regulations of the NPDES and applicable	
		Stormwater LID Ordinance. The proposed	
		project will be required to demonstrate	
		compliance with Stormwater LID	
		Ordinance standards and retain or treat	
		the first ¾ inch of rainfall in a 24-hour	
		period, which will reduce the proposed	
		project's impact to the stormwater	
		infrastructure. Therefore, with	
		implementation of the Los Angeles	
		Bureau of Sanitation, Wastewater	
		Engineering Services Division (WESD)	
		letter requirements dated September 2,	
		2014, short-term construction-related	
		impacts and long-term operational	
		impacts related to the amount of runoff	
		and the capacity of the storm drain	
		system will be reduced to a	
		less-than-significant level.	
F.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if a project	
		includes potential sources of water	
		pollutants that would have the potential to	
		substantially degrade water quality. The	
		proposed project does not include	
		potential sources of contaminants, which	
		could potentially degrade water quality	
		and would comply with all federal, state	
		and local regulations governing	
		stormwater discharge. Therefore, impacts	
		would be less than significant.	

Impact?	Mitigation Measures				
	Explanation	A significant impact may occur if the project was located within a 100-year flood zone, which would impede or redirect flood flows. The project site is not in an area designated as a 100-year flood hazard area. The project site is located in a highly urbanized area and, as no changes to the local drainage pattern would occur with implementation of the proposed project, the proposed project would not have the potential to impede or redirect floodwater flows. No impact would occur.	A significant impact may occur if the project was located within a 100-year flood zone, which would impede or redirect flood flows. The project site is not in an area designated as a 100-year flood hazard area. The project site is located in a highly urbanized area and, as no changes to the local drainage pattern would occur with implementation of the proposed project the proposed project would occur.	A significant impact may occur if the proposed project exposes people or structures to a significant risk of loss or death caused by the failure of a levee or death caused by the failure of a levee or dam, including but not limited to a seismically-induced seiche. Seiches are large waves generated in very large enclosed bodies of water or partially enclosed arms of the sea in response to ground shaking. Tsunamis are waves generated in large bodies of water by fault displacement or major ground movement. Based on the lack of such large enclosed water bodies nearby, seiches and tsunami risks are considered nit. Thus, the proposed project would not expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam and no impact would occur.	A significant impact would occur if the project site is sufficiently close to the ocean or other water body to be potentially at risk of the effects of seismically-induced tidal phenomena (i.e., seiche and tsunami), or if the project site is located adjacent to a hillside area with soil characteristics that would indicate
	Impact?		NO IMPACT	NO IMPACT	NO IMPACT

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		Mitigation
Impact?	Explanation	Measures
	mudflows. The proposed project site is not located in a potential seiche or tsunami zone. The project site is relatively flat. There are no adjacent bodies of water, and the site is not located within a State Earthquake Induced Landslide Zone. Therefore, the project site is not subject to slope instability, tsunamis, and seiches. Due to the relatively level topography and developed properties within the project area, the potential for mudflow to impact the project site is	
	relatively low. Therefore, no impact would	
	оссиг.	
X. LAND USE AND PLANNI		
a. NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would be sufficiently large or configured in such a way so as to create a physical barrier within an established community. A physical division of an established community is caused by an impediment to through travel or a physical barrier, such as a new freeway with limited access between neighborhoods on either side of the freeway, or major street closures. The proposed project site is located within an urbanized area of the West Los Angeles community and is consistent with the existing physical arrangement of the properties within the vicinity of the site. The proposed project would result in the demolition of a retail store and a multi-family building and the construction of 42 new multi-family residential units. Because the project site is already developed with residential and uses, no separation of land use or disruption of access between land use types would occur as a result of the proposed project. Accordingly, implementation of the proposed project would not disrupt or divide the physical arrangement of the established community, and no impact would occur. The proposed project would not involve any street vacation or closure or result in development of new thoroughfares or highways. The project involves construction of a 42,152 square foot building with 42 multi-family dwelling units in an area that is already developed with similar uses and the associated infrastructure. The project site is located in a highly urbanized area of the City. The site is surrounded by existing multi-family and single-family residential and	

		ner en	Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
b.	POTENTIALLY SIGNIFICANT UNLESS	commercial uses and roadways. The project will not divide an established community. The Applicant is requesting approval of a zone change from C2-1VL to RAS4. With the approval of the requested zone change, the proposed project still will be consistent with the zoning and general plan designation of the project site and vicinity. Therefore, no impacts related to this issue would occur.	X-60
D.	MITIGATION INCORPORATED	The project site is currently zoned C2-1VL with the land use designation of Neighborhood Commercial per the West Los Angeles Community Plan. The applicant is requesting approval of a zone change to RAS4. The C2-1VL designation indicates that the project site is located in Height District 1VL, which specifies a building height limit of 45 feet above grade, and limits Floor Area Ratio (FAR) on the project site to 1.5:1. As a result of zone change, the allowable building area increases from 15,612 (10,408 x 1.5) square feet to 31,224 (10,408 x 3) square feet. The applied zone RAS4-1VL has the same height restriction as C2-1VL, and both zones allow residential use. Also density is restricted to 400 square feet per dwelling unit in both zones, but the FAR in RAS4-1VL zone increases to 3:1. The proposed project would be comprised of 42 residential dwelling units. The lot area (12,610 square feet), including half of the alleys (1,420 square feet) allows 35 units. In consideration of reserving 11% of the 35 units (four units) for very low-Income tenants,which allows for a 35% increase in density to 48 units, two on-menu Affordable Housing Incentives are requested to permit a 35% increase in the floor area ratio (FAR), 4.0:1 in lieu of 3.0:1, permitting 42,152 square feet in lieu of 31224 square feet (after zone change), and increase in height permitting 56' in lieu of 45'. Therefore, the type of land uses proposed as part of the project (multi-family residential) and the number of dwelling units (48) are allowed as a "by-right" development at the project site and under existing zone. As a zone change case, the project would be consistent with the General Plan and be in conformity with	

		Mitigation
Impact?	Explanation	Measures
1	public necessity, convenience, general	
	welfare and good zoning practice.	
	Vehicle parking shall be provided	
	consistent with LAMC 12.22 A.25. The	
	applicant has selected Density Bonus	
	Parking Option 1, which permits one	
	on-site parking space for each	
	residential unit with one or fewer	
	bedrooms; two on-site parking spaces	
	for each residential unit with two to	
	three bedrooms. Based upon the	
	number and type of dwelling units	
	proposed (74 efficiency units and 12	
	two-bedroom) at least 98 parking	
	spaces shall be provided. However,	
	per Bicycle Parking Ordinance no	
	182386, since the project has applied	
	for a density bonus, up to 30% of the	
	required automobile parking may be	
	replaced. The project has provided 77	
	parking spaces and it has no conflict	
	with applicable policy or regulation.	
	Therefore, the proposed project would	
	conform to the allowable land uses	
	pursuant to the Los Angeles Municipal	
	Code. The project site is within 500	
	feet of the 405 Freeway. Adverse	
	impacts on future occupants may	
	result due to the existing air pollution	
	levels in the vicinity, Installation of an	
	air filtration system will reduce	
	impacts level to less than significant.	
NO IMPACT	A project-related significant adverse effect	
	could occur if the project site were located	
	within an area governed by a habitat	
	conservation plan or natural community	
	conservation plan. As discussed in	
New York Control of Co	Section IV.f above, no such plans	
	presently exist which govern any portion	
	of the project site. Further, the project site	
	is located in an area, which is already	
	fully developed with residential and	
	commercial uses, and is also within a	
	heavily urbanized area of Los Angeles	
	and therefore, no impact would occur.	
I. MINERAL RESOURCES		
a. NO IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the	
	project site is located in an area used or	
	available for extraction of a	
	regionally-important mineral resource, or	
	if the development would convert an	
	existing or future regionally-important	
	mineral extraction use to another use, or	
	if the development would affect access to	

Impact? Explanation Mitigation extraction. The project site is located in an urban developed setting, and is therefore not likely to be a suitable site for mining of any sort, surface or otherwise. There is no knowledge of the presence of mineral resources that would be of value to the region and residents of the State on the project site; subsequently, the project is not expected to result in the loss of availability of said mineral resources. The project site is not located in a known area of mineral resources to inclusion and Public Facilities Maps 1996). Therefore, no impact associated with the loss of availability of a known mineral resource. b. NO IMPACT A significant impact may occur if the project site is located in an area used or availability of a known mineral resource, or if the development would affort access to a site used or potentially available for tregionally-important mineral resource, or if the development would affort access to a site used or potentially available for tregionally-important mineral resource (2) and if the development would affort access to a site used or potentially available for tregionally-important mineral resource (2) and if the development would affort access to a site used or potentially available for tregionally-important mineral resource and if the development would affort access to a site used or potentially available for tregionally-important mineral resource and if the development would affort access to a site used or potentially available for tregionally-important mineral resource and if the development would affort access to a site used or potentially available for tregionally-important mineral resource and is sociated with the loss of availability of a known mineral resource would occur. KI. MOISE A significant impact may occur if the proposed proje
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an urban developed setting, and is therefore not likely to be a suitable site for mining of any sort, surface or otherwise, There is no knowledge of the presence of mining of any sort, surface or otherwise, There is no knowledge of the presence of mining of any sort, surface or otherwise, There is no knowledge of the presence of mining of any sort, surface or otherwise, There is no knowledge of the State on the project site; isbesquently, the project is not expected to result in the loss of availability of said mineral resources. The project site is not located in a known area of mineral resources (Environmental and Public Facilities Maps 1980; Therefore, no impact associated with the loss of availability of a known mineral resource would occur. b. NO IMPACT A significant impact may occur if the project site is located in an area used or availabile for extraction or a regionally-important mineral resource, or if the development would affect access to a site used or potentially available for regionally-important mineral resource extraction. The project site is not lo
an urban developed setting, and is therefore not likely to be a suitable site for mining of any sort, surface or otherwise, There is no knowledge of the presence of mining of any sort, surface or otherwise, There is no knowledge of the presence of mining of any sort, surface or otherwise, There is no knowledge of the presence of mining of any sort, surface or otherwise, There is no knowledge of the State on the project site; isbesquently, the project is not expected to result in the loss of availability of said mineral resources. The project site is not located in a known area of mineral resources (Environmental and Public Facilities Maps 1980; Therefore, no impact associated with the loss of availability of a known mineral resource would occur. b. NO IMPACT A significant impact may occur if the project site is located in an area used or availabile for extraction or a regionally-important mineral resource, or if the development would affect access to a site used or potentially available for regionally-important mineral resource extraction. The project site is not lo
b. NO IMPACT A significant impact may occur if the project site is not known in the region and result in the loss of availability of a known interal resources. The project site is not expected to result in the loss of availability of a known interal resources. The project site is not located in a known Oil Field (Navigate LA) or in a known area of mineral resources (Environmental and Public Facilities Maps 1996). Therefore, no impact associated with the loss of availability of a known mineral resource. b. NO IMPACT A significant impact may occur if the project site is not located in a rea used or availability of a known mineral resource, or if the development would convert an existing or future regionally-important mineral resource, or if the development would affect access to a site used or potentially available for regionally-important mineral resource extraction. The project site is not located within a NoI Drilling District. Therefore, no impact associated within a Oil Drilling District. Therefore, no impact associated with the loss of a site used or potentially available for a site is not located within a Oil Drilling District. Therefore, no impact associated with the loss of a site used or potentially available for a site is not located within a Nineral resource. XII. NOISE A significant impact may occur if the project site is not located with the loss of a valiability of a known mineral resource. a. LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT A significant impact may occur if the proposed project would generate excess
nining of any sort, surface or otherwise. There is no knowledge of the presence of mineral resources that would be of value to the region and residents of the State on the project site; subsequently, the project is not expected to result in the loss of availability of said mineral resources. The project site is not located in a known Oil Field (Navigate LA) or in a known area of mineral resources (Environmental and Public Facilities Maps 1996). Therefore, no impact associated with the loss of availability of a known mineral resource would occur. b. NO IMPACT A significant impact may occur if the project site is located in a narea used or availability of a known mineral resource, or if the development would convert an existing or future regionally-important mineral resource, or if the development would affect access to a site used or project site is not located within a Mineral Resource Zone 2 (MRZ-2) Area. As stated above, the project site is not located within a Oil Drilling District. Therefore, no impact associated with the loss of availability of a known mineral resource. xtit. NOISE a. LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT a. LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT A significant impact may occur if the proposed project would generate excess
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environment at the project site to exceed
noise level standards set forth in the City of Los Angeles General Plan Noise
Element (Noise Element) and the City of
Los Angeles Noise Ordinance (Noise
Ordinance). The City of Los Angeles has
established policies and regulations
concerning the generation and control of
noise that could adversely affect its
citizens and noise-sensitive land uses.
The noise sensitive uses within 500 feet
of the project include residences, Nora
Sterry Elementary School, West Los
Angeles Regional Library, and Felicia
Mahood Senior Citizen Center. The
proposed project involves the
construction of 48 residential dwelling
units. Implementation of the proposed

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			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
		project would result in an increase in ambient noise levels during both construction and operation, however, it is unlikely to result in new sources of noise in which would exceed levels established in the General Plan or Municipal Code. On-site operational noise would be generated by heating, ventilation, and air conditioning equipment installed in the new development. However, any on-site stationary sources of noise are required to comply with the LAMC Section 112.02 which prohibits noise from this type of equipment from exceeding the ambient noise level on the premises of other occupied properties by more than five decibels. A temporary increase in noise levels is expected to occur during the construction phase, due to the heavy construction activity, and could be audible to those sensitive uses closest to the project site. The construction activities on the proposed site are expected to be short-term. Chapter IV, Article 1, Section 41.40 of the LAMC establishes permitted construction/demolition hours to 7 AM – 9 PM, Monday through Friday, 8 AM – 6 PM on Saturdays or national holidays, and no work is permitted on Sundays. Therefore, the corresponding noise will be minimized, and should reduce any potentially significant impacts to less than significant. Impacts due to noise from vehicular traffic would be less-than-significant.	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	Groundborne vibration and noise levels in residential land uses are lower than those found in commercial or industrial land uses, and are unlikely to exceed existing levels and levels established in the General Plan or LAMC. Construction activities can generate varying degrees of vibration, depending on the construction procedures and the type of construction equipment used. Therefore, the proposed project is expected to create a temporary increase in groundborne vibration and/or groundborne noise during the construction phase, due to the heavy construction activity, and could be felt/ audible to the closest residents and other noise sensitive uses to the project site. Nonetheless, the duration of construction activities on the proposed site is expected to be short-term. The LAMC limits	

			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
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		construction hours, therefore construction	
honournetien		of the project will be typical of residential structures and impacts from excessive	
		groundborne vibration and noise levels	
		are anticipated to be less than significant.	
	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the	
c.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT INFACT	proposed project were to result in a	
		substantial permanent increase in	
		ambient noise levels above existing	
		ambient noise levels without the proposed	
		project. According to the City of Los	
our contraction of the second		Angeles, CEQA Thresholds Guide, a	
		project would have a significant impact on	
and the second		noise levels from project operations if the	
		project causes the ambient noise level	
ta kana da kana		measured at the property line of the affected uses to increase by three	
		decibels (dBA) in Community Noise	
-		Exposure Level (CNEL) to or within the	
		normally "unacceptable" or "clearly	
		unacceptable" category, or any five dBA	
		or greater noise increase. The proposed	
		project involves the construction of 48	
		residential units and roof-decks. The	
		project will result in a permanent, if minimal increase in ambient noise levels.	
		The project will comply with Noise	
		Ordinance Nos. 144,331 and 161,574,	
		which prohibit the emission or creation of	
		noise beyond certain levels at adjacent	
		uses. New stationary sources of noise,	
		such as rooftop mechanical HVAC	
		equipment would be installed on the	
		proposed development. The design of the	
		equipment will be required to comply with LAMC Section 112.02, which prohibits	
		noise from air conditioning, refrigeration,	
		heating, pumping, and filtering equipment	
		from exceeding the ambient noise level	
		on the premises of other occupied	
		properties by more than five dBA. The	
		anticipated increase does not meet or	
		exceed guidelines or thresholds of significance for adverse impact: 75 or	
		more dwelling units. With implementation	
		of the current regulations that address	
		rooftop mechanical equipment, a	
		substantial permanent increase for	
		nearby sensitive receptors would be	
		reduced to a less than significant level.	
d.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
		project resulted in substantial temporary	
		or periodic increase in ambient noise	
		levels. A temporary increase in noise	
		levels is expected to occur during the construction phase, due to the heavy	
ł		formation pridac, due to the fieavy	vedeta

			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
		construction equipment and related construction activity, and could be audible to the closest residents to the project site. The Los Angeles CEQA Thresholds Guide establishes the threshold for a significant impact of construction noise if construction activities lasting more than one day would increase the ambient noise levels by 10 dBA or more at any off-site noise-sensitive location. In addition, the Los Angeles CEQA Thresholds Guide also states that construction activities lasting more than ten days in a three-month period, which would increase ambient exterior noise levels by 5 dBA or more at a noise sensitive use, would also normally result in a significant impact. As discussed above, impacts are expected to be less than significant for construction noise and vibration, and operational noise and vibration and the duration of construction activities on the proposed site are expected to be short-term. Chapter IV, Article , Section 41.40 of the LAMC establishes permitted construction/demolition hours of 7 AM to 9 PM – Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 6	
		PM on Saturdays or National Holidays, and no work permitted on Sundays. Noise impacts related to construction will be less than significant.	
e.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the proposed project were located within an airport land use plan and would introduce substantial new sources of noise or substantially add to existing sources of noise within or in the vicinity of the project site. There are no airports within a two-mile radius of the project site, and the project site is not within any airport land use plan or airport hazard zone (ZIMAS). The closest airport is the LAX international airport (approximately 6.5 miles). The proposed project would not expose people to excessive noise levels associated with airport uses. No impact would occur.	
4 .	NO IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels from a private airstrip. The proposed project is not within the vicinity of a private airstrip. The closest private airport is the Santa Monica Airport (approximately 1.7 miles).	

			Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
In the following the state state state of the state st		Accordingly, the proposed project would not expose people working or residing in the project area to excessive noise levels from a private airstrip. Therefore, no	
		limpact would occur.	
	POPULATION AND HOUSING	Improcedule of the second of t	
and generation of			
Ω.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A potentially significant impact would occur if the proposed project would induce substantial population growth that would not have otherwise occurred as rapidly or in as great a magnitude. The proposed project would result in the development of 48 residential units. Based on the community's household demographics (e.g., an average of 2.05 persons per household for West Los Angeles Community Plan Area), the construction of 39 additional residential dwelling units would result in an increase of approximately 80 new permanent residents in the area (Los Angeles Department of City Planning/Demographics Research Unit, Effective October 1, 2009). The proposed increase in housing units and population would not be substantial, and would not result in an adverse physical change in the environment; or introduce unplanned infrastructure that was not previously evaluated in the adopted Community Plan or General Plan. Therefore, impacts related to housing would be less than simplement	
b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	significant. A potentially significant impact would occur if the proposed project would result	alte Staff generation of a second and that that that the staff of the staff of the second s
		in the displacement of existing housing units, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere. The proposed project would consist of the development of 48 new apartments units land use on a site that is currently occupied by an approximately 78-year old, 1-story commercial retail building and an approximately 60-year old, two-story nine-unit apartment building. As such, displacement of existing housing would occur with the proposed project. The proposed project would increase the number of apartment units on the site by 39. Therefore, impacts associated with displacement would be less than significant.	

		Mitigation
Impact?	Explanation	Measures

C.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A potentially significant impact would occur if the proposed project would result in the displacement of people, necessitating the construction of	
		replacement housing elsewhere. The	
		proposed project would consist of the	
		development of 48 new apartments units	
L-MOCTIVE ANAL		on a site that is currently occupied by nine	
		existing apartments units. As such, displacement of existing housing would	
Citable in City		occur with the proposed project. The	
and the second		proposed project would increase the	
		number of apartment units on the site by	
		39. Therefore, impacts associated with	
and the second se		displacement would be less than significant.	
XIV.			
-	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	
		LAFD could not adequately serve the	
		proposed project, necessitating a new or	
		physically altered station. Pursuant to	
		LAMC Section 57.09.07A, the maximum response distance between residential	
		land uses and a LAFD fire station that	
		houses an engine or truck company is 1.5	
		miles. The subject site is within the vicinity	
		of Los Angeles Fire Department (LAFD),	
		fire Station 37 (Engine and Truck Company service) located at 1090	
		Veteran Avenue approximately 1.3 miles	
		northeast of the project site, which is	
		below the 1.5-mile threshold Maximum	
		Response Distance for engine or truck	
		companies for neighborhood land uses identified in the L.A. CEQA Thresholds	
		Guide. The proposed project would result	
		in an increase of 39 units. The increased	
		residential activity associated with the	
		proposed project could increase the	
		number of emergency calls and demand	
		for LAFD fire and emergency services. To maintain the level of fire protection and	
		emergency services at the time of the	
		proposed project's build-out, the LAFD	
		may require additional fire personnel and	
		equipment. However, it is not anticipated	
		that there would be a need to build a new or expand an existing fire station to serve	
		the proposed project and maintain	
		acceptable service ratios, response times,	
		or other performance objectives for fire	
		protection. By analyzing data from	
Ì		previous years and continuously monitoring current data regarding	
		response times, types of incidents, and	
		call frequencies, LAFD can shift	
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		~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Mitigation
	Impact?	Explanation	Measures
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b.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	resources to meet local demands for fire protection. The proposed project would neither create capacity or service level problems nor result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for fire protection. Therefore, the proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact. A significant impact would occur if the Los	
		Angeles Police Department (LAPD) could not adequately serve the proposed project, necessitating a new or physically altered station. The subject site is served by the Los Angeles Police Department, West Los Angeles Area Division located at 1663 Butler Ave. (approximately 0.3 miles west of the project site). The proposed project will be reviewed by the LAPD, and will comply with public safety requirements and policies. The proposed project would result in an increase of 39 units. However, the proposed project would incorporate security features to provide for the safety of on-site residents. These features would include sufficient lighting throughout the project site to ensure safety and visibility. Entryways, lobbies, and parking areas would also be well illuminated and designed to eliminate areas of concealment. In addition, prior to the issuance of a building permit, the LAPD would review the project plans to ensure that the design of the project follows the LAPD's Design Out Crime Program, an initiative that introduces the techniques of Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) to all City departments beyond the LAPD. Through the incorporation of these techniques into the project design, in combination with the safety features already incorporated into the proposed project, the proposed project would neither create capacity/service level problems nor result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times or other performance objectives for police protection. Therefore, the proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to	

		Mitigation
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		police protection services.	
C.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would include substantial employment or population growth, which could generate a demand for school facilities that would exceed the capacity of the school district. The proposed project would be primarily served by the Los Angeles Unified School District's (LAUSD) Nora Sterry Elementary School, which is located at 1730 Corinth Ave. (approximately 130 feet south of the project site), Emerson Middle School, which is located at 1650 Selby Ave. (approximately 1.1 mile northeast of the project site), and University Senior High School located at 11800 Texas Ave. (approximately 0.9 mile northwest of the project site). The proposed project would add 39 residential units and would generate a total of approximately 10 students, including 5 elementary students, 3 middle school students, and 2 high school District, Student Generation Rate Calculation, February 25, 2008). However, development of the proposed project would be subject to California Government Code Section 65995, which would allow LAUSD to collect impact fees from developers of new residential and commercial space. Conformance to California Government Code Section 65995 is deemed to provide full and complete mitigation of impacts to school facilities. Therefore, the proposed project would result in a tess-than-significant impact to public schools.	
d.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would exceed the capacity or capability of the local park system to serve the proposed project. The City of Los Angeles Department of Recreation and Parks (RAP) is responsible for the provision, maintenance, and operation of public recreational and park facilities and services in the City. The project site is located within a highly urbanized area of the West Los Angeles community and is currently below the standard ratio. The proposed project would result in an increase of 39 units, which could result in increased demand for parks and recreation facilities. The proposed project would meet the minimum code	

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		requirements for open space as required by the LAMC. The proposed project will provide a minimum of 5,525 square feet of open space areas, including private open space balconies and roof deck. These project features would reduce the demand for park space created by the proposed project. In addition, payment of required impact fees by the proposed residential development within the City of Los Angeles per LAMC Sections 21.10.3(a)(1) (Dwelling Unit Construction Tax) and 12.33 (Dedication of Land or Payment for Park and Recreational Facilities as a Requirement for a Zone Change for a Multiple Residential Use ) could offset some of the increased demand by helping fund new facilities, as well as the maintenance and/or expansion of existing facilities. Therefore, the proposed project would not create capacity or service level problems, or result in substantial physical impacts associated with the provision or new or altered parks facilities. Accordingly, the proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact on park facilities.	
e,	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would result in substantial employment or population growth that could generate a demand for other public facilities, including libraries, which exceed the capacity available to serve the project site, necessitating new or physically altered public facilities, the construction of which would cause significant environmental impacts. The LA public library closest to the project site is West Los Angeles Regional Library, located at 11360 Santa Monica Blvd. (approximately 0.2 mi west of the project site). The proposed project would result in an increase of 39 units, which could result in increased demand for library services and resources of the LAPL System. While the increase in population as a result of the proposed project may create a demand for library services, the proposed project would not create substantial capacity or service level problems that would require the provision of new or physically altered library facilities in order to maintain an acceptable level of service for libraries. Therefore, the proposed project would result in a less-than-significant impact on library	

		Mitigation
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		services.	
V. RECREATION			
	IIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if a project	
		includes substantial employment or	
		population growth, which would increase	
		the use of existing neighborhood and	
		regional parks or other recreational	
		facilities, such that substantial physical	
		deterioration of the facility would occur or	
		be accelerated. Based on the City of Los	
		Angeles CEQA Thresholds Guide, the	
		determination of whether the project	
		results in a significant impact on	
		recreation and parks shall be made	
		considering the following factors: (a) the	
		net population increase resulting from the	
		project; (b) the demand for recreation and	
		park services anticipated at the time of	
		project buildout compared to the expected	
		level of service available, considering, as	
		applicable, scheduled improvements to	
		recreation and park services (renovation,	
		expansion, or addition) and the project's	
		proportional contribution to the demand;	
		and (c) whether the project includes features that would reduce the demand	
		for park services (e.g., on-site recreation	
		facilities, land dedication, or direct	
		financial support to the Department of	
		Recreation and Parks). The proposed	
		project will provide a minimum of 5,525	
		square feet of open space areas,	
		including private open space balconies	
		and roof deck. The availability of these	
		on-site recreation amenities and	
		opportunities would serve to reduce the	
		demand for off-site park services.	
		Notwithstanding the availability of on-site	
		open space areas, it is reasonable to	
		assume that future occupants of the	
		proposed project would utilize recreation	
		and park facilities in the surrounding area.	
		Westwood Recreation Center at 1350	
		South Sepulveda Blvd, is 0.7 mile	
		northeast of the project site and Stoner	
		Recreation Center, located at 1835	
		Stoner Ave. is approximately 0.8 mile	
		southwest of the project site. The	
		proposed project would not substantially	
		increase the use of existing neighborhood	
9. 		and regional parks or other recreational	
No. of the second s		facilities such that substantial physical	
		deterioration of the facility would occur or	
		be accelerated. Under the City's	
		mandatory Dwelling Unit Construction	
		Tax, which is collected prior to a	

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Stan to have been all and the set to service a state water water water water water water and the set of the set		certificate of occupancy for residential land uses, the proposed project's impact upon parks and recreational facilities would be reduced to a less than significant level.	
	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would necessitate construction of new recreational facilities, which would adversely impact the environment, or require the expansion or development of parks or other recreational facilities in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, or other performance objectives for parks. The proposed project would include approximately 5,588 square feet of project amenities, including private open space balconies and roof deck. As previously discussed above, the proposed project would not require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities beyond the limits of the project site. Although the proposed project would place some additional demands on park facilities, the Increase in demand would be met through a combination of on-site amenities and existing parks in the project area. The proposed project's increased demands upon recreational facilities would not in and of itself result in the construction of a new park, which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment. Thus, impacts to park and recreational facilities would be less than significant.	
V1/1	TRANSPORTATION/TRAFFIC	han ogansan.	
<u>a</u> .	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact could occur if a project were to result in substantial increases in traffic volumes in the vicinity of the project such that the existing street capacity experiences a decrease in the existing volume to capacity ratios, or experiences increased traffic congestion exceeding the Los Angeles Department of Transportation's (LADOT) recommended level of service. The project would develop 48 dwelling units on the project site. According to the Los Angeles Department of Transportation (LADOT) Referral Form, dated November 25, 2014, the proposed 48 residential units project is expected to generate a net increase of 154 daily trips, an et increase of 16 A.M. peak hour trips. The LADOT has determined that the proposed project will	

			Mitigation
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		not have significant conflict with an applicable plan, ordinance or policy establishing measures of effectiveness for the performance of the circulation system. Therefore, although the proposed project will result in an increase in traffic, the increase is expected to have a less than significant impact on the existing load and capacity of the street system.	
Ь.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	The Congestion Management program	
		(CMP) is a State-mandated program that serves as the monitoring and analytical basis for transportation funding decisions in the County made through the Regional Transportation Improvement Program (RTIP) and State Transportation Improvement Program (STIP) processes. The CMP requires that a Traffic Impact Analysis (TIA) be performed for all CMP arterial monitoring intersections where a project would add 50 or more trips during either the morning or afternoon weekday peak hours and all mainline freeway monitoring locations where a project would add 150 or more trips (in either direction) during the morning or afternoon weekday peak hours. According to the LADOT referral Form dated November 25 2014, 2014, the proposed 48 residential units project is expected to generate a net increase of 154 daily trips, a net increase of 16 A.M. peak hour trips. therefore, the project will not add 50 or more trips to the CPM intersections. The project peak hour trips generation is also below the freeway threshold of 150 directional trips. Therefore, no CMP analysis is required and the proposed project impacts on congestion management programs is less than	
c.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the proposed project involved an aviation-related use or would influence changes to existing flight paths. The proposed project is not located within an airport hazard zone (ZIMAS), nor an airport land use plan, or within two miles of a public airport, or public use airport. The closest public airport is Los Angeles International Airport (approximately 6.5 miles). The proposed project does not include any aviation-related uses and would have no airport impact. It would also not require any modification of flight	

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-		paths for the existing airports in the Los	
		Angeles Basin. Therefore, no Impact	
		would occur.	
d.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the	
0.		proposed project includes new roadway	
		design or introduces a new land use or	
	de	features into an area with specific	
		transportation requirements and	
		characteristics that have not been	
		previously experienced in that area, or if a	
	re Çukoo	project site access or other features were	
		designed in such a way as to create	
		hazard condition. The proposed project	
		would not include unusual or hazardous	
		design features. Access to the project's	
		parking garage would be provided via a	
		two-way driveway located at eastside	
		alley along the southeast property corner.	
		The applicant is required to consult with	
		DOT for driveway location and	
		specifications prior to the commencement	
		of any architectural plans and final DOT	
		approval shall be obtained prior to	
		issuance of any building permits. With	
		proper site planning and implementation	
		of the infrastructural deficiencies	
		adjustments of 2-foot	
		dedication/improvement to Sawtelle Blvd.,	
		5-foot dedication to the north alley and	
		2.5-foot dedication to the east alley, per	
		Bureau of Engineering letter, dated	
		September 24, 2014, associated impacts	
		will be mitigated to a less than significant	
		level.	
e.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the	
		project design would not provide	
		emergency access meeting the	
		requirements of the Los Angeles Fire	
		Department (LAFD), or in any other way	
	amonto the second s	threatened the ability of emergency	
		vehicles to access and serve the project	
		site or adjacent uses. The proposed	
		project is not located on or near an	
		adopted emergency response or	
		evacuation plan. The proposed project	
		involves development of a 48 dwelling	
		units. The subject site is on Sawtelle	
		Blvd., which is designated in the Streets	
		and Highways Element of the City's	
		General Plan and the West Los Angeles	
		Community Plan, as a Collector Street	
		and has not been adopted as an	
		emergency response or evacuation plan.	
		Santa Monica Blvd, at the north and	
1		Olympic Blvd, at the south of the project	
		site are both designated as Disaster	

	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
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		Routes. The 405 Freeway at the east of	
		the project site is also designated as the	
		Freeway Disaster Route. Sawtelle Blvd. as a designated Collector Street, carries a	
		half right-of-way 32-foot and two alleys in	
		north and east of the project site a 10-foot	
		half right-of-way. The project is required	
		to improves all portions of Sawtelle Blvd.,	
(		alleys, and alleys' intersection cut along	
		the project frontage that currently do not	
		meet this standard, according to the	
		Bureau of Engineering letter dated September 24, 2014. Development of the	
		project site may require temporary and/or	
ľ		partial street closures due to construction	
		activities. Any such closures would be	
		temporary in nature and would be	
		coordinated with the Departments of	
-		Transportation, Building and Safety, and	
		Public Works. Nonetheless, while such	
		closures may cause temporary	
		inconvenience, they would not be expected to substantially interfere with	
		emergency response or evacuation plans.	
-		Therefore, the proposed project would not	
		cause permanent alterations to vehicular	
		circulation routes and patterns, impede	
		public access, or travel upon public	
		rights-of-way. The proposed project would	
		be subject to the plan review	
		requirements of the LAFD and the Los Angeles Police Department (LAPD) to	
		ensure that all access roads, driveways	
		and parking areas would remain	
		accessible to emergency service vehicles.	
		The proposed project would satisfy the	
		emergency response requirements of the	
<b>ANALYSIS</b>		LAFD. Furthermore, as discussed above,	
omnaganingts		there are no hazardous design features	
		included in the access design or site plan	
and the second se		for the proposed project that could impede emergency access. Therefore,	
		impacts to emergency access will be less	
		than significant level.	
f.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if the	
••		proposed project would conflict with	
		adopted policies or involve modification of	
		existing alternative transportation facilities	
		located on- or off-site. The proposed	
		project would not require the disruption of	
		public transportation routes. Furthermore,	
		the proposed project would not interfere	
		with any class I or class II bikeway	
		systems. Since the proposed project would not modify or conflict with any	
		alternative transportation policies, plans	
		EXEMPTERIZED CONTRACTOR AND A MARCENCE	

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XVI	. UTILITIES AND SERVICE SYSTE	ИS	
	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the	zete za novez, krali krali krali krali za za za krali krali za
inder -		proposed project would exceed	
		wastewater treatment requirements of the	
		(Los Angeles Regional Water Quality	
		Control Board). A significant impact would	
		also occur if the proposed project would	
		increase water consumption or	
		wastewater generation to such a degree	
		that the capacity of facilities currently	
		serving the project site would be	
		exceeded. The project site is located	
		within the service area of the Hyperion	
		Treatment Plant (HTP), which	
		experiences an average daily flow of 362	
		mgd, below a capacity of 450 mgd.	
		According to the Los Angeles Bureau of	
		Sanitation, Wastewater Engineering	
		Services Division (WESD) letter dated	
		September 2, 2014, the proposed project	
		would generate approximately 5,610	
		gallons (or 0.00561 mgd) of wastewater	
		per day. As a proportion of total average	
		daily flow experienced by the HTP, the	
		wastewater generation of the proposed	
		project would account for a small	
		percentage of average daily wastewater	
		flow. This increase in wastewater flow	
		would not jeopardize the HTP to operate	
		within its established wastewater	
		treatment requirements. WESD has	
		evaluated the local sewer condition at the	
		project area and has determined that the	
		sewer system might be able to	
		accommodate the total flow for the	
		proposed project. WESD will determine	
		the sewer connection point as part of the	
		permit process, and the project will build	
		sewer lines to a point in the sewer system	
		with sufficient capacity. Therefore, with	
		implementation of the WESD	
		requirements, the proposed project would	
		result in a less-than-significant impact	
		related to wastewater treatment	
		requirements.	
).	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if a project	
		would increase water consumption or	
		wastewater generation to such a degree	
		that the capacity of facilities currently	
		serving the project site would be	
		exceeded. Prior to any construction	
		activities, the project applicant would be	
		required to coordinate with the City of Los	
		Angeles Bureau of Sanitation (BOS) to	
		determine the exact wastewater	
		conveyance requirements of the proposed	
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	Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	11120-00-0		
		project, and any upgrades to the wastewater lines in the vicinity of the project site that are needed to adequately serve the proposed project would be undertaken as part of the project. Therefore, impacts related to wastewater treatment would be less than significant. The proposed project would use up to approximately 5,544 gpd of water more than existing buildings. The estimated water demand for the proposed project is conservative and provides a worst-case scenario, since it does not take into account reductions from inclusion of these water conservation features. Features, such as drought tolerant landscaping, high-efficiency toilets, and "smart" irrigation controllers could result in a reduction in potable water consumption by at least 20 percent and landscaping water demand by at least 50 percent. LADWP conducts water planning based on forecast population growth. Accordingly, the increase in residential population resulting from the proposed project would not be considered substantial in consideration of anticipated growth. The new 80 residents as a result of the proposed project would be consistent with projected Citywide growth, and, therefore, the project demand for water is not anticipated to require new water supply entitlements and/or require the expansion of existing or construction of new water treatment facilities beyond those already considered in the 2010 Urban Water Management Plan. Thus, it is anticipated that the proposed project would not create any water system capacity issues, and there would be sufficient reliable water supplies available to meet project demands. Therefore, the proposed project would have a less-than-significant operational impact related to water supply and	
c.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	A significant impact would occur if the proposed project would increase surface water runoff, resulting in the need for expanded off-site storm water drainage facilities. Development of the proposed project would maintain existing drainage patterns; site-generated surface water runoff would continue to flow to the City's storm drain system. Since the project site is almost entirely impervious, impermeable surfaces resulting from the	

		Mitigation
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	development of the project would not significantly change the volume of storm water runoff. Accordingly, since the volume of runoff from the site would not measurably increase over existing conditions, water runoff after development would not exceed the capacity of existing or planned drainage systems. With implementation of the Los Angeles Bureau of Sanitation, Wastewater Engineering Services Division (WESD) letter requirements, dated September 2, 2014, the proposed project would not create or contribute runoff water that would exacerbate any existing deficiencies in the storm drain system or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff. Therefore, the proposed	
	project would result in a less-than-significant impact related to existing storm drain capacities.	
d. LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT		

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	impact?	Explanation	Measures
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		amendment that requires 20 percent reduction in wastewater generation, and would further reduce impacts associated with this issue to a level that is less than significant. Impacts to water supplies will be less than significant.	
e.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	Based upon the criteria established in the City of Los Angeles CEQA Thresholds Guide, a project would normally have a significant wastewater impact if: (a) the project would cause a measureable increase in wastewater flows to a point where, and a time when, a sewer's capacity is already constrained or that would cause a sewer's capacity to become constrained; or (b) the project's additional wastewater flows would substantially or incrementally exceed the future scheduled capacity of any one treatment plant by generating flows greater than those anticipated in the Wastewater Facilities Plan or General Plan and its Elements. As stated above in XVII b., the sewage flow will ultimately be conveyed to the Hyperion Treatment Plant, which has sufficient capacity for the proposed project. Also WESD, per the letter dated September 2, 2014, determines the local sewer system capacity to accommodate the total flow for the proposed project. Therefore,	
f.	LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	impacts would be less than significant. A significant impact may occur if a project were to increase solid waste generation to a degree such that the existing and projected landfill capacity would be insufficient to accommodate the additional solid waste. Within the City of Los Angeles, the Sunshine Canyon Landfill and the Chiquita Canyon Landfill serve existing land uses within the City. Both landfills accept residential, commercial, and construction waste. The proposed project's net generation during the life of the proposed project would be approximately 587 pounds per day (48 units x12.23 lbs/ households/ day) according to the City of Los Angeles Bureau of Sanitation, Solid Waste Generation, 1981. This estimate is conservative, as it does not factor in any recycling or waste diversion programs. The proposed project's solid waste would be handled by private waste collection services. The amount of waste is minimal compared to daily capacities of nearby	

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		recycling or disposal facilities and transfer stations and these modest amounts would be further reduced through source reduction and recycling programs (i.e., AB 939 and AB 341), further reducing the amount of solid waste to be disposed of at the landfills described above. Further, the proposed project would not conflict with solid waste policies or objectives that are required by law, statute, or regulation. Therefore, with implementation of recommendations contained in the WESD letter dated September 2, 2014, on Solid Resource Requirements, the impact would be less than significant.	
g.	NO IMPACT	A significant impact may occur if a project would generate solid waste that was not disposed of in accordance with applicable regulations. Solid waste generated on-site by the proposed project would be disposed of in accordance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations related to solid waste, such as the California Integrated Solid Waste Management (ISWM) Act (also known as AB 939). The amount of project-related waste disposed of at area landfills would be reduced through recycling and waste diversion programs implemented by the City, in compliance with the City's Solid Waste Management Policy Plan (CiSWMPP), which is the long-range solid waste management policy for the City, and the Source Reduction and Recycling Element (SRRE), which is the strategic action policy plan for diverting solid waste from landfills. The project would also comply with applicable regulatory measures, including the provisions of City of Los Angeles Ordinance No. 171,687 with regard to all new construction; the provision of permanent, clearly marked, durable, source sorted bins to facilitate the separation and deposit of recyclable materials; implementation of a demolition and construction debris recycling plan, with the explicit intent of requiring recycling during all phases of site preparation and building construction. Finally, the project should comply with the solid waste requirements in the Bureau of Sanitation letter, dated September 2, 2014. With the implementation of the regulatory measures, waste generated by the project would not significantly alter the projected timeline for landfills within the region to reach capacity. Therefore, since	

		Mitigation
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	Ithe proposed project would comply with	
	the proposed project would comply with local, state, and federal regulations no	
	impact with respect to these regulations	
	would occur.	
VIII. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIG		
		สมสมขามมากรายความสาวาน เป็นสาวาน สามารถสาวานสาวานสาวานสาวานสาวานสาวานสาวานสาวา
LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT	The project proposes the construction of a 48 units multi-family dwelling. The	
	project site is located in an urbanized	
	region that is mostly segmented and lacks	
	the continuity, which is consistent with	
	those known to support any non-avian	
	candidate, sensitive, or special-status	
	species. Moreover, the subject site has	
	not been identified as being a Significant	
	Ecological Area (City of Los Angeles,	
	Environmental and Public Facilities Map	
	1996). The subject site lacks any riparian	
	habitat or other sensitive natural	
	community, and does not contain any	
	wetlands. The subject is not identified as	
	being a site or an area of historical	
	significance, therefore it is unlikely that	
	the proposed project will have impacts on	
	important examples of the major periods	
	of California history. Also, the subject site	
	is not in the vicinity of an Archaeological	
	Survey Area and an Archaeological Site (City of Los Angeles, Environmental and	
	Public Facilities Maps 1996, Prehistoric &	
	Historic Archaeological Sites and Survey	
	Areas Map). However, there may be a	
	possibility for the discovery of unrecorded	
	archaeological resources during the	
	proposed grading activity. The mitigation	
	measures proposed in Section V of this	
	document are expected to reduce any	
	potential impacts to a less than significant	
	level. The subject site and vicinity are not	
	identified as being located in a Vertebrate	
	Paleontological Area (City of Los	
	Angeles, Environmental and Public	
	Facilities Maps 1996, Vertebrate	
	Paleontological Resources Map). It is	
	possible that site excavation could	
	uncover paleontological resources.	
	Compliance with the City's Standard	
	Conditions of Approval will ensure that if	
	any previously unknown paleontological	
	resources are discovered during the	
	excavation period of construction, such resources will be handled properly and	
	reduce any potential impacts to a level	
	that is less than significant.	
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b. LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT A significant impact may occur if a project, in conjunction with other related projects in the area of the project site, would result in impacts that are less than significant when viewed separately, but would be significant when viewed cumulatively. The project site is located in an urban setting which is developed primarily with multi-family, single-family and commercial buildings. The proposed project involves new construction of a 48-unit residential building. Any development activity which may occur is most likely to comply with all applicable federal, State, and City Regulations that would preclude significant cumulative impacts with regard to geology and soils, cultural resources, hazards and hazardous materials, hydrology and water quality, and transportation and traffic. Compliance with City regulations and mitigation measures contained herein would ensure that any cumulative impacts related to	
in the area of the project site, would result in impacts that are less than significant when viewed separately, but would be significant when viewed cumulatively. The project site is located in an urban setting which is developed primarily with multi-family, single-family and commercial buildings. The proposed project involves new construction of a 48-unit residential building. Any development activity which may occur is most likely to comply with all applicable federal, State, and City Regulations that would preclude significant cumulative impacts with regard to geology and soils, cultural resources, hazards and hazardous materials, hydrology and water quality, and transportation and traffic. Compliance with City regulations and mitigation measures contained herein would ensure	
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measures contained herein would ensure	
aesthetics and land use would be less	
than significant. Furthermore, an increase	
in area population resulting from the	
proposed project and other development	
activity in the area are anticipated to be	
within City and SCAG forecasts;	
therefore, less than significant cumulative	
impacts to population and housing are	
anticipated. Similarly, the demands on	
public services such as fire and police	
protection, schools, parks, recreation, and	
solid waste generation resulting from the	
proposed project and other development	
activity in the area are anticipated to be	
less than significant, as described herein.	
As service providers conduct on-going	
evaluations to ensure that facilities are	and the second se
adequate to service the forecasted growth	
of the community, cumulative impacts on	
utilities are concluded to be less than	
significant with the application of	
mitigation measures proposed in this	
report.	
c. LESS THAN SIGNIFICANT IMPACT A significant impact may occur if the	
proposed project has the potential to	
result in significant impacts, as discussed	
in the preceding sections. All potential	
impacts of the proposed project have	
been identified, and mitigation measures	
have been prescribed, where applicable,	
to reduce all potential impacts to	and the second se
less-than-significant levels. Upon	
implementation of mitigation measures	
identified, the proposed project would not	
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Impact?	Explanation	Mitigation Measures
	have the potential to result in substantial adverse impacts on human beings either directly or indirectly.	