CATALINA SWIMWEAR BUILDING

443 South San Pedro Street CHC-2016-3620-HCM ENV-2016-3621-CE

Agenda packet includes:

- 1. Final Staff Recommendation Report
- 2. Categorical Exemption
- 3. <u>Under Consideration Staff Recommendation Report</u>
- 4. Nomination

Please click on each document to be directly taken to the corresponding page of the PDF.

Los Angeles Department of City Planning RECOMMENDATION REPORT

CULTURAL HERITAGE COMMISSION CASE NO.: CHC-2016-3620-HCM

ENV-2016-3621-CE

HEARING DATE: December 15, 2016 Location: 443 South San Pedro Street; 435-451

TIME: 10:00 AM South San Pedro Street; 336 East Winston Street; PLACE: City Hall. Room 1010 342 East Winston Street

City Hall, Room 1010 342 East Winston Street 200 N. Spring Street Council District: 14

Los Angeles, CA 90012 Community Plan Area: Central City

Area Planning Commission: Central

EXPIRATION DATE: January 3, 2017 Neighborhood Council: Downtown Los Angeles

Legal Description: Calo Tract, Lot A and Subdivision

of the Property of Mrs. M.M. Shaw, Lot FR 7

PROJECT: Historic-Cultural Monument Application for the

CATALINA SWIMWEAR BUILDING

REQUEST: Declare the property a Historic-Cultural Monument

OWNER/ Kent Hawkins

Tailor Lofts, LLC

APPLICANT: 4940 Campus Road

Newport Beach, CA 92660

PREPARER: Tara Hamacher

Historic Consultants

256 S. Robertson Boulevard #2401

Beverly Hills, CA 90211

RECOMMENDATION That the Cultural Heritage Commission:

1. **Declare the subject property** a Historic-Cultural Monument per Los Angeles Administrative Code Chapter 9, Division 22, Article 1, Section 22.171.7.

2. Adopt the staff report and findings.

VINCENT P. BERTONI, AICP Director of Planning

[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE] [SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]

Ken Bernstein, AICP, Manager Lambert M. Giessinger, Preservation Architect

Office of Historic Resources

Office of Historic Resources

[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]

Melissa Jones, Planning Assistant

Melissa Jones, Planning Assistar Office of Historic Resources

Attachments: Historic-Cultural Monument Application

FINDINGS

The Catalina Swimwear Building "reflects the broad cultural, economic, or social history
of the nation, state, or community" as an intact example of a garment factory in Downtown
Los Angeles representative of the growth of the local garment industry.

CRITERIA

The criterion is the Cultural Heritage Ordinance which defines a historical or cultural monument as any site (including significant trees or other plant life located thereon) building or structure of particular historic or cultural significance to the City of Los Angeles, such as historic structures or sites in which the broad cultural, economic, or social history of the nation, State or community is reflected or exemplified, or which are identified with historic personages or with important events in the main currents of national, State or local history or which embody the distinguishing characteristics of an architectural type specimen, inherently valuable for a study of a period style or method of construction, or a notable work of a master builder, designer or architect whose individual genius influenced his age.

SUMMARY

The Catalina Swimwear Building is a six-story, industrial building constructed in 1923 located in Downtown Los Angeles at 443 South San Pedro Street, on the southwest corner of South San Pedro and East Winston Streets. It was designed and constructed by William Douglas Lee (1894-1965) for Pacific Knitting Mills, which in 1928 became the Catalina Swimwear Company. Constructed during a period of rapid growth in Los Angeles, this building was Lee's first major commission as an independent architect and is a relic of the early development of the Garment District in Downtown Los Angeles.

Rectangular in shape, the Catalina Swimwear Building is of reinforced concrete construction with a Neoclassical facade sheathed in a Flemish Bond brick pattern. The roof is flat, but interrupted by sawtooth monitors, with east-facing windows providing light to the upper story. The roofline displays a molded projecting cornice across the primary, eastern façade. Characteristic of Neoclassical design, the sixth story of the building features a projecting balconet, molded stringcourse, arched windows, and end bay rounded arch windows framed by pilasters and topped by a broken Classical pediment. Also on the sixth story, window openings are topped by a segmental arch motif, and original monitor roof skylights provide natural light. The upper portion of the primary façade is nine bays wide, with seven central bays containing clusters of steel-sash windows. The outermost bays on the north and south sides of the façade feature a single opening, also with steel sash, operable awning windows. The north elevation shows a concrete framework and the west and south elevations are stucco, with exposed concrete framing. On the first story of the building there is a modified retail storefront with a recessed central entrance. Original terra cotta pilasters with Classical capitals are in place on the front of the structural piers. On the interior, the first floor entrance features an original terrazzo floor abutting the entrance doors. Other notable interior characteristics include a large volume of interior floors, evenly-spaced mushroom columns, and exposed ceiling beams.

William Douglas Lee (1894-1965) was a prominent Los Angeles-based architect and designer whose career spanned 40 years, during which time he worked on many diverse types of buildings: commercial, residential, medical, and educational. Lee obtained his architect license in 1918 and initially worked for Los Angeles architect John M. Cooper; a few years later, in 1922, he started

CHC-2016-3620-HCM 443 South San Pedro Street Page 3 of 4

his own practice. One of the hallmarks of Lee's early work was the formal articulation of building façades in Revival styles, notably in his design of manufacturing buildings which would otherwise appear utilitarian. Other buildings in Los Angeles designed by Lee include the Textile Center Building (1926, HCM-721); Garment Capitol Building (1926, HCM-930); and El Royale Apartments (1929, HCM-309).

Alterations to the Catalina Swimwear Building include the stuccoing of the exterior, plastering over the original terra cotta pilasters on the retail storefront, removal of partition walls on the ground floor in 1960, and the conversion of the property to residential use as artist loft housing in 1992.

The Catalina Swimwear Building was identified in the City's historic resources survey, SurveyLA, as individually eligible for listing at the local, state, and national levels as an excellent, intact example of a garment factory in Downtown Los Angeles.

DISCUSSION

The Catalina Swimwear Building successfully meets one of the Historic-Cultural Monument criteria: it "reflects the broad cultural, economic, or social history of the nation, state, or community" as an intact example of a garment factory in Downtown Los Angeles representative of the growth of the local garment industry. While the applicant argues that the subject property is an example of "a notable work of a master builder, designer, or architect whose individual genius influenced his or her age" as a work of noted architect William Douglas Lee, staff do not find that the property meets this criterion due to the significant alterations to the first floor exterior.

From the time it was constructed in 1923 until 1960, the subject property served as a women's swimwear factory for the Catalina Swimwear Company, one of the oldest clothing manufacturers in California. Garment factories were typically housed in industrial lofts, which feature an emphasis on verticality, rectangular massing, and regular bays of industrial sash windows. Other key characteristic elements of industrial buildings include reinforced concrete construction; 13-15 foot ceilings; open interior floor plan on upper stories; and freight elevators between floors. Within the context of garment factories, the Catalina Swimwear Building continues to exhibit distinctive character-defining features and retains sufficient integrity of location, design, setting, materials, workmanship, feeling, and association to convey its significance.

CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT ("CEQA") FINDINGS

State of California CEQA Guidelines, Article 19, Section 15308, Class 8 "consists of actions taken by regulatory agencies, as authorized by state or local ordinance, to assure the maintenance, restoration, enhancement, or protection of the environment where the regulatory process involves procedures for protection of the environment."

State of California CEQA Guidelines Article 19, Section 15331, Class 31 "consists of projects limited to maintenance, repair, stabilization, rehabilitation, restoration, preservation, conservation or reconstruction of historical resources in a manner consistent with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties with Guidelines for Preserving, Rehabilitating, Restoring, and Reconstructing Historic buildings."

The designation of the Catalina Swimwear Building as an Historic-Cultural Monument in accordance with Chapter 9, Article 1, of The City of Los Angeles Administrative Code ("LAAC") will ensure that future construction activities involving the subject property are regulated in

CHC-2016-3620-HCM 443 South San Pedro Street Page 4 of 4

accordance with Section 22.171.14 of the LAAC. The purpose of the designation is to prevent significant impacts to a Historic-Cultural Monument through the application of the standards set forth in the LAAC. Without the regulation imposed by way of the pending designation, the historic significance and integrity of the subject property could be lost through incompatible alterations and new construction and the demolition of an irreplaceable historic site/open space. The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation are expressly incorporated into the LAAC and provide standards concerning the historically appropriate construction activities which will ensure the continued preservation of the subject property.

The use of Categorical Exemption Class 8 in connection with the proposed designation is consistent with the goals of maintaining, restoring, enhancing, and protecting the environment through the imposition of regulations designed to prevent the degradation of Historic-Cultural Monuments.

The use of Categorical Exemption Class 31 in connection with the proposed designation is consistent with the goals relating to the preservation, rehabilitation, restoration and reconstruction of historic buildings and sites in a manner consistent with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties.

Categorical Exemption ENV-2016-3621-CE was prepared on November 21, 2016.

BACKGROUND

On October 20, 2016, the Cultural Heritage Commission voted to take the subject property under consideration. On November 17, the Commission and staff members from the Office of Historic Resources visited the property.

DATE

CITY OF LOS ANGELES

CITY CLERK'S USE

OFFICE OF THE CITY CLERK 200 NORTH SPRING STREET, ROOM 360 LOS ANGELES, CALIFORNIA 90012

CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY ACT

NOTICE OF EXEMPTION

(California Environmental Quality Act Section 15062)

Filing of this form is optional. If filed, the form shall be filed with the County Clerk, 12400 E. Imperial Highway, Norwalk, CA 90650, pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21152 (b). Pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21167 (d), the filing of this notice starts a 35-day statute of limitations on court challenges to the approval of the project. Failure to file this notice with the County Clerk results in the statute of limitations being extended to 180 days.

LEAD C	CITY AGENCY f Los Angeles Depar						COUNC 14	IL DISTRICT
PROJE	CT TITLE a Swimwear Building				E	OG REFE NV-2016 CHC-2016	-3621-0	CE
	CT LOCATION outh San Pedro Street, L	os Angeles, CA	90013					
DESCR Desig	IPTION OF NATURE, PUR nation of the Catalina S	RPOSE, AND BEN wimwear Building	EFICIARIES C as an Histor	F PROJECT: ric-Cultural Mo	nument.			
NAME (OF PERSON OR AGENCY	CARRYING OUT	PROJECT, IF	OTHER THAN	LEAD CITY AGE	NCY:		
	CT PERSON a Jones			AREA CODE 213	JTELEPHONE 978-1192	NUMBER	1	EXT.
EXEM	PT STATUS: (Check One)	7						
			STATE CEQA	GUIDELINES	C	ITY CEQA	GUIDE	LINES
	MINISTERIAL		Sec. 15	268		Art. II,	Sec. 2b	ij.
	DECLARED EMERGEN	CY	Sec. 15	269		Art. II,	Sec. 2a	(1)
	EMERGENCY PROJEC	Т	Sec. 15	269 (b) & (c)		Art. II,	Sec. 2a	(2) & (3)
×	CATEGORICAL EXEMP	TION	Sec. 15	300 et seq.		Art. III	Sec. 1	
115	Class 8 & :	Catego	ory (C	ity CEQA Guide	lines)			
		Resources Code						
consist enhand Class 3 in a ma Swimw regulat IF FILE	FICATION FOR PROJECT is of "actions taken by region cement, or protection of the 31 applies "to maintenance anner consistent with the Swear Building as an Historions based on the Secretal ED BY APPLICANT, ATTACEPARTMENT HAS FOUND	ulatory agencies, a e environment whe , repair, stabilizatio ecretary of Interior ic-Cultural Monumery of Interior's Stan CH CERTIFIED DO	es authorized been the regulate on, rehabilitation of Standards from the will assure dards to maint OCUMENT ISS	by state or local ory process invoin, restoration, proor the Treatmenth the protection of ain and preserved UED BY THE C	ordinance, to assolves procedures freservation, or rect of Historic Build the environment et he historic site.	for protectic construction ings." Desi by the ena	aintenar on of th n of hist ignation ctment of ENT ST	nce, restoration, e environment." orical resources of the Catalina of project review
SIGNA	WRE		TITLE Planning Ass	sistant		DAT		21, 2016
PEE:	A S	RECEIPT NO.	Transming 7 is	REC'D. BY		DAT		
DISTR	IBUTION: (1) County Clerk	, (2) City Clerk, (3)	Agency Reco	rd				
IF FILE	D BY THE APPLICANT:							
NAME	(PRINTED)	-		SIGNATUR	RE			

Los Angeles Department of City Planning RECOMMENDATION REPORT

CULTURAL HERITAGE COMMISSION CASE NO.: CHC-2016-3620-HCM

ENV-2016-3621-CE

Location: 443 South San Pedro Street; 435-451

South San Pedro Street; 336 East Winston Street;

HEARING DATE: October 20, 2016

10:00 AM TIME:

PLACE: City Hall, Room 1010

200 N. Spring Street Council District: 14

Los Angeles, CA 90012 Community Plan Area: Central City

Area Planning Commission: Central

342 East Winston Street

Neighborhood Council: Downtown Los Angeles Legal Description: Calo Tract, Lot A and Subdivision

of the Property of Mrs. M.M. Shaw, Lot FR 7

PROJECT: Historic-Cultural Monument Application for the

CATALINA SWIMWEAR BUILDING

REQUEST: Declare the property a Historic-Cultural Monument

OWNER/ Kent Hawkins

Tailor Lofts, LLC

APPLICANT: 4940 Campus Road

Newport Beach, CA 92660

PREPARER: Tara Hamacher

Historic Consultants

256 S. Robertson Boulevard #2401

Beverly Hills, CA 90211

RECOMMENDATION That the Cultural Heritage Commission:

- 1. Take the property under consideration as a Historic-Cultural Monument per Los Angeles Administrative Code Chapter 9, Division 22, Article 1, Section 22.171.10 because the application and accompanying photo documentation suggest the submittal warrants further investigation.
- 2. Adopt the report findings.

VINCENT P. BERTONI, AICP **Director of Planning**

[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE] [SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]

Lambert M. Giessinger, Preservation Architect Ken Bernstein, AICP, Manager

Office of Historic Resources Office of Historic Resources

[SIGNED ORIGINAL IN FILE]

Melissa Jones, Planning Assistant Office of Historic Resources

Attachments: Historic-Cultural Monument Application

SUMMARY

The Catalina Swimwear Building is a six-story, industrial building constructed in 1923 located in Downtown Los Angeles at 443 South San Pedro Street, on the southwest corner of South San Pedro and East Winston Streets. It was designed and constructed by William Douglas Lee (1894-1965) for Pacific Knitting Mills, which in 1928 became the Catalina Swimwear Company. Constructed during a period of rapid growth in Los Angeles, this building was Lee's first major commission as an independent architect and is a relic of the early development of the Garment District in Downtown Los Angeles.

Rectangular in shape, the Catalina Swimwear Building is of reinforced concrete construction with a Neoclassical façade sheathed in a Flemish Bond brick pattern. The roof is flat, but interrupted by sawtooth monitors, with east-facing windows providing light to the upper story. The roofline displays a molded projecting cornice across the primary, eastern façade. Characteristic of Neoclassical design, the sixth story of the building features a projecting balconet, molded stringcourse, arched windows, and end bay rounded arch windows framed by pilasters and topped by a broken Classical pediment. Also on the sixth story, window openings are topped by a segmental arch motif, and original monitor roof skylights provide natural light. The upper portion of the primary façade is nine bays wide, with seven central bays containing clusters of steel-sash windows. The outermost bays on the north and south sides of the façade feature a single opening. also with steel sash, operable awning windows. The north elevation shows a concrete framework and the west and south elevations are stucco, with exposed concrete framing. On the first story of the building there is a modified retail storefront with a recessed central entrance. Original terra cotta pilasters with Classical capitals are in place on the front of the structural piers. On the interior, the first floor entrance features an original terrazzo floor abutting the entrance doors. Other notable interior characteristics include a large volume of interior floors, evenly-spaced mushroom columns, and exposed ceiling beams.

William Douglas Lee (1894-1965) was a prominent Los Angeles-based architect and designer whose career spanned 40 years, during which time he worked on many diverse types of buildings: commercial, residential, medical, and educational. Lee obtained his architect license in 1918 and initially worked for Los Angeles architect John M. Cooper; a few years later, in 1922, he started his own practice. One of the hallmarks of Lee's early work was the formal articulation of building façades in Revival styles, notably in his design of manufacturing buildings which would otherwise appear utilitarian. Other buildings in Los Angeles designed by Lee include the Textile Center Building (1926, HCM-721); Garment Capitol Building (1926, HCM-930); and El Royale Apartments (1929, HCM-309).

Alterations to the Catalina Swimwear Building include the stuccoing of the exterior, plastering over the original terra cotta pilasters on the retail storefront, removal of partition walls on the ground floor in 1960, and the conversion of the property to residential use as artist loft housing in 1992.

The Catalina Swimwear Building was identified in the City's historic resources survey, SurveyLA, as individually eligible for listing at the local, state, and national levels as an excellent, intact example of a garment factory in Downtown Los Angeles.

CRITERIA

The criterion is the Cultural Heritage Ordinance which defines a historical or cultural monument as any site (including significant trees or other plant life located thereon) building or structure of particular historic or cultural significance to the City of Los Angeles, such as historic structures or

CHC-2016-3620-HCM 443 South San Pedro Street Page 3 of 3

sites in which the broad cultural, economic, or social history of the nation, State or community is reflected or exemplified, or which are identified with historic personages or with important events in the main currents of national, State or local history or which embody the distinguishing characteristics of an architectural type specimen, inherently valuable for a study of a period style or method of construction, or a notable work of a master builder, designer or architect whose individual genius influenced his age.

FINDINGS

Based on the facts set forth in the summary and application, the Commission determines that the application is complete and that the property may be significant enough to warrant further investigation as a potential Historic-Cultural Monument.

HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT



NOMINATION FORM

1. PROPERTY IDENTIFICATION

Proposed Monument Name: Catalina Swimwear Building First Owner/Tenant Other Associated Names: Council District: 14 Street Address: 443 S. San Pedro Street, Los Angeles Zip: 90013 Range of Addresses on Property: Community Name: Downtown Assessor Parcel Number: 5148011018 Block: N/A Tract: Calo Tract Lot: A Identification cont'd: Natural Proposed Monument Site/Open Space Building Structure Object Feature Property Type: Describe any additional resources located on the property to be included in the nomination, here:

2. CONSTRUCTION HISTORY & CURRENT STATUS

Year built: 1923	Factual	Estimated	Threatened? None	
Architect/Designer: William Doug	glas Lee		Contractor: C.L.Peck	
Original Use: Manufacturing			Present Use: Artist in Resider	nce Lofts
Is the Proposed Monument on its	Original Site?	Yes	No (explain in section 7)	Unknown (explain in section 7)

3. STYLE & MATERIALS

Architectural Style	: Beaux Arts Classicism (NeoClassical)	Stories: 6 Plan Shape: Rectangular		
FEATURE	PRIMARY	SECONDARY		
CONSTRUCTION	Type: Concrete poured/precast	Type: Select		
CLADDING	Material: Brick	Material: Stucco, smooth		
Type: Flat ROOF Material: Rolled asphalt		Type: Select		
		Material: Select		
WINDOWS	Type: Awning	Type:		
WINDOWS Material: Steel		Material: Select		
ENTRY	Style: Centered	Style:		
DOOR	Type: Paneled, glazed	Type: Select		



NOMINATION FORM

4. ALTERATION HISTORY

List date and write a brief description of any major alterations or additions. This section may also be completed on a separate document.
Include copies of permits in the nomination packet. Make sure to list any major alterations for which there are no permits, as well.

include copi	es of permits in the nomination packet. Make sure to list any major afterations for which there are no permits, as well.
38140	August 20, 1923. Loft Building Under Construction
74653	Nov, 14, 1960 Plaster Breast to Cover Existing terra cotta and interior partitions, first floor
89-22751	Certificate of Occupancy Issued for Artist in Residence conversion

5. EXISTING HISTORIC RESOURCE IDENTIFICATION (if known)

Listed in the National Register of Historic Places

Listed in the California Register of Historical Resources

Formally determined eligible for the National and/or California Registers

Located in an Historic Preservation Overlay Zone (HPOZ)

Contributing feature

Non-contributing feature

Determined eligible for national, state, or local landmark

status by an historic resources survey(s)

Survey Name(s):

Other historical or cultural resource designations:

6. APPLICABLE HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT CRITERIA

The proposed monument exemplifies the following Cultural Heritage Ordinance Criteria (Section 22.171.7);

Reflects the broad cultural, economic, or social history of the nation, state, or community

Is identified with historic personages or with important events in the main currents of national, state, or local history

Embodies the distinguising characteristics of an architectural-type specimen, inherently valuable for study of a period, style, or method of construction



A notable work of a master builder, designer, or architect whose individual genius influenced his or her age

HISTORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT



NOMINATION FORM

7. WRITTEN STATEMENTS

This section allows you to discuss at length the significance of the proposed monument and why it should be designated an Historic-Cultural Monument. Type your response on separate documents and attech them to this form.

- A. Proposed Monument Description Describe the proposed monument's physical characteristics and relationship to its surrounding environment. Expand on sections 2 and 3 with a more detailed description of the site. Expand on section 4 and discuss the construction/alteration history in detail if that is necessary to explain the proposed monument's current form. Identify and describe any character-defining elements, structures, interior spaces, or landscape features.
- **B. Statement of Significance** Address the proposed monument's historic, cultural, and/or architectural significance by discussing how it satisfies the HCM criteria you selected in Section 6. You must support your argument with substantial evidence and analysis. The Statement of Significance is your main argument for designation so it is important to substantiate any claims you make with supporting documentation and research.

8. CONTACT INFORMATION

Annlicant

· · · pp···cuit						
Name: Kent Haw	kins	Company: T	ailor Lofts, LL	С		
Street Address:	4940 Campus Drive	City: Newport	Beach		Stat	te: CA
Zip: 92660	Phone Number: 949 752 71	20	Email: kent@	statewideacq	corp.com	
Property Owner	Is	the owner in support of the no	omination?	Yes	No	Unknown
Name:		Company:				
Street Address:		City:			Stat	e:
Zip:	Phone Number:		Email:			
Nomination Prepar	er/Applicant's Representative					
Name: Tara Ham	nacher	Company: H	listoric Consul	ltants		
Street Address:	256 S. Robertson Blvd., #240	1 City: Beverly H	HIIIs		Stat	e: CA
Zip: 90211	Phone Number: 213-379-10	40	Email: tara@l	historicconsult	ants.com	

TORIC-CULTURAL MONUMENT



owner Represatative

NOMINATION FORM

9. SUBMITTAL

When you have completed preparing your nomination, compile all materials in the order specified below. Although the entire packet must not exceed 100 pages, you may send additional material on a CD or flash drive.

APPLICATION CHECKLIST

- ✓ Nomination Form
- Written Statements A and B
- ✓ Bibliography
- Two Primary Photos of Exterior/Main Facade (8x10, the main photo of the proposed monument. Also email a digitial copy of the main photo to: planning.ohr@lacity.org)
- Copies of Primary/Secondary Documentation
- Copies of Building Permits for Major Alterations (include first construction permits)
- Additional, Contemporary Photos
- Historical Photos
- Zimas Parcel Report for all Nominated Parcels (including map)

10. RELEASE

Please read each statement and check the corresponding boxes to indicate that you agree with the statement, then sign below in the provided space. Either the applicant or preparer may sign.

l acknowledge that all documents submitted will become public records under the California Public Records Act, and understand that the documents will be made available upon request to members of the public for inspection and copying,



I acknowledge that all photographs and images submitted as part of this application will become the property of the City of Los Angeles, and understand that permission is granted for use of the photographs and images by the City without any expectation of compensation.



I acknowledge that I have the right to submit or have obtained the appropriate permission to submit all information contained in this application.

Cent Hawkins 3-24-16

Mail your Historic-Cultural Monument Submittal to the Office of Historic Resources.

Office of Historic Resources Department of City Planning 200 N. Spring Street, Room 620 Los Angeles, CA 90012

Phone: 213-978-1200 Website: preservation.lacity.org





A. Proposed Monument Description – Describe the proposed monument's physical characteristics and relationship to its surrounding environment. Expand on Sections 2 and 3 with a more detailed description of the site. Expand on Section 4, and discuss the construction/alteration history in detail if that is necessary to explain the proposed monument's current form. Identify and describe and character-defining elements, structures, interior spaces, and/or landscape features.

The Catalina Swimwear Building is a six story, industrial building constructed in 1923. The façade has Neoclassical features and articulation that reflect early twentieth century architecture, more formal than typical for a building intended for manufacturing purposes. The building was designed by William Douglas Lee, and is Lee's first major commission as an independent architect in Los Angeles. The Catalina Building is located on the southwest corner of San Pedro and Winston Streets.

Two other buildings of similar character and scale, the Westinghouse Electric Building, 420 S. San Pedro Street, (HCM #937) and the Renaissance Building/Elias Katz Shoe Company at 442 S. San Pedro, 1926, occupy the opposite corners on the east side of San Pedro Street. The Renaissance Building, (now the Downtown Women's Center), is located directly opposite the Catalina Swimwear Building and is also a William Douglas Lee design. It features a formal façade with Tudor stylistic details. The formal articulation of a façade in various Revival styles would become the hallmark of Lee's early work, notably in his design of manufacturing buildings of the period which would otherwise appear completely utilitarian.

The Catalina Swimwear building is a rectangular shape, measuring 160 feet x 102 feet, and encompassing 92,538 square feet on the six floors. The upper portion of the primary (east) façade is nine bays wide, with seven central bays containing clusters of steel-sash windows in rectangular openings. The outermost bays on north and south sides of the façade feature only a single opening, also with steel sash, awning windows. The center portion of each window unit is an operable awning sash.

The brick of the upper façade is set in a Flemish Bond pattern, using variegated, slightly-textured bricks with a light brown color. There is a molded stringcourse above the fifth floor windows, setting off the sixth story from the lower façade. The end bays of the sixth story have round arched windows, framed by pilasters and topped by a broken Classical pediment. A projecting balconet at the base of the sixth floor windows is integral with the stringcourse, a combination often displayed by Neoclassic designs. The sixth story window openings are topped by a segmental arch motif, again accentuating the upper story. The articulation of the sixth story is consistent with formal Neoclassical design, and therefore distinguishes the building as more than a typical utilitarian industrial structure. There is a fire escape on the façade, likely original, but it is not ornamental in any manner.

The brick veneer and upper story articulation at the sixth story extends around the first bay of the north elevation, highlighting that corner of the building. The remainder of the north elevation shows a concrete framework, and stucco in the central portion of this surface. The windows are set within incised, rectangular openings, and are regularly spaced, similar to the façade. There is also a fire escape on this elevation.

The rear, (west) elevation and south elevations are stuccoed, with exposed concrete framing. Window openings are irregularly placed, but have the same steel, awning sash, although on this elevation the

openings and windows are of varying dimensions. By contrast, the south elevation only features three rectangular windows, all of the same size, evenly spaced and located on the fourth, fifth, and sixth stories.

The roofline features a molded projecting cornice across the façade. The roof is flat, but interrupted by saw tooth monitors, with east-facing windows providing for light to the upper story. These monitors are not visible from the ground level.

The base of the building features a modified retail storefront with a recessed central entrance. The date of this alteration is unclear in the record, but it would appear that the current façade dates to 1960. A building permit (LA 74653) dated November 14, 1960 describes adding a "plaster breast to cover exiting terra cotta, and interior partitions", with improvements at a height of 17 feet. This description is consistent with the current appearance of the storefront/retail portion of the façade. It is evident that the lower façade has been furred out, obscuring the original storefront design and detailing, although the spacing of the storefront bays is consistent with the upper façade. Forensic examination shows that the furring consists of stucco applied to metal mesh, connected with rebar from the façade to the interior wall. Fortunately, original wood window frames are intact, although the glass is gone. Even more fortunate, original terra cotta pilasters with Classical capitals, are also in place on the front of the structural piers. These pilasters are visible in profile only, but it is clear that they are intact and are stylistically consistent with the Classical detailing of the sixth story. The existence of the original fabric indicates that the alteration of the retail level is reversible and the original appearance could be authentically restored based on the extant fabric.

The Catalina Swimwear building was subsequently converted to residential use as artist loft housing. The conversion was completed by 1992 when a Certificate of Occupancy (89 LA 22751) was issued. The first floor entrance features a terrazzo floor abutting the entrance doors, but that is the only vestige of the original entry area that remains. The building permit for the alteration of the façade in 1960 references removal of partitions, presumably a reference to internal walls between the storefronts. The large volume of the interior floors and evenly-spaced mushroom columns are a notable characteristic. There are no significant or character-defining ornamental features or partitions remaining on the upper stories, suggesting that there were originally open and unobstructed, which would be consistent with the manufacturing use. The only difference between the upper floors is that on the sixth floor, original monitor roof skylights provide natural light and break up the expanse of the ceiling plane.

B. Statement of Significance – Address the proposed monument's historic, cultural and/or historic architectural significance by discussing how it satisfies the HCM criteria you selected in Section 6. You must support your argument with substantial evidence and analysis. The Statement of Significance is your main argument for designation, so it is important to substantiate any claims you make with supporting documentation and research.

Criteria: A notable work of a master builder, designer, or architect whose individual genius influenced his or her age. This building appears to be the first major commission of W. Douglas Lee as an independent architect. His application of Period Revival details to a basic industrial building became his signature detail for buildings in the Garment District.

The Catalina Swimwear Building appears to be the first major industrial and manufacturing facility designed by architect W. Douglas Lee. The Catalina Swimwear Building was constructed in 1923, less than 2 years after Lee began his independent practice, initiating what would be a prolific and influential 40 year career in Los Angeles. The building is of reinforced concrete construction, with a traditional Neoclassic façade sheathed in brick. Its construction is documented by City of Los Angeles Building Permit #88140, issued for a 6 story building with a concrete frame on the southwest corner of San Pedro and Winston Streets.

W. Douglas Lee became a licensed architect in 1918 and initially worked for Los Angeles architect John M. Cooper. Cooper was a Yale-trained architect, and apparently was Lee's mentor. Their projects included commercial buildings, schools, hospitals and offices. This affiliation appears as early as 1916, as noted in a Southwest Building and Contractor listing (1), according to a Los Angeles Times article referring to the Hotel Gothic (2). Cooper and Lee would separate when Lee earned his professional certification. The two would become competitors in Los Angeles generally for the remainder of their careers. Cooper's primary building in the Garment District is the Maxfield Building completed in 1926, and noted for its use of concrete formed to be ornamental. In contrast, Lee's work remained more traditional due to his application of Period Revival details, at least through the 1920's when Lee was in collaboration with the development firm of Casler and Lloyd in the garment district.

W. Douglas Lee received his Certificate to Practice Architecture, granted by the State Board of Architecture in 1921. (3), and started working on his own by early 1922. Again, Southwest Builder and Contractor notes that "Archt. W. Douglas Lee has established an office at 610 Gross Building and desires catalogs and samples of building materials and appliances."(4)

Initially, Lee was engaged in public work. In 1922, Lee was awarded a contract to design an 8 unit school including auditorium by the Los Angeles Board of Education. (5) Lee was preparing plans for a single story warehouse on 17th St. between Main & Hill St. for C. Henry Frost. Lee also designed a brick store and apartment building on the southwest corner of 3rd St. & Vermont Ave. All of this work was relatively small scale but was sufficient to establish Lee's professional practice.

In 1923, the Catalina Swimwear Building represents a larger commission that would set the stage for the initial phase of Lee's career, during which Lee would establish the architectural identity of the Garment District.

Directly across San Pedro Street from the Catalina Swimwear building, W. Douglas Lee designed the Elias Katz Shoe Factory originally named the Renaissance Building, (6) now known as the Los Angeles Woman's Center. In this case, Lee held a 99 year lease on the site, and would own the building upon

completion, leasing it to the Elias Katz Shoe Company for 25 years. (7) He was also the contractor on the project. Lee owned and developed several of his buildings, ultimately through the Realty Holding Corporation which Lee founded in 1928 in order to build and finance income properties in the Los Angeles area. (8)

Both the Catalina Swimwear Building and the Renaissance Building are similar to the extent that they are functional industrial buildings, but distinguished by a formal façade representing Neoclassic and Tudor Revival designs associated with the early 1920's. These two buildings are adjacent to the Westinghouse Electric Building (HCM#937), completed in 1922, that would serve as the Westinghouse headquarters until 1948. While not known to be a Lee design, the Westinghouse Building is consistent in scale and character with the adjacent structures at this intersection.

The Catalina Swimwear Building is an early, signature work that would lead to Lee's subsequent association in 1924 with the influential development team of Florence Casler and William K. Lloyd. Lee's hallmark design formula for these buildings, endorsed as a goal by Florence Casler, was the combination of a formal façade representing various Revival styles of the 1920's, applied to an otherwise functional and utilitarian manufacturing building.

Florence Casler is known for being one of the first female developers in Los Angeles and the only woman involved in the construction of high-rise buildings, and particularly in the Garment district. Following completion of the Catalina Swimwear Building, W. Douglas Lee was commissioned by Casler and Lloyd to create a series of seven specialized industrial buildings that are the centerpieces of the Garment District in the area of Pico Boulevard and Maple Avenue, a few blocks to the west of the cluster of earlier industrial/manufacturing buildings on San Pedro Street.

Lee's designs would establish the architectural/stylistic identity of the Garment district by featuring several Gothic and Renaissance Revival buildings. The team earned acclaim for developing major buildings reflecting, modern and efficient industrial design, detailed in various Revival styles of the period. The majority of the buildings were 12 stories, which is a function of the overriding height limit of 150 feet that governed the core of Los Angeles until 1950. In the case of the Garment District, construction of buildings to the height limit necessitated that they have a very effective vertical circulation and elevator component in order to be efficient for garment manufacturing to be viable in the central core of the city. Garment manufacturing in fact remained active in the central city into the 1950's when most of the manufacturers moved to suburban locations.

Foremost among the Casler and Lee buildings is the Garment Capitol Building (217 E. 8th Street), a 12 story building featuring Gothic Revival detailing (HCM# 930). The collaboration with Casler, working exclusively with Douglas Lee, created six additional buildings in the Garment District, including:

- Allied Craft Building 1925 407 E. Pico Blvd
- Textile Center Building 1926, 315 E. 8th Street
- (HCM #712) Graphic Arts Building, 417 E. Pico Blvd
- Furniture Exchange Building, 1206 Santee Street
- Printing Center 1928, 1220 Maple Avenue
- Merchants Exchange Building, 719 S. Los Angeles Street

Another prominent manufacturing building in the immediate vicinity, although not a garment building, is the Bendix Building, 1206 Maple Avenue. Constructed for the Bendix Corporation for their aviation business, it was completed in 1929. It was developed for Bendix by Lloyd and Casler, again using W. Douglas Lee as the architect. The Bendix Building follows the formula of a light manufacturing building with an ornamental façade, similar to Lee's other industrial/manufacturing buildings in the Garment District. Notably, it appears to be the last building developed by Lloyd and Casler, and marks the end of the Lee's successful affiliation with Casler and Lloyd as well as being the last building developed by Florence Casler.

Following his work with Lloyd and Casler, W. Douglas Lee's practice would change direction and include more diverse building types. Lee would be credited with the design of numerous major buildings, including apartments and hotels. The earliest residential work is the Guardian Arms Hotel, in Hollywood, completed in 1927. Consistent with his extensive utilization of Period Revival features, the Guardian Arms boasts ornate Classical detailing, an ornamental Mansard roof, and Tudor-arches. Compared to his later work, the Guardian Arms is a relatively modest Tudor Revival design for an apartment building that catered primarily to the working class clientele of the movie industry.

In contrast to the Guardian Arms, the most prestigious and well known of Lee's hotel work is the El Royale Apartments at 450 Rossmore Avenue, 1929. (HCM #309) It is one of a series of 'New York Style' sophisticated apartments near Wilshire Country club catering to an elite and powerful clientele. The owner, Barco Investment Company announced construction in August 1929. They hired W. Douglas Lee, known as the 'iconic architect' of the period. The El Royale would feature the Renaissance Revival styles that characterized Lee's other buildings. The clear competitor in to the El Royale in Lee's hotel portfolio is the Chateau Marmont, 8221 Sunset Boulevard, (HCM #151), the grand hotel catering to the Hollywood elite. W. Douglas Lee was the primary architect, working in conjunction with Arnold A. Weitzman.

In his later career, W. Douglas Lee represented the forefront of the modern movement in Los Angeles. In 1959, working with his son, Douglas Everett Lee, they designed the Lee Tower building at 5455 Wilshire Boulevard. In this case, W. Douglas Lee was also the developer and builder, through the Lee Tower Corporation. Completed in 1961, The Lee Tower introduced the appearance of the modern skyscraper in Los Angeles (9).

The Lee Tower was the first skyscraper to surpass the 150 foot height limit following repeal of the height restriction by the Los Angeles City Council. The Lee Tower would far surpass the limit by rising to 280 feet, with 21 stories. Clearly of modern design, it is dramatically different from the Period Revival designs of Lee's earlier career. Constructed with a steel frame, it epitomizes the early phases of steel frame and glass curtain wall design that would typify much of the office tower design of the 1960s, altering the skyline of Los Angeles.

Catalina Swimwear Company

Although not intended to be the topic of this nomination, it is relevant to reference the significance of Catalina Swimwear, the long term occupant of the building from circa 1923, until the building was sold and in 1960, and they relocated to City of Commerce, CA in 1960.

The Catalina Swimwear Company was an influential manufacturer of women's swimwear from the 1920's to the 1960's. One of the oldest clothing manufacturers in California, the company was founded in 1907 by John C. Bentz. Named the Bentz Knitting Mills, the company was known for men's and women's underwear and sweaters. Bentz changed the name to Pacific Knitting Mills in 1912, at the time they began production of swimwear. He changed the name of the company again to Catalina Swimwear in 1928, matching the name of his best-selling swimsuit, the Catalina.



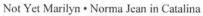
Early Catalina ~ Pacific Knitting Mills 'Catalina' Tank Suit with Iconic Flying Fish Logo

Bentz transitioned the business by capitalizing on the emerging trends in women's swimwear that began to appear in southern California. From a beginning of producing mostly simple one-piece suits for women, Catalina shifted to production of increasingly fashionable and revealing women's swimsuits. The fashion trends were coming out of France and European countries. In addition, as the 1920's moved in to the Prohibition era, the culture of Hollywood celebrities going off shore to places like Santa Catalina Island and the Town of Avalon of the coast of Los Angeles, led the island to be at the forefront of trends in the American swimwear industry. The construction of the Catalina Casino in Avalon, and its correlation with the film and movie industry, made Santa Catalina island a mecca for Hollywood actresses and the film industry, along with the beach and fashion culture that were closely integrated.

The emerging changes in swimsuit fashion brought competition from the sports world from companies like Jantzen for athletic suits and Cole of California, as well as various European swimwear designers. However, during the 1930's, Bentz and Catalina Swimwear remained a leader in the movement in America as Bentz developed his swimsuit line to be sleeker, with more skin exposure.

In the 1930s and 40's, Catalina Swimwear created a strong relationship with the Hollywood movie culture and its association with fashion. Warner Brother costume designer Orry Kelly and color consultant Perc Westhorne designed swimwear for Catalina. Actresses, including Ginger Rogers, Joan Crawford, and Marilyn Monroe, were photographed in Catalina Swimwear.







Elizabeth Taylor ~ Suddenly Last Summer, 1957

The swimwear industry was also associated with the advent of the "pin-up" girl posters, many of which featured women in Catalina swimsuits. This trend began with advertisements in Esquire Magazine in the mid-1930's, and continued in the years prior to World War 2.



Early Pin-Up ~ Esquire Magazine, 1936

Catalina swimsuits were also heavily advertised in Life magazine in the 1940's, and at the time there were matching materials and designs for men and women. Advertisements also played off the California beach reputation, and the Hollywood affiliation with the slogan "Sweethearts in Swimsuits, Styled in California" for the Stars of Hollywood, and YOU" (10)

Catalina swimsuits would remain dominant through the 1950's, although the introduction of the modern bikini in 1946 by French engineer Louis Reard would introduce another change the swimwear fashions, especially in Europe. The gradual acceptance of the bikini by international models and actresses during the 1950's would lead to the fashion trend becoming more acceptable in America by the 1960's, and ultimately brought about the decline of companies like Catalina. In the 1960's, Catalina affiliated with Cole of California, another swimwear firm and former competitor, dating back to 1925.

Catalina Swimwear was also associated with the origins of the Miss America Beauty Pageant in 1921. Started by promoters in Atlantic City as a way to extend the summer season, the pageant was focused on the swimsuit competition until a talent section was added in 1938. In the early years, the swimwear competition was the main event, and by the 1940's all girls wore the same Catalina suits. This continued until 1949. There was no pageant in 1950, and then in 1951, one contestant, Yolanda Betbeze refused to pose for the swimsuit competition. Catalina withdrew its sponsorship at that time, and in 1952, Catalina's parent company Pacific Knitting Mills founded the Miss Universe Pageant.



The Swimsuit Competition, Here She Comes Miss America 1950

Footnotes

- 1. Southwest Builder and Contractor 9/9/1916, pg. 13)
- 2. Los Angeles Times, Taking Bids for Hostelry, Sixth Street Project to Start Soon, July 16, 1916
- 3. Southwest Builder and Contractor, 11/4/21.
- 4. Southwest Builder and Contractor 4/21/1922, pg. 10.
- 5. Building & Engineering News, 12/3/1922, pg. 13.)
- 6. Los Angeles Times, October 17, 1926
- 7. Los Angeles Times, Six Story Block to Rise, October 17, 1926)
- 8. Los Angeles Times, Display Ad, April 22, 1928.
- 9. Los Angeles Times, May 30, 1959. Tower Building Permit Issued. Pg. A8
- 10. Life Magazine, June 4, 1928, advertisement, p. 120

Bibliography

Announcing Formation Realty Holding Corporation of California, Display Ad, Los Angeles Times, April 22, 1928

Announce Loft Structure, Los Angeles Times, June 20, 1926

Chattel, Robert, and Swerdlow, Shane, Los Angeles Historic and Cultural Monument nomination, Maxfield Building, 2014.

En.m.wikiepdia.org, Catalina Swimwear

En.m Wikipedia.org, Catalina Casino

GlamourSurf.com, Catalina Swimwear and the Miss America Pageant, February 2008 newsletter

Https://federicodecalifornia.wordpress.com/2010/11/15/catalina-swimwear-an Emerging California Coastal Culture

Height-Limit Unit Planned, Fashion Center Building to Cost \$1,350,000, Los Angeles Times, January 22, 1928

Leased to Shoe Factory, Six Story Block to Rise, Los Angeles Times, October 17, 1926.

Life Magazine, May 24, 1954, Vol 36, No. 21, page 44

Life Magazine, June 7, 1948, p. 147

Life Magazine, June 14, 1948, p. 120

Life Magazine, May 9, 1949, page 194

Life Magazine, June 20, 1949

Mears, Hadley, Meet the Powerhouse Female Developer of 1920's Downtown LA, Curbed LA, March 12, 2015,

Mears, Hadley, The story of the El Royale. The Most Glamorous Apartment Building in Los Angeles, Curbed LA, June 2, 2015

Rites Planned for Architect W. D. Lee, LA Times, 17 Aug, 1965, pA2

Skyscraper's Opening Scheduled Tuesday, Los Angeles Times, March 19, 1961

Skyscraper Opens on Miracle Mile, Los Angeles Times, March 24, 1961

Taking Bids for Hostelry, Sixth Street Project to Start Soon, Los Angeles Times, July 16, 1916

Tower Building Permit Issued, Los Angeles Times, May 30, 1959

Twenty One Story Structure Slated for Miracle Mile Corner, Los Angeles Times, Feb 23, 1958, pg. F1

Twelve Story Apartment Started, Rossmore and Rosewood, Los Angeles Times, August 26, 1928

Types of Loft and Residential Structures, Los Angeles Times, June 20, 1926.

WILLIAM DOUGLAS LEE

(1894-1965)

The Bendix Building is one building in a line of many treasures designed by Master Architect William Douglas Lee. A celebrated designer in Los Angeles, Lee garnered great attention during the 1920s when his idea to transform the city's aesthetic with famed builder Florence Casler took hold. Together Lee and Casler erected what Florence termed a "utopian commercial area" centered around Pico Boulevard and Maple Avenue. Between 1924 and 1929 they erected at least 7 major specialized industrial buildings. These include the Textile Center Building, the Allied Crafts Building, the



Graphic Arts Building, the Garment Capitol Building, the Furniture Exchange Building, the Printing Center, and the Merchants Exchange Building. Lee shared Florence's love of modern design enhanced with revival accenting and molding in terra cotta and stone, which lifted their buildings above the utilitarian norm. Even after their partnership Lee became responsible for designing some of the most iconic buildings in Los Angeles. These include Chateau Marmont and El Royale Apartments. His style remains relevant even in today's booming modern architectural world.



The Bendix Building (Built 1929 - 1206 Maple Ave)



Allied Crafts Building
(Built 1926 - 407 E Pico Blvd)



The Printing Center
Now: Maple Tower
(Built 1928 - 1220 Maple Ave)



Catalina Swimwear Building Now: Fifth & San Pedro (Built 1923 - 443 S San Pedro St)



Textile Center Building (Built 1926 - 315 East 8th St)



El Royale (Built 1929 - 450 N Rossmore)



Chateau Marmont (Built 1929 - 8221 Sunset Blvd)



Garment Capitol Building
Now: Garment Lofts
(Built 1926 - 217 E 8th St)

All Applications must be filled out by Applicant

BOARD OF PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT OF BUILDINGS Application to Alter, Repair or Demolish

To the Beard of Public Works of the City of Los Angeles.

Application is hereby made to the Board of Public Works of the City of Los Angeles, through the office of the Citief Inspector of Buildings, for a building permit in accordance with the description and for the purpose herinafter set forth. This application is made subject to the following conditions, which are hereby arread to by the indexagand applicant and which shall be desmed conditions entering into the exercise of the permit does not grant any right or privilege to exact any building or other structure therein described, or any portion thereof, upon any street, alley, or other public piece or porting to use any building or other structure therein described, or say portion thereof, for any purpose that, is, or may hereafter be probabled by ordinance of the City of Los Angeles.

- 1 - 1	/ : cR	REMOVED FROM	REMOVED TO.	* x
AKE TO	-Lot.	Block	Lat Block	months in the second
AKE TO EAR OF NORTH ANNEX	Tract	L.	Tract	4
NNEX	1	6 7 F 3	((8
FLOOR O	(/8
LEASE	1	***************************************	11	4
ERIFY	***************************************	***************************************	**	
1.00	b t	n Enn	D.L. B. E.D.	73
KE TO M No. 405 DUTH	1000k	Page F. B. Page	Book Page F. B.	Page
NNEX	From No.	Extract to a	A CARLON COMPANY	Street 8
GINEER	5	, 449 50 Ban E	and it	2
EASE	To No.	thine of Cal	a fedta dinston	Street)
1		(USE INK OR IN	DELIBLE PENCIL)	/6
144		and	Loft Bldg under	Contract
				2001010011
			Loft Bldg	****
Owner's	name Ka	colving Fund Col	paratient Phone	Later de la constante de la co
Owner's	address	Pan Huys B	lde	12
		V. Dougens LEE		824-821
				A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR
			Phone	
Contract	tor's address	H. H. Hell man	Bldg	
VALUA	TION OF PR	OPOSED WORK Comapo	prumbing, Cos Pitting, Bewers.	758
Class of	present Buildin	S A CALL	No. of rooms at present	
	T		Size of present Building 95	. 160
		1	The state of the s	married Tellerine
		A Comment of the Comm	***************************************	
State pur	rpose buildings	on lot are used for	(Tenemont House, Hotel, Residence, or	any other purpose.)
1 1 51	AIE, UN FOLL	LOWING LINES EXACIL	WHAT ALTERATIONS, ADDITI	ONS, ETC., WILL
MADE'	TO THIS BUIL	DING:		1 0
Ne	Regul 2	that state - it	strip a will s	Theanger
	0 0 -	or programmed or the street is agreed to septroprior to a become the street in the str		0
		V		
		Photography and American Company and American Company		un em emile has help h mas un chicken
	The second secon	,		
	<u>t</u>	Address to the second section of the section of the second section of the s		Califford and all Charles and the company of the call
I he	ave carefully ex	ramined and read the above	application and know the same is	true and correct, a
that all	provisions of	the Ordinances and Laws	application and know the same is governing Building Construction w	true and correct, a
that all	provisions of	the Ordinances and Laws for not.	governing Building Construction w	true and correct, a
that all	provisions of	the Ordinances and Laws for not.	governing Building Construction w	true and correct, a fill be complied with
that all	provisions of	the Ordinances and Laws for not. (Sign	governing Building Construction w	ill be complied wi
whether OVE	provisions of herein specified	the Ordinances and Laws for not. (Sign	governing Building Construction w here) W. Donglas Cowney of Authorised Au	ill be complied wi
that all	provisions of herein specified	the Ordinances and Laws for not. (Sign	governing Building Construction w here) W. Donglas Cowney of Authorised Au	ill be complied wi
that all whether	provisions of herein specified	the Ordinances and Laws for not. (Sign	governing Building Construction w here) W. Donglas Cowney of Authorised Au	ill be complied wi
that all whether	provisions of herein specified	the Ordinances and Laws for not. (Sign	governing Building Construction w here) W. Donglas Cowney of Authorised Au	ill be complied wi

to the second of	
3. Size of new addition	No. of Stories In height
4. Material of foundation: Size	footings
	Size of interior bearing stude
	Size of interior non-bearing studs
	Second floor foisits
8. Will all provisions of State Dwelling H	
I have carefully examined and read the	above blank and know the same is true and correct, and that all pro- ning Building Construction will be complied with, whether here
pecified or not.	and bottom of the second state of the second s
f	(Sign here) (Owner or Authorised Agenty,
FOR DE	
FOR DE	PARTMENT USE ONLY
APPLICATION	O.K. \$BB
CONSTRUCTION	O.K. SBB
ZONING	O.K. 7
SET-BACK LINE	O.K. 7
ORD. 33761 (N. S.)	O.K.
FIRE DISTRICT	O.K. 4BB
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	REMARKS
I have by somes to locate and exact the	his building or structure and every portion thereof, except une
in hereby agree to locate and erect to	e front property line equal to the set-back line of the neare
closed porches; back a distance from th	
building now effected on any lot in this b	lock in Lone A or B on the same side of the street.
building now effected on any lot in this b	lock in Lone A or b on the same side of the street.
building now effected on any lot in this b	Owner.
building now effected on any lot in this b	Owner.
building now effected on any lot in this b	Owner.
building now effected on any lot in this b	Owner.
building now effected on any lot in this b	Owner.
closed porches; pack a distance from the building now effected on any lot in this bi	Owner.
closed porches; pack a distance from the building now effected on any lot in this b	Owner.
closed porches; pack a distance from the building now effected on any lot in this bi	Owner.
closed porches; pack a distance from the building now effected on any lot in this bi	Owner.
closed porches; pack a distance from the building now effected on any lot in this bi	Owner.
closed porches; pack a distance from the building now effected on any lot in this bi	Owner.
closed porches; pack a distance from the building now effected on any lot in this bi	Owner.
closed porches; pack a distance from the building now effected on any lot in this bi	Owner,

- Partie

HEIGHT-LIMIT UNIT PLANNED

Fashion Center Building to Cost \$1,350,000

Skyscraper to Operate on French Plan

Seven-Story Apartment Will Rise Immediately

Two structures, one a Fashlon Center Building costing \$1,350,000 and the other a \$250,000 apartment-



W.DOUGLAS

house for Elev-

enth and Roover streets, were outstanding in announcements of new buildings
made yesterday.

Work will begin in thirty days on construction of s t welve-tory
haaement s n d
sub-hasement Class-A loft and
office building on
Los Angeles
street, just south
of Seventh and
adjoining the
ding, which, when

lines, the equipment being selected to insure efficient operation at the lowest production costs.

Four floors will be used as offices and display rooms for jobbers and manufacturers, club rooms and banquet rooms for visitors and the bolding of functions while the root will be turned into a garden. The two basements will serve as garages for several hundred cars of the tenacts and their customers.

Announcement of the building signalizes the first major undertaking of the Realty Holding Corporation since its formution a few weeks ago. The enganization, which has underwritten the edoption here of a construction and ownership financing plan similar to the Fred F. French Plan of New York, under which more than \$200,000,000 worth of buildings have gone up in the eastern city, within the last few yesss.

The local plan will probably be known as the Lee Plan, in which the public may be given an oncortunity later to participate, it was announced by Saul R. Watson, socretary of the corporation. Only major improvements will be undertaken and the concern's activities will embrace every phase of resity ownership from the control of the 221,500 square feet of floor area in the new building have already been in the new building have already been (Continued on Page 2, Column 4)



(Continued on Page 2, Column 4)

HEIGHT-LIMIT UNIT PLANNED

(Continued from First Page)

leased. The structure has been designed to accommodate the growing needs of the garment industry in Los Angeles, which has advanced from sixth place to second place to New York as a stylo center in the short

space of five years.

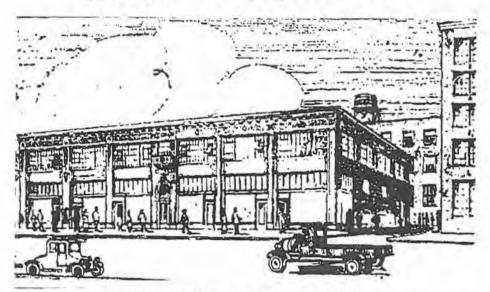
Officers and directors of the Realty Holding Corporation of Californie include W. Douglas Lee, architect and engineer, president; Jack Irvine of the Mortgage Guarantee Company, vice-president; Nathan T. president of the Thrift Corporation of America, treasurer; Paul H. Watson, formerly with the National City Company of New York, secretary; Commodore J. Stuart Blackton, capitalist, motion-picture magnate and a director of the Bank of Hollywood. director; John Camphouse, president of the Bank of Hollywood and the Bank of West Hollywood, director; H. G. Cary of the H. G. Cary Company, plumbing contractors, director; Grover C. Gearhart of the Hammond Lumber Company and president of the Foreign Trade Club of Los Angeles, director; Pred J. Hults, member of the Realty Board, director, and Andrew Seablom, local brick contractor, director.

SEVEN-STORY APARTMENT

Rising seven stories with steel frame, a Class-A \$250,000 apartment-house will be erected immediately at the northwest corner of Eleventh and Hoover streets, according to F. E. Temple, builder, and Hillier and Sheet, architects for the new structure. The name of the owner has been withheld. Construction pends final approval of plans.

The first floor of the apartment will be devoted to a lobby and lounge and a dining-room to accommodate 200 people. Bachelor and regular apartment units are included in the plans which cell for Meditarranean architecture. Finishing will be of colored stucco. Tile roof and most modern equipment are provided.

Stores and Loft for Fourth



Designed by W. Douglas Lee

This store and loft structure is being built on the northwest corner of Fourth and Wall streets for Dr. I. Leon Meyers.

HOTEL TO BE CONSTRUCTED

Work on New Inglewood Project to be Started Tomorrow and Rushed to Completion

[LOCAL CORRESPONDENCE]

INGLEWOOD, Jan. 31.—Work will begin Monday by John A. Malloy, contractor, on a \$100,000 hotel building at the northwest corner of Commercial and Regent streets for the I. M. C. Finance Corneration of this city, of which Henry Ziligitt is the president.

This company comprises the Inglewood Mercantile Company interests and is a \$250,000 closed corporation. Lyman O. Calkins, president of the mercantile company, is secretary of the corporation and Leb Calkins is the vice-president. Work will be rushed in order to have the entire hullding ready for

occupancy by April 25.

A six-year lease on the hotel has been taken by Mr. and Mrs. F. Bergin of Pomona, for many years successful hotel proprietors in that city. There will be thirty-five outside rooms on the second floor. On the ground floor will be the entrance, lobby, cate and barber shop, all fronting on Commercial street. A drug store will occupy the ground floor corner, Young's Market has another ground floor Commercial street frontage, while there will be two storerooms on Regent street.

The building will be two stories in height, of ornamental brick. The roof will be of tile. There is a 150foot frontage on Commercial street and a 110-foot frontage on Regent.

Another \$100,000 hotel, the Hillcrest Inn, is rapidly approaching completion at the southwest corner of Hillcrest Boulevard and East Queen streets, the owner being H. W. Longfellow. Los Angeles Times (1923-Currem File), Feb 23, 1958; ProQuest Historical Newspapers, Los Angeles Times (1881-1989)



FOR WILSHIRE SITE- -Here's design of 21-story Lee Tower office building set to rise at northwest corner of Wilshire Blvd. and Cochron Ave., in the Miracle Mile section of the boulevard. The scheduled start of the \$10,000,000 project has been announced by W. Douglas Lee, president of the Lee Tower Corp.

21-STORY STRUCTURE SLATED FOR MIRACLE MILE CORNER

Wilshire Blvd, and Cochran 60 days. Ave, in the Miracle Mile sec- Lee, for years a well-handled both sales, tion of the boulevard were known Southern California Facilities

limitation, the planned struction two parcels, the first beture, announced as repreting the corner area of 70x170. Turn to Page 2, Column 3 senting an investment of \$10,000,000, will rise to a height of some 280 feet on a 22,000-square-foot site at 5455 Wilshire Blvd, with 130 feet of frontage on the boule. vard and depth of 170 feet

Plans for construction of The project, described as feet which was obtained two a 21-story office structure to an ultramodern glass and years ago, and recently acbe known as the Lee Tower steel skyscraper, is set for quired the 60x170-foot lot

at the northwest corner of start of construction within on the west, Lawrence Block Co., Inc., Beverly Hills,

tion of the boulevard were known Southern California announced yesterday by W. architect, said the structure Douglas Lee, president of the will contain 360,000 square Lee Tower Corp., developer feet of floor space, including a 150,000-square-foot garage a 150,000-square-foot garage. In accordance with the area extending from the amended Los Angeles buildbasement to the sixth floor ing-height regulation which and to accommodate 500 cars. Permits buildings to reach above the former 150-foot corporation acquired the site limitation, the planned structure in two parcels, the first be

WILSHIRE BUILDING

Continued from First Page tions to afford the utmost in service, comfort and effi-

ciency."

Henry G. Beaumont Co., of Beverly Hills, will handle the leasing and management with leasing details under direction of Jerry B. Miller, it was announced. Henry G. Beaumont is a past national president of the Institute of Real Estate Management.

Other Features

that will afford a wide pano- daylight. ramic view of the Los Ange- Latest-type fluorescent les area, ocean and moun- lighting fixtures will be inwas stated.

Also planned is a roof-top recreation area for tenants.

Other items stated are electronically controlled automatic elevators, television master antennae with multiple coaxial cable connections. A two-duct multizone system will control the air conditioning.

D. Everett Lee explained that the structure's exterior walls will be curtain-walltype composed of insulated Among features an panels and neutral-tinted nounced for the building is heat-absorbing glass to rean exclusive luncheon club duce glare and provide light at the top of the structure diffusion and unobstructed

tains. It will be called the corporated into the flush Skyview Club to be operated acoustical cellings. Partiby a leading restaurateur, it tions or dividing walls will be treated and insulated to

reduce noises. Flexibility of office arrangements is provided for in the plans.

Pointed out by the announcement was that W. Douglas Lee was also the architect of well-known Los year-round air conditioning, Angeles structures, among them the El Royale Apartments, Merchants Exchange Building, Textile Center Building and Bendix Building.

Reproduced with permission of the copyright owner. Further reproduction prohibited without permission.

SKYSCRAPER OPENS ON MIRACLE MILE

Los Angeles Times (1923-Current File); Mar 24, 1961; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Times (1881-1989)

SKYSCRAPER OPENS ON MIRACLE MILE

The 22-story Lee Tower vance which "has helped to for the future development shopping centers." of Southern California by W. Douglas Lee, builder nies held Thursday on the sented a resolution from the top floor of the \$10 million Board of Supervisors citing structure.

speaker at a luncheon attend- through the design and coned by 100 business, building struction of many buildings. and civic leaders gathered to Another congratulatory mark the formal opening of resolution adopted by the the building.

the growth of the Miracle developer of the Miracle Mile and declared that the Mile, by Councilman Harold Lee Tower is another ad-Henry.

skyscraper at 5455 Wilshire make this area one of the Blvd. was hailed as a beacon world's finest business and

Rep. Gordon L. McDonough of the Lee Tower with his (R-Cal.) at opening ceremo- son, D. Everett Lee, was prehis contributions to the econ-McDonough was the omy of Los Angeles County

City Council was presented The Congressman recalled to A. W. Ross, founder and

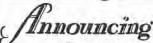
Reproduced with permission of the copyright owner. Further reproduction prohibited without permission.

NEW FACTORY PLANNED

Los Angeles Times (1923-Current File); Feb 4, 1923; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Times (1881-1989) pg. V15

NEW FACTORY PLANNED
Plans are being prepared for the
erection of a one-story factory
building at 812 San Pedro street
for the Quality Electric Company.
W. Douglas Lee is the architect.

Reproduced with permission of the copyright owner. Further reproduction prohibited without permission.



Formation of

REALTY HOLDING CORPORATION OF CALIFORNIA

OFFICERS and DIRECTORS

W. DOUGLAS LEE, President. Architect and Construction Engineer.
JACK IRVINE, Vice-President,

Mortgage Guarantee Company.

NATHAN T. PORTER, Secretary-Treasurer
President National Thrift Corporation of America.

COM. J. STUART BLACKTON, Director
Pianeor Mation Picture Producer.
Director, The Bank of Hollywood.
Member Board of Governors, California Funding
Company.

FRED J. HULTS, Director,

G. C. GEARHART, Director, Hammond Lumber Company.
ANDREW SEABLOM, Director,
Ganeral Brick Contractor.

Realty Holding Corporation of California was organized to build and finance income structures in Los Angeles and vicinity. The corporation functions under one head as archively itect, builder, real estate manager, underwriter and owner.

CAPITALIZATION

The corporation's first project, the Fashion Center Building, is now under construc-tion at 719 South Los Angeles St. This Class A building is valued in excess of \$1,300,000. The Fashion Center Building is located in the center of the textile and garment district of the city, and will be the largest building of its kind west of Chicago.

Fatimates net annual income before income taxes and depreciation applicable to preferred shares is \$102,220, Preferred dividend requirements, \$17,500.

Realty Hobbins Corporation stock is offered on the basis of one share of preferred and use share of common at \$100. Write or phone for illustrated booklet, "Income Structures as an Investment."



RICHFIELD STROMBERG BANCITAL

At present market prices, we believe Richfield Oil, Stromberg Carburetor, listed on the New York Stock Exchange, and Bancitaly listed on the New York Curb, are good buys and should reflect higher prices in the immediate future.

Our established New York Banking connections enable us to accept your orders for execu-tion for these and other listed securities on an exceptional liberal margin.

Up-to-date statistical information and in-stant quotation service on request without obligation.

Telegraph or Telephone Your Orders



Tower Building Permit Issued

Los Angeles Times (1923-Current File); May 30, 1959; ProQuest Historical Newspapers: Los Angeles Times (1881-1989) pg. A8

Tower Building Permit Issued

A 22-story building costing \$6 million will be erected at Wilshire Blvd. and Cochran Ave. under a permit issued by the Building and Safety Department yesterday to W. Douglas Lee Co.

The Lee Tower Building will have parking for 453 automobiles on the first six floors as well as in the basement, with offices on the remaining floors. A heliport will be built on the roof.

The department said it is reviewing plans for several other proposed buildings of similar height and the city is entering into a new era of skyscraper construction following the repeal of the old height limit which held structures to 13 stories.

Reproduced with permission of the copyright owner. Further reproduction prohibited without permission.

ANNOUNCE LOFT STRUCTURE

Completion and Opening of Modern Apartment Also Part of Week's Activities

Building in Los Angeles continues to advance. A height-limit structure is planned for the northwest corner of Eighth and Santee streets. It will cost approximately \$800,000. The site is 55x125. The building was designed by Architect W. Douglas Les of this city. It will be owned by Lloyd & Casier, Inc., which concern announced that actual construction work, will begin in a few days.

There will be a lobby and stores on the first floor. A battery of elevators will service the offices and lofts above. The structure will be built of reinforced concrete, trimmed externally in face brick and terra

The owner will erect the structure under the supervision of the architect. The owners declared that plans would be filed with the building department to obtain the permit tomorrow or Tuesday.

Haddon Hall, an exclusive apart-ment-hotel at Eighth and Fedora streets, was formally opened yester-It is owned by Oberndorf The owners declared Brothers. Inc. that \$500,000 has been invested in the project.

A Tudor Gothic style of design was followed by S. Charles Lee, the architect who planned the structure. Entrance to the building is made through a garden-court. A fountain is one of the features of this approach.

Furniture for the apartments has been selected from local products, the owners said. The interior decoration includes panels typifying the Gothic period.

WALNUT PARK GROWS

Increased population of Walnut Park is indicated through a report of the Walnut Park Mutual Water Company, made to Victor Girard, who built the community a few years ago. In May thirty-five new meters were put in, supplying as many new houses; in June there were 130, meter changes, while 1499 feet of water mains were laid last month, it is re-The town was started in a 500-acre walnut grove and is now largely built up.

CONTRACT AWARDED

SAN FERNANDO, June 19 .- Contract for the work of building dormitories and bath rooms on the San Fernando Lemon Association property at Pico and Court streets has been awarded to Hugart and Dooley of the Mission district. The plans for the buildings were prepared by Alex Shaw The improvements under construction consist of three buildings, two twenty-four by ninety-four feet and the other sixteen by twenty-four.

MONTH'S PERMITS TOTAL \$7,943,973

Building permits numbering 718, aggregating \$1,896,468 were issued by the building department from the 12th to 18th inst., making a total of 1972 permits valued at \$7,943,973 for June and bringing the total for the year to 18,132 permits valued at \$59,248,286.

According to the local chapter of the Associated General Contractors the permits issued this month to date surpass the simila: Interval last month during which time 2040 permits aggregating \$6.991,421 were au-

From January 1 to June 18. last year 21,640 permits valued at \$78,402,771 were authorized.

TWELVE-STORY APARTMENT STARTED

Rossmore and Rosewood Structure to Cost \$1,250,000



Castles of Homes Projected by Barct

ALLING for an expenditure of \$1,230,000 for building and ground, construction of a tache-story Clan-A apartment house has been cauncided at the control of t

Stucco Church Contract Let

Contract for a frame and abicco Contract for a frame and ableed church at Seventy-fifth street and Mormandie avenue has been awarded to R. S. Martin of San Gabriel for \$41,280 by the United Presty-terian Church, it was announced last week. The editice will occupy a site 44 by 104 feet, will have maple and coment floors, hardwood and plan trim, wrought from week and hand-made file roof. Plans for the church were prepared by Architect Scott Quintin of Alhambra. Work on the structure will begin at once and it is proposed to have it completed the latter part of this year.

Leased to Shoe Factory



This factory building is planned by Armitted by D. Les inc hen Pelito street between Fourth and Pitth. Mr. Lee holds a meary-nine-test bease in the sile. If intends to hogin mearth this week. The presents show the moderaturing Company will be the transfer.

SIX-STORY BLOCK TO RISE

Local Architect Leases Sile and Plans Modern Factory for Shoc Concern

Fines for a six-story \$175,000 toulance Dorald, expectated to flow on the real size of the Federa expect, between Fronth and Fifth, have been fundament by W. Dongles Lee, around an auditor. Mr. Lee the obligated a sinety min-year real on the risk investing strategy consuderation, and will sent like structure when the complete, according to expect heaved from any units fine structure when the complete, according to expect heaved from any units fine transfer.

tions were massived by a 2 commons of the 3 W. Leris Company. The hard of the 2 company are to be a fusion of the 2 company o

FUND DRIVE SUCCESS IS ANNOUNCED

Business Men and Owners Back Washington Boulevard Project, Adoms Says

Execution) robusts have those for name achieved in the movement of the streamer Wannington Entirolous Association: to rease an operational found of \$150,000 to Thomsenice the boulevard, according to the Adams, recently appointed director of public relations for the organi-pation.

TRACT HITS HIGH MARK IN SELLING

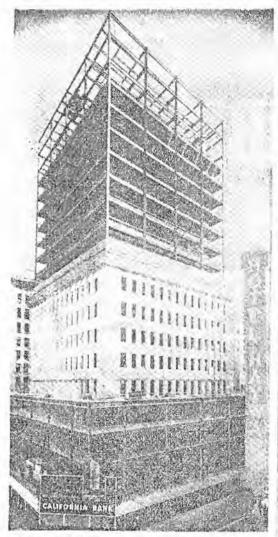
Ponet Terrace Has Recard Week in Volume of Deals Consummated

Consummated

Rapacing more formeities sold during the hast well; then at any time in the history of Tours. Terrance, C. E. Kreyan, general mineage of the property in clasge to reliant with the history of the property in clasge to reliant with the terrance of the property in clasge to reliant with the terrance of the reliant with the terrance to reliant property of the course of the property of the course of the property of the terrance of the

Eight Houses Under Way in San Fernando

BAN FYRMANDO, Del. 28—Eggst dwellings, inclains, \$10,000 are new innear returns of (sanitostation) and the Fyrmands. secondary to toulisting personal vector and the City Nation. All are of earlier diplantals makes or Collins. Plant of the City Nation. All are of earlier diplantals makes or Collins. Plant of the City Nation. All are of earlier diplantals makes or Collins. Plant of the house of Collins and Collins. Plant of the City Nation. All are deposited by the City Nation. Plant of the City Nation. Plant of the City Nation.



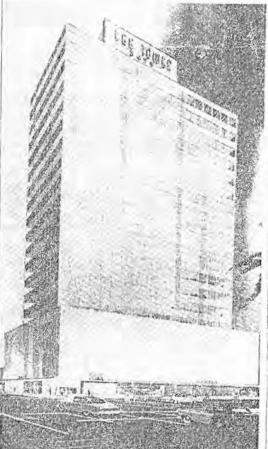
TWO BIG ONES-Pictured are two Los Angeles skyscroper projects that have followed the aboliskyscroper projects that have followed the abolition of city's 13-story height limit. Above is completed steel frome of California Bank's new head-quarters building at southeast carner of Spring and 6th St., in downtown Los Angeles, with some of its central section having cement covering to be faced with limestone and typifying entire beautiful outer dress of the structure. The \$13 million, 18-story building will have, because of unusual height of some of its stories, the appearance of 21 to 22-story structure. It also has four basements. Building's height above the street level is 267 feet.

At right is design of \$10 million, 22-story Lee Tower for which ground has been braken at northwest cor-ner of Wilshire Blvd, and Cochran Ave. in Miracle Mile section. Structure will rise 280 feet above street and will be tallest affice building far which work has been started in Las Angeles, it was announced by W. Douglas Lee, president of Lee Tower Corp. He and his son, D. Everett Lee, are architects for the steel, concrete and glass structure, announced the steel, concrete and glass structure, announced about a year ago in this section of The Times. It's exceeded in height in L.A. only by the City Hall. General contractor for it is W. Douglas Lee Co., Inc. Leasing and management will be handled by Henry G. Beaumont Co., Beverly Hills, with the leasing under direction of Jerry B. Miller of the Beaumont Co. The first six tloors and the basement, excepting portion of ground floor, will have cooking for unwards of 430 cars. Feetures will also include landing space on the roof for helicopters.

Los Angeles Times

18 PAGES PART VI

SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 12, 1959



Noted Hollywood Landmark, Garden of Allah Hotel, Sold

principal owners alls mang pool and parking areas.
Beatrice Rosenus and Mor- Littus see for postant

The Garden of Allah Hotel, approximately two and one-Hollywood landmark at \$152 half acres. Existing struc-Sunset Bivd., has been pur-chased by Lytton Savings & Loan Assn., it was an-nounced yesterday.

In a joint statement with principal owners. Alls mine pool and packing areas.

ment, excepting portion of ground floor, will have conking for upwards of 430 cars. Features will also include londing space on the too for helicopters.

Industrial Clinic Variance Granted

FULLERTON, April 11—
Plans have been filed with the Santa Thorpe Corp. of the City Planning Commission for a floor for the property which is located on the south side of Sunset Blvd. extending from the City Planning Commission for a floor flo



sents Ro

REA

Califo Partic BY CHA Realter

can caleu for start One hun real estate nm, worldsetting remin with groligia.

tion in ob-In rend oast plan National A Boards av 1959 obse. the bigges date. At-



Catalina Swimwear Building, Primary façade (east) and secondary (north) elevation. The building is highlighted and characterized by Neoclassic detailing on the sixth floor. The first story of the façade is furred out, obscuring the original terra cotta pilasters which survive behind the stucco.



Upper story, modest neoclassic detailing adds stylistic identity to a manufacturing building, typical of the early work of W. Douglas Lee.



Former storefront openings conform to window placement on upper façade.

Original pediment remains over recessed central entrance.



Upper façade and recessed entrance.



Steel sash on upper façade are original, and in fair condition.

Note awning operation of center sash



Original 1923 Entrance, and storefront modified in 1960 by furring out over original material.



The new owner is planning a rehabilitation of the building including the façade. Recent investigations have revealed that the original façade exists under the current material. Plans are being prepared by the architect for the project and façade restoration. This photo shows the two areas that were exposed.



Close up views of the historic material discovered under the current façade.



Interior conditions on the 6th Floor. Ceiling beams are exposed.



Monitor roofs have original steel sash.



The Renaissance Building, immediately across San Pedro Street from the Catalina Swimwear Building, was also designed by W. Douglas Lee.



View to north from Catalina Swimwear Building showing proximity to historic core.



City of Los Angeles Department of City Planning

9/22/2016 PARCEL PROFILE REPORT

P	RC	P	ER	ΓY	AD	DR	ES	SE	<u>s</u>
_	40	_	. A // A		T 🔿				_

342 E WINSTON ST
435 S SAN PEDRO ST
439 S SAN PEDRO ST
441 S SAN PEDRO ST
443 S SAN PEDRO ST
445 S SAN PEDRO ST
447 S SAN PEDRO ST
449 S SAN PEDRO ST
451 S SAN PEDRO ST

451 S SAN PEDRO S I Arb (Lo
Map S

ZIP CODES Jurisd

RECENT ACTIVITY

90013

CHC-2016-3620-HCM ENV-2016-3621-CE ZA-2002-603-ZAD-EXT

CASE NUMBERS

CPC-2010-213-CA CPC-2008-4502-GPA CPC-2008-4502-GPA CPC-2005-361-CA CPC-2005-1124-CA

CPC-2005-1122-CA CPC-1986-606-GPC ORD-164307-SA1170 ORD-137036 ORD-135901

ORD-129944

ZA-2002-603-ZAD

ZA-1987-1070-CUZ

ZA-15461 ENV-2013-3392-CE ENV-2010-214-ND ENV-2008-4505-ND ENV-2008-4505-ND ENV-2005-362-CE ENV-2005-1125-CE ENV-2005-1123-CE ENV-2002-604-CE AF-89-163019-LT Address/Legal Information

PIN Number 127-5A213 105 Lot/Parcel Area (Calculated) 19,218.8 (sq ft) Thomas Brothers Grid PAGE 634 - GRID G5 Assessor Parcel No. (APN) 5148011018 Tract CALO TRACT Map Reference M B 116-80 Block None LT A Lot Arb (Lot Cut Reference) None 127-5A213 Map Sheet

Jurisdictional Information

Community Plan Area Central City
Area Planning Commission Central

Neighborhood Council Downtown Los Angeles
Council District CD 14 - Jose Huizar
Census Tract # 2062.00

LADBS District Office Los Angeles Metro

Planning and Zoning Information

General Plan Footnote(s)

Special Notes None
Zoning [Q]R5-2D

Zoning Information (ZI)

ZI-2374 LOS ANGELES STATE ENTERPRISE ZONE

ZI-2452 Transit Priority Area in the City of Los Angeles

ZI-2385 Greater Downtown Housing Incentive Area

Yes

General Plan Land Use High Medium Residential

Hillside Area (Zoning Code) No Baseline Hillside Ordinance Νo **Baseline Mansionization Ordinance** Nο Specific Plan Area None Special Land Use / Zoning None Design Review Board No Historic Preservation Review Νo Historic Preservation Overlay Zone None Other Historic Designations None Other Historic Survey Information None Mills Act Contract None POD - Pedestrian Oriented Districts None CDO - Community Design Overlay None NSO - Neighborhood Stabilization Overlay No Sign District Nο Streetscape No

Adaptive Reuse Incentive Area Adaptive Reuse Incentive Areas

Ellis Act Property No Rent Stabilization Ordinance (RSO) No

CRA - Community Redevelopment Agency City Center Redevelopment Project

Central City Parking Yes

This report is subject to the terms and conditions as set forth on the website. For more details, please refer to the terms and conditions at zimas.lacity.org

(*) - APN Area is provided "as is" from the Los Angeles County's Public Works, Flood Control, Benefit Assessment.

Downtown Parking Yes **Building Line** None 500 Ft School Zone No 500 Ft Park Zone No

Assessor Information

Assessor Parcel No. (APN) 5148011018

Ownership (Assessor)

Owner1 TAILOR LOFTS LLC Address 4940 CAMPUS DR STE C NEWPORT BEACH CA 92660

Ownership (Bureau of Engineering, Land

Records)

Owner TAILOR LOFTS LLC Address 4940 CAMPUS DR STE C

NEWPORT BEACH CA 92660

APN Area (Co. Public Works)* 0.443 (ac) Use Code Not Available Assessed Land Val. \$388,335 Assessed Improvement Val. \$1,179,927 Last Owner Change 02/19/16 Last Sale Amount \$20,050,200

Tax Rate Area 3263 Deed Ref No. (City Clerk) 552618-9 439058-9 3-27 2368101 2295852 180117

> 1468569 1-178

Building 1

Year Built 1923 **Building Class** CX 0 Number of Units Number of Bedrooms 0 Number of Bathrooms 0

Building Square Footage 92,538.0 (sq ft)

Building 2

1946 Year Built Number of Units 0 Number of Bedrooms 0 Number of Bathrooms 0

Building Square Footage 2,582.0 (sq ft) Building 3 No data for building 3 Building 4 No data for building 4 Building 5 No data for building 5

Additional Information

Airport Hazard None Coastal Zone None

Farmland Area Not Mapped

Very High Fire Hazard Severity Zone No Fire District No. 1 Yes Flood Zone None No Watercourse Hazardous Waste / Border Zone Properties No Methane Hazard Site None

This report is subject to the terms and conditions as set forth on the website. For more details, please refer to the terms and conditions at zimas.lacity.org

(*) - APN Area is provided "as is" from the Los Angeles County's Public Works, Flood Control, Benefit Assessment.

High Wind Velocity Areas No Special Grading Area (BOE Basic Grid Map A-13372)

Oil Wells None

Seismic Hazards

Active Fault Near-Source Zone

Nearest Fault (Distance in km) 1.41652752

Nearest Fault (Name)Puente Hills Blind ThrustRegionLos Angeles Blind Thrusts

Fault Type E

Slip Rate (mm/year) 0.70000000
Slip Geometry Reverse

Slip Type Moderately / Poorly Constrained

 Down Dip Width (km)
 19.0000000

 Rupture Top
 5.0000000

 Rupture Bottom
 13.0000000

 Dip Angle (degrees)
 25.0000000

 Maximum Magnitude
 7.10000000

Alquist-Priolo Fault Zone No
Landslide No
Liquefaction No
Preliminary Fault Rupture Study Area No
Tsunami Inundation Zone No

Economic Development Areas

Business Improvement District LOS ANGELES DOWNTOWN INDUSTRIAL DISTRICT

Promise Zone No Renewal Community No

Revitalization Zone Central City

State Enterprise Zone LOS ANGELES STATE ENTERPRISE ZONE

Targeted Neighborhood Initiative None

Public Safety

Police Information

Bureau Central
Division / Station Central
Reporting District 147

Fire Information

Bureau Central
Batallion 1
District / Fire Station 9
Red Flag Restricted Parking No

CASE SUMMARIES

Note: Information for case summaries is retrieved from the Planning Department's Plan Case Tracking System (PCTS) database.

Case Number: CPC-2010-213-CA

Required Action(s): CA-CODE AMENDMENT

Project Descriptions(s): AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE 4.5 AND SECTION 16.05 OF ARTICLE 6.1 OF THE LOS ANGELES MUNICIPAL CODE (LAMC).

AND RELEVANT

SECTIONS OF THE LOS ANGELES ADMINISTRATIVE CODE, TO MODIFY THE AUTHORITY AND PROCEDURES FOR

EFFECTUATING A TRANSFER OF FLOOR AREA RIGHTS (TFAR) AND TO MAKE OTHER TECHNICAL CHANGES TO REFLECT

THE EXPIRATION OF THE AMENDED CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT REDEVELOPMENT

PROJECT AREA

Case Number: CPC-2008-4502-GPA

Required Action(s): GPA-GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT

Project Descriptions(s): PLAN AMENDMENT, PLAN MAP AMENDMENT

Case Number: CPC-2008-4502-GPA

Required Action(s): GPA-GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT

Project Descriptions(s): PLAN AMENDMENT, PLAN MAP AMENDMENT

Case Number: CPC-2005-361-CA

Required Action(s): CA-CODE AMENDMENT

Project Descriptions(s): CODE AMENDMENT TO UPDATE RESIDENTIAL STANDARDS AND INCENTIVIZE HOUSING IN THE CENTRAL CITY AREA.

Case Number: CPC-2005-1124-CA

Required Action(s): CA-CODE AMENDMENT

Project Descriptions(s): TO REQUIRE PROJECTS IN THE CENTRAL CITY COMMUNITY PLAN TO COMPLY WITH DESIGN AND STREETSCAPE

GUIDELINES

Case Number: CPC-2005-1122-CA

Required Action(s): CA-CODE AMENDMENT

Project Descriptions(s): INCENTIVES FOR HTE PRODUCTION OF AFFORDABLE AND WORKFORCE HOUSING IN THE CENTRAL CITY PLAN AREA

Case Number: CPC-1986-606-GPC

Required Action(s): GPC-GENERAL PLAN/ZONING CONSISTENCY (AB283)

Project Descriptions(s): GENERAL PLAN/ZONE CONCSISTENCY - CENTRAL CITY AREA - COMMUNITYWIDE ZONE CHANGES AND COMMUNITY PLAN

CHNAGES TO BRING THE ZONING INTO CONSISTENCY WITH THE COMMUNITY PLAN. INCLUDING CHANGESOF HEIGHT AS

NEEDED

Case Number: ZA-2002-603-ZAD

Required Action(s): ZAD-ZA DETERMINATION (PER LAMC 12.27)

Project Descriptions(s): TO PERMIT CONVERSION OF PART OF THE SECOND AND THIRD FLOOR TO 8 ARTISTS IN RESIDENCE UNITS.

Case Number: ZA-1987-1070-CUZ

Required Action(s): CUZ-ALL OTHER CONDITIONAL USE CASES

Project Descriptions(s): THIS IS A CONDITIONAL USE PERMIT TO ALLOW EXISTING BUILDING INM ZONE TO BE USEDFOR 25 ARTIST WORKING AND

LIVING QUARTERS.

Case Number: ENV-2013-3392-CE

Required Action(s): CE-CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION

Project Descriptions(s): THE PROPOSED ORDINANCE MODIFIES SECTION 22.119 OF THE LOS ANGELES ADMINISTRATIVE CODE TO ALLOW

ORIGINAL ART MURALS ON LOTS DEVELOPED WITH ONLY ONE SINGLE-FAMILY RESIDENTIAL STRUCTURE AND THAT ARE

LOCATED WITHIN COUNCIL DISTRICTS 1, 9, AND 14.

Case Number: ENV-2010-214-ND

Required Action(s): ND-NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project Descriptions(s): AN AMENDMENT TO ARTICLE 4.5 AND SECTION 16.05 OF ARTICLE 6.1 OF THE LOS ANGELES MUNICIPAL CODE (LAMC),

AND RELEVANT

SECTIONS OF THE LOS ANGELES ADMINISTRATIVE CODE, TO MODIFY THE AUTHORITY AND PROCEDURES FOR EFFECTUATING A TRANSFER OF FLOOR AREA RIGHTS (TFAR) AND TO MAKE OTHER TECHNICAL CHANGES TO REFLECT

THE EXPIRATION OF THE AMENDED CENTRAL BUSINESS DISTRICT REDEVELOPMENT

PROJECT AREA.

Case Number: ENV-2008-4505-ND

Required Action(s): ND-NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project Descriptions(s): PLAN AMENDMENT, PLAN MAP AMENDMENT

Case Number: ENV-2008-4505-ND

Required Action(s): ND-NEGATIVE DECLARATION

Project Descriptions(s): PLAN AMENDMENT, PLAN MAP AMENDMENT

Case Number: ENV-2005-362-CE

Required Action(s): CE-CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION

Project Descriptions(s): CODE AMENDMENT TO UPDATE RESIDENTIAL STANDARDS AND INCENTIVIZE HOUSING IN THE CENTRAL CITY AREA.

Case Number: ENV-2005-1125-CE

Required Action(s): CE-CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION

Project Descriptions(s): TO REQUIRE PROJECTS IN THE CENTRAL CITY COMMUNITY PLAN TO COMPLY WITH DESIGN AND STREETSCAPE

GUIDELINES

Case Number: ENV-2005-1123-CE

Required Action(s): CE-CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION

Project Descriptions(s): INCENTIVES FOR HTE PRODUCTION OF AFFORDABLE AND WORKFORCE HOUSING IN THE CENTRAL CITY PLAN AREA

Case Number: ENV-2002-604-CE

Required Action(s): CE-CATEGORICAL EXEMPTION

Project Descriptions(s): TO PERMIT CONVERSION OF PART OF THE SECOND AND THIRD FLOOR TO 8 ARTISTS IN RESIDENCE UNITS.

DATA NOT AVAILABLE

ORD-164307-SA1170

ORD-137036

ORD-135901

ORD-129944

ZA-15461

AF-89-163019-LT

Streets Copyright (c) Thomas Brothers Maps, Inc.