## Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

# VENICE AUXILIARY PUMPING PLANT PROJECT (Environmental Impact Report) (SCH #2015111038)

Prepared by the

CITY OF LOS ANGELES

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS

BUREAU OF ENGINEERING

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#### Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program

#### 1.0 Introduction

This Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program (MMRP) has been prepared pursuant to the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the State CEQA Guidelines. It provides for the implementation and monitoring of required mitigation measures and best management practices (BMPs) of the Los Angeles Bureau of Engineering (LABOE) as the lead agency for the Venice Auxiliary Pumping Plant Project (Proposed Project). LA Sanitation will be the owner and operator of the Proposed Project.

Section 21081.6 of the California Public Resources Code and Sections 15091(d) and 15097 of the State CEQA Guidelines require public agencies "to adopt a reporting or monitoring program for changes to the project which it has adopted or made a condition of project approval in order to mitigate or avoid significant effects on the environment." An MMRP is required for the Proposed Project because the EIR identified potentially significant impacts, and identified mitigation measures to reduce some of those impacts to less than significant. This MMRP is intended to ensure that adopted mitigation measures are successfully implemented and a monitoring strategy has been prepared for each mitigation measure identified in the EIR. All measures are intended to offset, to the degree possible, potential significant adverse effects under CEQA.

This MMRP will be considered for adoption by the City Council when it considers approving the Project. If adopted, the City will incorporate the MMRP requirements into the appropriate permits and Project specifications (e.g., engineering specifications, engineering construction permits, and real estate entitlements). The MMRP will be kept on file at the City of Los Angeles, Department of Public Works, Bureau of Engineering, 1149 S. Broadway, Suite 600, Los Angeles, CA 90015.

#### 2.0 Purpose

This MMRP has been prepared to ensure that all required mitigation measures are implemented and completed according to schedule and maintained in a satisfactory manner throughout implementation of the Proposed Project. BMPs are pollution prevention strategies that are suggested, assumed to occur and are included in the MMRP for tracking purposes. The MMRP may be modified by LABOE in response to changing conditions or circumstances. A Summary Table (provided below) has been prepared to assist the responsible parties in implementing the MMRP. The table summarizes the potential environmental impacts for each resource category for which mitigation measures are proposed in the EIR, identifies individual mitigation measures, and for each measure describes the methods for implementation and verification, and identifies the responsible party or parties. Impacts for which mitigation measures are proposed are listed under the various resource categories in the EIR. The order in which mitigation measures are presented (by resource category) follows the sequence established in the EIR.

#### 3.0 Monitoring and Reporting Procedures

All applicable construction-related mitigation measures and best management practices will be included in any bid specification released for construction of the Proposed Project. Prior to the release of the bid specifications, construction plans and specifications will be provided to LABOE's Environmental Management Group (EMG) for review and approval regarding environmental mitigation and coastal development permit requirements. Unless otherwise specified herein, LABOE and LA Sanitation will be responsible for taking all actions necessary to implement the mitigation measures according to the provided specifications and demonstrating that each action has been successfully completed. LABOE, at its discretion, may delegate implementation responsibility or portions thereof to a licensed contractor.

This MMRP for the Proposed Project will be in place through design, construction, and operation. LABOE and LA Sanitation will both be responsible for administering the MMRP and ensuring that all parties comply with its provisions. LABOE may delegate monitoring responsibilities to staff, consultants, or contractors. The construction contractor shall submit an Environmental Compliance Plan for LABOE Construction Management and LABOE EMG approval prior to the beginning of ground-disturbing construction activities. The Environmental Compliance Plan will document how the contractor intends to comply with all environmental measures applicable to the contract, including application of BMPs. LABOE Construction Management will also ensure that monitoring is documented in an Environmental Compliance Report and that deficiencies are promptly corrected. A designated environmental monitor with LABOE Construction Management will track and document compliance with mitigation measures, note any problems that may result, and take appropriate action to rectify problems. LABOE will monitor compliance with operational mitigation measures.

#### 4.0 Changes to Mitigation Measures

Under CEQA, mitigation measures may be modified or deleted if the relevant decision-maker approves such action, gives a legitimate reason for making the change, and supports those reasons with substantial evidence, including an appropriate subsequent CEQA document. Any substantive change to the MMRP shall be documented in writing. Modifications to the mitigation measures/BMPs may be made by the LABOE subject to one of the following findings and documented by evidence included in the record:

1. The measure/BMP included in the EIR and the MMRP is no longer required because the significant environmental impact identified in the EIR has been found not to exist, or to occur at a level which makes the impact less than significant as a result of changes in the Project, changes in conditions of the environment, or other factors.

OR

The modified or substitute mitigation measure/BMP to be included in the MMRP provides a level of environmental protection equal to or greater than that afforded by the mitigation measure included in the EIR and the MMRP.

AND

3. The modified or substitute mitigation measure/BMP does not have significant adverse effect on the environment in addition to or greater than those which were considered by LABOE in its decisions regarding the EIR and the Proposed Project.

AND

4. The modified or substitute mitigation measure/BMP is feasible, and LABOE, through measures included in the MMRP or other established procedures, can assure its implementation.

Findings and related documentation supporting the findings involving modifications to mitigation measures shall be maintained in the Project file with the MMRP, and shall be made available to the public upon request.

### 5.0 Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program Summary Table

The MMRP Summary Table that follows will guide LABOE in evaluating and documenting implementation of mitigation measures. The MMRP Summary Table provides a brief summary of potential environmental impacts prior to the implementation of mitigation measures; identifies each mitigation measure by discipline as identified in the EIR, the timeframe or milestone at which the mitigation measure will be implemented and verified; identifies the entity (organization) responsible for the implementation, monitoring and reporting of the MMRP. LABOE staff or their contractors would provide verification as each measure in the MMRP is implemented.

**Table 1. Mitigation Monitoring and Reporting Program Summary Table** 

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Aesthetics			
Construction AES-6. The degree to which the project would contribute to the area's aesthetic value. Temporary visual impacts due to the presence of construction equipment, staging areas, exposed excavation areas, associated construction fencing, and temporary cofferdam may result during construction activities. Dust from excavation and construction equipment would also be generated. Vegetation on the west bank would be removed. However, no important visual features would be removed and vegetation on the west bank of the canal would be replaced. Less than Significant.	MM AES-1: Construction Staging/Stockpiled Materials and Equipment.  (a) LABOE or its construction contractor shall be the responsible party for providing temporary construction fencing along the periphery of active construction areas to screen as much of the construction activity as possible from view at the street level.  (b) To minimize views of stockpiled materials and idle construction equipment in staging areas and reduce visual clutter and disorder, Project construction staging areas shall be enclosed or screened from view at the street level with appropriate screening materials.  (c) The contractor shall provide daily visual inspections to ensure that areas immediately surrounding the construction-related clutter and graffiti and maintained in a clean and orderly manner throughout the construction period. Graffiti shall be painted over, masked out, or cleaned off within 24 hours after notification by the Project inspector.	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: Prior to finalizing Construction Specifications (specs) and plans. Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Daily visual inspections prior to Project construction period with graffiti removal occurring within 24 hours. Contractor to verify removal of graffiti.  Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: Throughout Project construction period. Methods/Status/Verification: Daily visual inspections throughout Project construction period with graffiti removal occurring within 24 hours. Contractor to verify removal of graffiti.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance.  Implementation: BOE Construction Contractor shall implement mitigation measure. Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager and Bureau of Contract Administration (BCA) Monitoring and Reporting: EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.

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Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Construction LIGHT-1. The change in ambient illumination levels as a result of the project sources.  Nighttime lighting at the construction site could be required, which could result in a temporary shift in ambient illumination levels as a result of Project sources and spillover of light from Project lighting. Less than Significant.	MM AES-2: Nighttime Construction Activities.  (a) Should emergency construction activities occur at night, LABOE or its construction contractor shall ensure that lighting will be directed away from surrounding sensitive land uses, particularly residences, and toward the specific location intended for illumination.  (b) Lighting associated with construction activities or for security purposes shall be shielded to minimize glare and spill light around sensitive land uses in the surrounding area.	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: Prior to finalizing Construction Specifications and plans. Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. This measure will be considered complete after end of Project construction.  Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: During emergency construction activities. Methods/Status/Verification: Visual inspection of nighttime lighting to ensure compliance with required measure. This measure will be considered complete after end of Project construction.	Implementation:  LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans.  Enforcement:  LABOE Project Manager  Monitoring:  LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance.  Implementation:  BOE Construction Contractor shall implement mitigation measure.  Enforcement:  LABOE Construction Manager and BCA  Monitoring and Reporting:  EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.
Operational AES-4. The degree of contrast between proposed features and existing features that represent the area's valued aesthetic image. Once operational, the major visible built elements would include an electrical building up to 32 feet in height and security walls. Other Project elements would be minimally visible. The Proposed Project would provide additional green and open space and access to the Grand Canal. Operation of the	MM AES-3: Final Design.  (a) LABOE shall ensure that all Proposed Project structures will be designed to minimize their visual presence.  (b) Where site and design allow, the Project elements shall incorporate design and location features that minimize the size of the structures and provide setbacks from adjoining street frontages, screening, and/or architectural treatments that are appropriate to the design setting where visible from the public right-of-way at	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: During Project final design. Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. LABOE/Contractor to verify with City Engineer/City Architect/Department of City Planning that all applicable design guidelines, policies, and development standards	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans. Enforcement: LABOE Land Development Group/LADOT/ Department of City Planning/Department of Building and Safety Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance.

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Proposed Project would not introduce substantial illumination, relative to existing conditions and new lighting would be directed away from sensitive receptors. Project elements would not substantially alter the visual quality and/or character of the site. Less than Significant.	street level. (c) Where necessary, structures shall be designed and built to the satisfaction of the City Engineer/City Architect/Department of City Planning and in compliance with all applicable design guidelines, policies, and development standards, as discussed in Section 3.1.1, Regulatory Setting.	discussed in Section 3.1.1, Regulatory Setting of the Draft EIR have been satisfied. This measure will be considered complete after end of Project final design.	
Operational AES-7. Applicable guidelines and regulations. The Proposed Project would be implemented in conformance with applicable City regulations and standards. Less than Significant.			
Construction AES-1 through AES-7. The Proposed Project will include the best available control measures, as required by SCAQMD Rule 403 regarding fugitive dust, and other relevant regulations related to controlling dust from all construction activities. Less than Significant.	BMP AES-1: Resident Vouchers for Window Washing and Car Washes during Construction.  (a) LABOE or its construction contractor will implement best available control measures, as required by SCAQMD Rule 403 regarding fugitive dust, and other relevant regulations related to controlling dust from construction activities.  (b) To minimize any aesthetic impact construction dust may have on nearby neighboring cars and resident windows, the Public Affairs Office of the Department of Public Works shall provide vouchers to immediately adjacent residents for window washing and car washes, as appropriate.	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: Prior to finalizing Construction specs and plans. Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures and best management practices shall be included in contractor bid documents. This measure will be considered complete after end of Project construction.  Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: Throughout Project construction period. Methods/Status/Verification: (a) Visual daily inspection of the Project Site and areas immediately adjacent to ensure that compliance with SCAQMD	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans and shall implement mitigation measure. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager  Implementation: (a) LABOE Construction Contractor shall implement mitigation measure related to compliance with SCAQMD Rule 403 (b) LABOE Public Affairs Office of the Department of Public Works for the provision of window and car wash

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
		Project construction. (b) Provision of window and car wash vouchers to residents located immediately adjacent to the Proposed Project. This measure will be considered complete after end of Project construction.	Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager and BCA Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, the Environmental Compliance Report and the Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.
Air Quality			
Construction AQ-2. Whether the Project would violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation or expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations. The Proposed Project would contribute to regional air pollutant emissions during short-term construction. The maximum daily Project-related criteria pollutant emissions would not exceed SCAQMD construction-period regional thresholds for any pollutant. Consequently, the impact of construction-related emissions on regional air quality would not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation. The impact of construction-related emissions on	MM AQ-1: Tier 3 Construction Equipment.  (a) All off-road diesel-powered construction equipment greater than 50 horsepower will meet Tier 3 emission standards.  (b) All construction equipment will be outfitted with ARB best available control technology devices.  (c) Any emissions-control device used by the contractor will achieve emissions reductions that are no less than what could be achieved by a Level 3 diesel emissions control strategy for a similarly sized engine as defined by ARB regulations.  (d) A copy of each unit's certified tier specification, best available control technology documentation, and ARB or SCAQMD operating permit will be provided at the time of mobilization of each applicable unit of equipment.	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: Prior to Project construction. Methods/Status/Verification: LABOE/Contractor to verify that construction equipment greater than 50 horsepower will meet Tier 3 emissions standards prior to use on Project construction site and will review its certified tier specification, best available control technology documentation. Similarly, ARB or SCAQMD operating permit will be provided at the time of mobilization of each applicable unit of equipment. Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Considered complete after end of Project construction.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance.
local air quality would not violate any air quality standard or contribute substantially to an		Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule:	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer and Construction contractor shall

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
existing or projected air quality violation. However, with application of MM AQ-1, emissions would be below the LST for PM10. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.  Construction AQ-4. Would the Project expose sensitive receptors to substantial concentrations? Mitigation has been incorporated to ensure that the Proposed Project would not result in an exceedance of LST such that significant impacts on sensitive receptors would result. The TAC exposure period for sensitive receptors would be substantially less than the 30-year exposure assumed for residential cancer risks in South Coast Air Quality Management District guidance. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.	Mitigation Measures	Throughout Project construction.  Methods/Status/Verification: Construction equipment greater than 50 horsepower must meet Tier 3 emissions standards prior to use on Project construction site and review its certified tier specification, best available control technology documentation. Similarly, provide the ARB or SCAQMD operating permit at the time of mobilization of each applicable unit of equipment. Considered complete after end of Project construction	implement mitigation measure. Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager and BCA. Monitoring and Reporting: EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, the Environmental Compliance Report and the Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.
Biological Resources			
Construction BIO-1. Results in the loss of special status species or habitat. Special-Status Plants. Wooly seablight (Suaeda taxifolia) may be affected by construction along the canal banks. Other special-status species were observed in the study area but are currently absent within the disturbance footprint.  Special-Status Wildlife. The following species have a low to moderate potential to occur in the Project area and could be affected during construction if present: El Segundo	MM BIO-1: Special-Status Plant Surveys.  (a) To confirm the presence or absence of special-status plant species within the disturbance footprint, a special-status plant survey shall be completed prior to construction. The focused survey shall be conducted by a qualified biologist during the appropriate blooming period, or when the plant is readily identifiable, prior to the start of construction activities.  (b) If any sensitive non-listed plant species is found, then the individuals	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: Prior to Project construction. Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Project Biologist to perform required surveys prior to construction to verify presence/absence of special-status plant species using blooming periods as noted in Appendix C (Biological Resources Habitat Assessment),	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans; Project Biologist to complete special-status plant species survey, identify individuals and coordinate with LABOE Project Engineer/Contractor to implement avoidance measures, if applicable. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting:

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
blue butterfly, Belding's savannah sparrow, Light footed clapper rail, and California Least tern. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.	shall be clearly identified and avoidance measures shall be utilized to the extent practical.	Table C-1 (Sensitive Plant Species) of the Draft EIR. If found, Project Biologist to identify individuals and coordinate with LABOE/Contractor to implement avoidance measures.	LABOE EMG will review Construction specs and plans for compliance.
		Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: Throughout Project construction Methods/Status/Verification: LABOE/Contractor to verify daily during Project construction that avoidance areas are not being encroached upon by construction personnel and/or equipment. Considered complete after end of Project construction.	Implementation:  LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure; Project Biologist to complete on-going focused survey, identify individuals and coordinate with LABOE Project Engineer/Contractor to implement avoidance measures, if applicable.  Enforcement:  LABOE Construction Manager and BCA  Monitoring and Reporting:  EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.
Construction BIO-1. Results in the loss of special status species or habitat. Special Status Wildlife. The El Segundo blue butterfly has a low to moderate potential to be affected during construction in the Project area since the closest habitat that contains the host plant is 390 feet northeast. The Belding's Savannah Sparrow has a moderate potential to forage within the study even though	MM BIO-2: Monitoring During Vegetation Removal.  (a) A qualified biologist shall monitor all vegetation removal and ground-disturbing activities, such as staging and grading, for the duration of the Project to ensure that practicable measures are being employed to avoid incidental disturbance of habitat outside the Project footprint and to survey for sensitive	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: Prior to Project construction. Methods/Status/Verification: (a) During vegetation removal, Project Biologist to be present to monitor activities and on an as- needed basis, for monitoring when vegetation monitoring is not occurring on-site.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans; Project Biologist to complete special-status plant species survey. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG to work with

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
none have been found in the area. As such direct or indirect temporary impacts on this species could occur during construction. The Light-Footed Clapper Rail has a low potential to forage within the study area, however no occurrence within the study area is known.  California Least Tern has a less than reasonable potential to breed due to a lack of suitable habitat located about 0.6 mile away from the study area. Any construction conducted during the nesting season could cause temporary impacts. Construction of the Proposed Project could affect nesting birds protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and California Fish and Game Code	wildlife species. (b) When vegetation removal and ground-disturbing activities are not occurring, as-needed monitoring at the Project site shall occur. Monitoring logs, as appropriate depending on Project activities, shall be maintained for the duration of construction activities.	(b) As appropriate, monitoring logs will be maintained by Project Biologist and made available to resource agencies (e.g., United States Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Wildlife, United States Army Corps of Engineers), if requested.  (c) Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents.  (d) Considered complete after end of Project construction.  (e) Survey for sensitive wildlife.  Construction Phase:	Project Biologist and will review specs and plans for compliance; monitoring log, sensitive wildlife survey.  Implementation: LABOE Construction Manager
Sections. Construction of the Proposed Project is not expected to adversely affect Raptor Foraging habitat. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.  Construction BIO-2. Results in the loss or reduction of a locally designated natural habitat or plant community. Vegetation Communities. The Project would result in a total of 0.37 acre of short-term temporary direct impacts to vegetation communities (excluding developed areas). These impacts would occur during the construction phase only. Environmentally Sensitive Habitat Areas. The Grand Canal and Ballona Lagoon are classified as an ESHA.		Timing/Schedule: Throughout Project construction Methods/Status/Verification: (a) During vegetation removal, Project Biologist to be present to monitor activities and on an as-needed basis, for monitoring when vegetation monitoring is not occurring on-site. (b) As appropriate, monitoring logs will be maintained by Project Biologist and made available to resource agencies (e.g., United States Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Wildlife, United States Army Corps of Engineers), if requested.	or Contractor shall implement mitigation measure.  Enforcement:  LABOE Construction Manager and BCA  Monitoring and Reporting:  EMG will work with the Project Biologist, the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, California Department of Fish and Wildlife, United States Army Corps of Engineers (if applicable) and will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report; Project Biologist to monitor

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Construction of the Proposed Project		Considered complete after end	construction activities and
could result in direct and indirect		of Project construction.	maintain monitoring log.
temporary impacts on this			
designated ESHA due to the loss of			
individuals or reduction of existing			
habitat of a locally designated species			
or a reduction in a locally designated natural habitat or plant community.			
Less than Significant with			
Mitigation Incorporated			
Mitigation into porateu			
Construction BIO-3. Results in an			
interference with habitat such that			
normal species behaviors are			
disturbed to a degree that may			
diminish the changes for long-term			
survival of a sensitive species. The			
Proposed Project includes temporary			
direct impacts on the Grand Canal, its			
banks, and adjacent undeveloped lots			
to be used as construction laydown			
areas. Increased light exposure from			
temporary construction lighting and			
increased sedimentation could			
diminish long-term species survival.			
However, habitat will be restored			
after construction is completed so			
therefore, the Proposed Project will result in minimal interference with			
habitat. <b>Less than Significant with</b>			
Mitigation.			
Construction BIO-1. Results in the	MM BIO-3: Restoration of Vegetation	Design Phase:	Implementation:
loss of special status species or	within Grand Canal. Regarding the	Timing/Schedule: During	LABOE Project Engineer shall
habitat. Special Status Wildlife. The	disturbance footprint within the Grand	Project design.	include requirement in Contract
Light-Footed Clapper Rail has a low	Canal, habitat along the bank shall be	Methods/Status/Verification:	specs and plans; Project
potential to forage within the study	restored to its original condition by	The HRP shall be prepared	Biologist to complete HRP.
area due to the nearby population at	seeding, cuttings and/or container plant	prior to the start of	Enforcement:
Ballona Wetlands. However no	installation following construction.	construction activities.	LABOE Project Manager

Environmental Impacts (CEQA) Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
occurrence within the study area is known. As such direct or indirect temporary impacts on this species could occur during construction. California Least Tern has a less than reasonable potential to breed due to a lack of suitable habitat located about 0.6 mile away from the study area. Any construction conducted during the nesting season may cause temporary impacts. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.  Habitat restoration shall be performe coordination with regulating agencies (California Coastal Commission, USAC and RWQCB) and as required by agen permits. A Habitat Restoration Plan (HRP) shall be prepared and submitte to EMG for review and approval, prio submittal to the agencies. The plan we establishment period, as well as succiriteria and monitoring requirements addition, a monetary contribution may be provided to the Grand Canal Restoration of the canal banks.	Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents.  Cy  d to  Construction/Operational Phase: Timing/Schedule: Throughout and after Project construction	Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance and HRP; California Coastal Commission, USACE and RWQCB shall review HRP  Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure; Project Biologist to implement HRP. Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager and BCA. Monitoring and Reporting: EMG will work with California Coastal Commission, USACE and RWQCB (if applicable) and will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report; Project Biologist to verify HMP.

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
		determine if a contribution to the wider restoration project is necessary. Considered complete after end of Project construction.	
Construction BIO-1. Results in the loss of special status species or habitat. Special Status Wildlife. Construction of the Proposed Project could affect Nesting Birds protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and California Fish and Game Code Sections. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.	MM BIO-4: Covered Disposal Containers. Work crews shall properly dispose of all garbage in covered containers to avoid attracting predators (such as crows and ravens) that could contribute indirectly to depredation of California least tern eggs and chicks in the nearby nesting colony.	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: During Project design Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans; Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance.
Construction BIO-3. Results in an interference with habitat such that normal species behaviors are disturbed to a degree that may diminish the changes for long-term survival of a sensitive species The Proposed Project includes temporary direct impacts on the Grand Canal, its banks, and adjacent undeveloped lots to be used as construction laydown areas. Increased light exposure from temporary construction lighting and increased sedimentation could diminish long-term species survival. However, habitat will be restored after construction is completed; therefore, the Proposed Project will result in minimal interference with habitat. Less than Significant with Mitigation.		Construction/Operations Phase: Timing/Schedule: Duration of Project, including construction and operation. Methods/Status/Verification: LABOE/Contractor or Plant Operator (during operation) will conduct daily inspections of Project Site to ensure that all garbage is properly disposed of in covered containers. Considered on-going throughout the life of the Proposed Project.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure. Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager and BCA. Monitoring and Reporting: EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.
Construction BIO-3. Results in an	MM BIO-5: Water Quality Monitoring	Design Phase:	Implementation:
interference with habitat such	during Construction. Water quality	Timing/Schedule:	LABOE Project Engineer shall

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that normal species behaviors are disturbed The Proposed Project includes temporary direct impacts on the Grand Canal, its banks, and adjacent undeveloped lots to be used as construction laydown areas. Increased light exposure from temporary construction lighting and increased sedimentation could diminish long-term species survival. However, habitat will be restored after construction is completed so therefore, the Proposed Project will result in minimal interference with habitat. Less than Significant with Mitigation.  Construction BIO-4. Result in the alteration of an existing wetland habitat The Project occurs within the jurisdiction of several agencies including, but not limited to, USACE,	shall be monitored by the qualified biologist or a water quality specialist to ensure that no substantial increases in turbidity occur during construction, and that no erosion occurs on the west bank during in-water construction activities. The contractor shall ensure compliance with RWQCB Section 401 Water Quality Certification, USACE Section 404 authorization, applicable water-quality related best management practices, and the Project Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan.	Timing and Methods  During Project design  Methods/Status/Verification:  Mitigation measures and applicable water-quality related best management practices from the Project RWQCB Section 401 Water Quality Certification, USACE Section 404 authorization, and the Project Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan will be included in contractor bid documents.  Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: During Project construction Methods/Status/Verification: (a) Project Biologist or Project Hydrologist/Water Quality Expert to perform daily visual	Responsible Parties include requirement in Contract specs and plans Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance.  Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure; Project Biologist/Water Quality Expert/Hydrologist. Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager and BCA
RWQCB and CCC and would result in temporary direct and indirect impacts to aquatic resources, including an existing wetland habitat. These impacts are significant without mitigation. Applicable permits from resource agencies would be obtained during the permitting phase prior to construction and all permit conditions and avoidance and minimization measures will be implemented. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.	MM DIO & Nocting Dind Survey	inspection during Stage 4 (cofferdam construction) of the Proposed Project. (b) The City staff will coordinate with Contractor to ensure that all regulatory permit requirements are adhered to and will ensure that copies of all required permits and plans are maintained on the Project Site and readily available for inspection. Where applicable, mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Considered complete after end of Project construction.	Monitoring and Reporting: EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report; Project Biologist to perform daily inspections.
Construction BIO-1. Results in the	MM BIO-6: Nesting Bird Survey.	Design Phase:	Implementation:

Environmental Impacts (CEOA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Ioss of special status species or habitat. Special Status Wildlife. Construction of the Proposed Project could affect Nesting Birds protected under the Migratory Bird Treaty Act and California Fish and Game Code Sections. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.  Construction BIO-3. Results in an interference with habitat such that normal species behaviors are disturbed The Proposed Project includes temporary direct impacts on the Grand Canal, its banks, and adjacent undeveloped lots to be used as construction laydown areas. Less than Significant with Mitigation.	(a) If construction commences during the bird breeding season (February 15 through August 31), a preconstruction survey for nesting birds shall occur within three days prior to construction activities by an experienced avian biologist.  (b) The survey shall occur within all suitable nesting habitat within the Project impact area and a 500-foot buffer. If nesting birds are found, an avoidance area shall be established in consultation with the resource agencies as appropriate by a qualified biologist around the nest until a qualified avian biologist has determined that young have fledged or nesting activities have ceased.  (c) The Project site shall be re-surveyed if there is a lapse in construction activities for more than seven days during the bird breeding season.	Timing and Methods  Timing/Schedule: During Project design, preconstruction  Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures will be included in contractor bid documents.  If construction commences during the bird breeding season (February 15 through August 31), a preconstruction survey for nesting birds shall occur within three days prior to construction activities by an experienced avian biologist.  Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: During Project construction. Methods/Status/Verification: Pre-construction surveys conducted by Project Biologist for nesting birds, as applicable. If determined present, avoidance areas will be marked by Project Biologist and coordination with LABOE/Contractor undertaken to restrict construction equipment and personnel from these areas. Where applicable, mitigation measures and/or best management practices to be included in contractor bid documents. Considered complete after end of Project construction.	Responsible Parties  LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans; Avian Biologist to conduct pre-construction survey, if applicable.  Enforcement:  LABOE Project Manager  Monitoring and Reporting:  LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance.  Implementation:  LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure; Project Avian Biologist.  Enforcement:  LABOE Construction Manager and BCA  Monitoring and Reporting:  LABOE EMG will consult with applicable resource agencies, when needed and will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report; Project Avian Biologist to perform nesting birds pre-construction surveys.
Construction BIO-2. Results in the	MM BIO-7: Silt Fencing at	Design Phase:	Implementation:

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
loss of individuals or the	Construction Limits.	Timing/Schedule:	LABOE Project Engineer shall
reduction of existing habitat of a	(a) Construction limits shall be identified	Prior to Project construction.	include requirement in Contract
locally designated species or a	using silt fencing, which shall be installed	Methods/Status/Verification:	specs and plans; Project
reduction in a locally designated	under the supervision of a qualified	Mitigation measures shall be	Biologist supervise installation
natural habitat or plant	biologist prior to commencement of work.	included in contractor bid	pre-construction.
community. Environmentally	(b) Construction personnel shall strictly	documents.	Enforcement:
Sensitive Habitat Areas. The Grand	limit their activities, vehicles, equipment,	(a) Project Biologist to	LABOE Project Manager
Canal and Ballona Lagoon are	and construction materials to the Project	coordinate with	Monitoring and Reporting:
classified as an ESHA. Construction	footprint, including designated staging	LABOE/Contractor on	LABOE EMG will review specs
of the Proposed Project could result	areas, and routes of travel.	construction limits, using silt	and plans for compliance.
in direct and indirect temporary	(c) The construction areas shall consist	fencing. (b) In coordination	
impacts on this designated ESHA	of the minimal area necessary to	with LABOE/Contractor, limits	
due to the loss of individuals or	complete the Proposed Project.	shall be verified monthly by	
reduction of existing habitat of a	(d) The fencing shall remain in place	Project Biologist. (c)	
locally designated species or a	until the completion of all construction	LABOE/Contractor to ensure	
reduction in a locally designated	activities.	daily that construction activities	
natural habitat or plant community.		are occurring within project	
Less than Significant with		limits. Considered complete	
Mitigation.		after end of Project	
Construction BIO-3. Results in an		construction.	
interference with habitat such			
that normal species behaviors are		Construction Phase:	Implementation:
disturbed The Proposed Project		Timing/Schedule:	LABOE Project Engineer shall
includes temporary direct impacts		Project pre-construction and	include requirement in Contract
on the Grand Canal, its banks, and		during Project construction	specs and plans; Project
adjacent undeveloped lots to be used		Methods/Status/Verification:	Biologist supervise fence
as construction laydown areas.		(a) Construction limits shall be	installation.
Increased light exposure from		identified using silt fencing,	Enforcement:
temporary construction lighting and		which shall be installed under	LABOE Construction Manager
increased sedimentation could		the supervision of a qualified	and BCA
diminish long-term species survival.		biologist prior to the	Monitoring and Reporting:
However, habitat will be restored		commencement of work.	EMG will review Environmental
after construction is completed so		(b) Construction personnel	Compliance Plan prepared by
therefore, the Proposed Project will		shall strictly limit their	Contractor, Environmental
result in minimal interference with		activities, vehicles, equipment,	Compliance Report and Project
habitat. Less than Significant with		and construction materials to	Acceptance and Closeout
Mitigation.		the Project footprint, including	Report; Project Biologist to
		designated staging areas, and	monitor fence installation.

reduction of existing habitat of a locally designated species or a reduction in a locally designated community. Vegetative community. Vegetative Communities. The Grand Canal and Ballona Lagoon are classified as an ESHA. Construction of the Proposed Project could result in direct and indirect temporary impacts on this designated ESHA due to the loss of individuals or reduction in a locally designated species or a reduction in a locally designated natural habitat or plant community. All natural habitat will be restored after construction is completed. Less than Significant with Mitigation.  Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be restored within three months of the completion of Stage 6 construction activities, or as directed by regulatory agencies in compliance with HRP.  Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Implementation of MM BIO-3: Restoration of Vegetation within Grand Canal. Considered complete after end of Project construction.  Construction Phase:  Timing/Schedule: Project pre-construction and	Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
loss of individuals or the reduction of existing habitat of a locally designated species or a reduction in a locally designated community. Vegetative Communities. The Grand Canal and Ballona Lagoon are classified as an ESHA. Construction of the Proposed Project could result in direct and indirect temporary impacts on this designated ESHA due to the loss of individuals or reduction of existing habitat of a locally designated as an establiated of alocally designated and transmunity. All natural habitat or plant community. All natural habitat or plant community. All natural habitat or plant completed. Less than Significant with Mitigation.  Habitat Area (ESHA) Protection. Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be protected, enhanced, and restored as necessary to previous undisturbed conditions in accordance with applicable USACE, RWQCB, CCC, or City of Los Angeles requirements.  Habitat Area (ESHA) Protection. Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be restored within three months of the completion of Stage 6 construction activities, or as directed by regulatory agencies in compliance with HRP.  Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Implementation of Vegetation within Grand Canal. Considered complete after end of Project construction.  Construction Phase:  Timing/Schedule:  Habitat Area (ESHA) Protection.  Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be restored within three months of the completion of Stage 6 construction activities, or as directed by regulatory agencies in compliance with HRP.  Methods/Status/Verification:  Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Implementation of Vegetation within Grand Canal. Considered complete after end of Project construction.  Construction Phase:  Timing/Schedule:  Habitat Area (ESHA) Protection.  Existing functions and values in ESHA  Shall be restored within three months of Stage 6 construction of Stage 6 construction activities, or as directed by regulatory agencies in complianc			<ul><li>(c) The construction areas shall consist of the minimal area necessary to complete the Proposed Project.</li><li>(d) The fencing shall remain in place until the completion of all</li></ul>	
loss of individuals or the reduction of existing habitat of a locally designated species or a reduction in a locally designated natural habitat or plant community. Vegetative Communities. The Grand Canal and Ballona Lagoon are classified as an ESHA. Construction of the Proposed Project could result in direct and indirect temporary impacts on this designated ESHA due to the loss of individuals or reduction of existing habitat of a locally designated natural habitat or plant community. All natural habitat will be restored after construction is completed. Less than Significant with Mitigation.  Habitat Area (ESHA) Protection.  Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be restored within shall be protected, enhanced, and restored as necessary to previous undisturbed conditions in accordance with applicable USACE, RWQCB, CCC, or City of Los Angeles requirements.  Habitat Area (ESHA) Protection.  Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be restored within three months of the completion of Stage 6 construction activities, or as directed by regulatory agencies in compliance with HRP.  Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Implementation of MM BIO-3: Restoration of Vegetation within Grand Canal. Considered complete after end of Project construction.  Construction Phase:  Timing/Schedule:  Habitat Area (ESHA) Protection.  Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be restored within three months of the completion of Stage 6 construction.  Endown HRP.  Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Implementation of MM BIO-3: Restoration of Vegetation within Grand Canal. Considered complete after end of Project construction.  Construction Phase:  Timing/Schedule:  Habitat Area (ESHA) Protection.  Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be restored within three months of the completion of Stage 6 construction.  Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Implementation of Vegetation wi	Construction BIO-2. Results in the	MM BIO-8: Environmentally Sensitive	Design Phase:	Implementation:
Ballona Lagoon are classified as an ESHA. Construction of the Proposed Project could result in direct and indirect temporary impacts on this designated ESHA due to the loss of individuals or reduction of existing habitat of a locally designated species or a reduction in a locally designated natural habitat or plant community. All natural habitat will be restored after construction is completed. Less than Significant with Mitigation.  Methods/Status/Verification:  Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Implementation of MM BIO-3: Restoration of Vegetation within Grand Canal. Considered complete after end of Project construction.  States Army Corps of E Regional Water Quality Board and City of Los A Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: Project pre-construction and Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer include requirement in	reduction of existing habitat of a locally designated species or a reduction in a locally designated natural habitat or plant community. Vegetative	Habitat Area (ESHA) Protection. Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be protected, enhanced, and restored as necessary to previous undisturbed conditions in accordance with applicable USACE, RWQCB, CCC, or	Timing/Schedule: Habitat shall be restored within three months of the completion of Stage 6 construction activities, or as directed by regulatory agencies in	LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans; Project Biologist.
completed. Less than Significant with Mitigation.  Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: Project pre-construction and include requirement in	ESHA. Construction of the Proposed Project could result in direct and indirect temporary impacts on this designated ESHA due to the loss of individuals or reduction of existing habitat of a locally designated species or a reduction in a locally designated natural habitat or plant community. All natural habitat will		Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Implementation of MM BIO-3: Restoration of Vegetation within Grand Canal. Considered complete after end of Project	Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance and coordinate with California Coastal Commission, United States Army Corps of Engineers, Regional Water Quality Control Board and City of Los Angeles.
Methods/Status/Verification: Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be protected, enhanced, and restored as necessary to previous undisturbed conditions in  Methods/Status/Verification: Biologist will supervise installation. Enforcement: LABOE Construction M and BCA Monitoring and Report	completed. Less than Significant		Timing/Schedule: Project pre-construction and during Project construction Methods/Status/Verification: Existing functions and values in ESHA shall be protected, enhanced, and restored as necessary to previous undisturbed conditions in	LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans; Project Biologist will supervise fence installation.  Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Construction BIO-4. Result in the alteration of an existing wetland	MM BIO-9: Restoration of Mudflats within Grand Canal. The temporary	Los Angeles requirements.  Design Phase: Timing/Schedule:	Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.  Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall
habitat The Project would result in temporary direct and indirect impacts to aquatic resources, including an existing wetland habitat. These impacts are significant without mitigation.  Applicable permits from resource agencies would be obtained during the permitting phase prior to construction and all permit conditions, avoidance and minimization measures will be implemented. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.	work area in the Grand Canal within mudflat/open water shall be returned to pre-construction grade and contours following construction.	During Project design  Methods/Status/Verification:  Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Considered complete after end of Project construction.  Construction/Operations Phase: Timing/Schedule: Pending completion of Project construction. Restoration of mudflats must occur within three months of completion of Stage 6 construction activities, or as directed by regulatory agencies.  Methods/Status/Verification: LABOE/Contractor to prepare pre- and post-contour topography to ensure contours reflect pre-construction grade of Grand Canal. Project Biologist to verify if contours have been restored to pre-construction conditions. Considered complete after end of Project construction.	include requirement in Contract specs and plans.  Enforcement:  LABOE Project Manager  Monitoring and Reporting:  LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance.  Implementation:  LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure; Project Biologist.  Enforcement:  LABOE Construction Manager and BCA Monitoring and Reporting:  EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.; Project Biologist will monitor HRP.
Cultural Resources			

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Construction CUL-1. Disturb, damage or degrade an archaeological resource or its setting The potential for encountering archaeological resources during construction is low. However, in the unlikely event that archaeological resources are present on the Project Site, construction activities could disturb, damage, or degrade those resources. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.	MM CUL-1: Archaeological and/or Tribal Cultural Resource.  (a) In the unlikely event that any prehistoric artifact of historic period materials or bone, shell, or nonnative stone is encountered during construction, work shall be immediately stopped, the area secured, and work relocated to another area until the found materials can be assessed by a qualified archaeologist.  (b) Examples of such cultural materials might include historical trash pits containing bottles and/or ceramics; or structural remains or concentrations of	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: During design phase Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. LABOE/Contractor to contact Project Archaeologists prior to construction activities involving earth-moving and if artifacts are identified, a Native American monitor will be consulted and resources avoided.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans; Project Archaeologist Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review Construction specs and plans for compliance.
	grinding stone tools such as mortars, bowls, pestles, and manos; chipped stone tools such as projectile points or choppers; and flakes of stone not consistent with the immediate geology such as obsidian or fused shale.  (c) If the Archeologist determines that an artifact may qualify as a tribal cultural resource, a Native American monitor shall be consulted. The contractor shall stop construction within 30 feet of the exposure of these finds until a qualified archaeologist can be retained to evaluate the find (see 36 CFR 800.11.1, 14 CCR 15064.5(f) and PRC § 21084.3(b)). If the resources are found to be significant, they shall be avoided or impacts shall be mitigated consistent with Section 106, State Historic Preservation Officer Guidelines, and/or Assembly Bill 52.	Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: During Project construction Methods/Status/Verification: City/Contractor to contact Project Archaeologists during construction activities if artifacts are identified, a Native American monitor will be consulted and resources avoided. Where applicable, mitigation measures and/or best management practices to be included in contractor bid documents. LABOE Project Manager to verify compliance by Contractor during Project construction. Considered complete after end of Project construction.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure; Project Archaeologist.  Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager and BCA Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.; Project Archaeologist and a Native American will monitor site, as needed.
Geology and Soils			
Construction GEO-1. Expose people or structures to potential	MM GEO-1: Liquefaction Considerations. Potential liquefaction	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule:	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
substantial adverse effects,	induced settlements shall be considered	During Project design	requirement in Contract specs
including the risk of loss, injury,	and accounted for in the design of the	Methods/Status/Verification:	and plans.
or death involving strong seismic	Proposed Project. The design shall	Mitigation measures shall be	Enforcement:
ground shaking and/or	comply with the specifications in the	included in contractor bid	LABOE Project Manager
seismically related ground failure,	following three reports located in	documents. Project	Monitoring & Reporting:
including liquefaction. During	Appendix M: the Department of Public	Engineer/Designer will ensure	LABOE EMG will review specs
construction, the Project Site could be	Works, Bureau of Engineering,	that MM GEO-1: Liquefaction	and plans for compliance.
subject to significant seismic ground	Geotechnical Division's Geotechnical	Considerations is	
shaking from regional faults;	Engineering Report, Department of	implemented per the	
however the VAPP would be	Building and Safety's Geology and Soils	requirements of the	
designed in conformance with the	Report Approval Letter and the	Geotechnical Engineering	
City of Los Angeles Building Code,	Department of Public Works	Report - Venice Auxiliary	
which would reduce potential ground	Geotechnical Division's Response to the	Pumping Plant, December 14,	
shaking hazards. Due to presence of	City of Los Angeles, Department of	2015 during final Project	
uncertified fill soils, seismically	Building and Safety Geology and Soils	design.	
related ground failure, including	Report Correction Letter.		
liquefaction, could occur on the		Construction Phase:	Implementation: LABOE
Project Site. The Project Site is not		Timing/Schedule:	Project Engineer shall
located within an earthquake-		During Project construction	implement mitigation measure.
induced landslide hazard zone and it		Methods/Status/Verification:	Enforcement:
does not contain lateral spreading,		Project Engineer/Designer will	Los Angeles Department of
subsidence, or collapse hazards. The		ensure that <b>MM GEO-1</b> :	Building and Safety, LABOE
Project Site is subject to liquefaction		Liquefaction Considerations	Construction Manager and BCA
hazard. Less than Significant with		is implemented per the	Monitoring & Reporting:
Mitigation Incorporated.		requirements of the	LABOE EMG will review
		Geotechnical Engineering	Environmental Compliance Plan
Construction GEO-2. Be located on		Report – Venice Auxiliary	prepared by Contractor,
a geologic unit or soil that is		Pumping Plant, December 14,	Environmental Compliance
unstable or that would become		2015 during Project	Report and Project Acceptance
unstable as a result of the project		construction. Considered	and Closeout Report.
and potentially result in an on-		complete after end of Project	_
site or off-site landslide, lateral		construction.	
spreading, subsidence,		construction.	
liquefaction, or collapse. The			
Project Site could experience			
liquefaction, including up to 2 inches			
for structures and up to 1 inch			
associated with the pipe header.			
These impacts are considered			

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
potentially significant. The GER did			
not identify lateral spreading,			
subsidence, or collapse as issues of			
concern. Therefore, geologic and			
seismic hazards (excepting			
liquefaction) identified for the			
Project Site are less than significant			
with MM-GEO-1 applied. Therefore,			
potential impacts would be <b>Less</b>			
than Significant with Mitigation			
Incorporated.			
_			
Operational GEO-1. Expose people			
or structures to potential substantial			
adverse effects, including the risk of			
loss, injury, or death involving			
strong seismic ground shaking			
and/or seismically related ground			
failure, including liquefaction. The			
Project Site is located within a			
seismically active region that is			
capable of generating earthquakes			
(including ground shaking) of			
considerable magnitude that would			
be capable of causing damage to			
buildings and infrastructure located			
on site. The Project Site could also			
experience liquefaction, including up			
to 2 inches for structures and up to			
1 inch associated with the pipe			
header. These impacts are			
considered potentially significant.			
Through adherence to the City of Los			
Angeles Building Code and CBC			
requirements and the			
implementation of MM-GEO-1 would			
reduce the risks posed by potential			
hazards from strong seismic ground			
shaking and/or seismically related			

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
ground failure, including failure			
related to liquefaction, to an			
acceptable level. Less than			
Significant with Mitigation			
Incorporated.			
Operational GEO-2. Be located on a			
geologic unit or soil that is unstable			
or that would become unstable as a			
result of the project and potentially			
result in an on-site or off-site			
landslide, lateral spreading,			
subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse.			
The Project Site could experience			
liquefaction, including up to 2 inches			
for structures and up to 1 inch			
associated with the pipe header.			
These impacts are considered			
potentially significant. The GER did			
not identify lateral spreading,			
subsidence, or collapse as issues of			
concern. Therefore, geologic and			
seismic hazards (excepting			
liquefaction) identified for the			
Project Site are less than significant			
with MM GEO-1 applied. Less than Significant with Mitigation			
Measures Incorporated.			
Construction HAZ-1. Create a	MM HA7 1a, Coil and Coil Vanor	Design Phase:	Implementation, LABOE
significant hazard to the public or	MM HAZ-1a: Soil and Soil Vapor Subsurface Investigation. Prior to	Timing/Schedule:	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include
the environment thought	construction, a soil and soil vapor	0,	requirement in Contract specs
reasonably foreseeable upset and	subsurface investigation shall be	During Project design	and plans. Environmental
accident conditions involving the	conducted by a qualified environmental	Methods/Status/Verification:	consultant specializing in
release of hazardous chemicals	consultant specializing in the	Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid	hazardous materials shall
into the environment. The parcel	identification and handling of hazardous	documents. LABOE Project	conduct a soil vapor subsurface
located at 128 Hurricane Street lies	materials. The subsurface investigation	Manager or Construction	investigation.
within the administrative	may include, but would not be limited to:	Manager or Construction  Manager to verify preparation	Enforcement:
boundaries of the Playa Del Rey Oil	A scope of work consisting of Pre-	of an HASP has been prepared	LABOE Project Manager

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Field. One oil well McDonald 2 was observed on the Project Site and is located within a methane zone. The well was originally plugged and abandoned in 1932. As such, the project would have the potential to result in impacts associated with releases of methane or oil from the abandoned oil well during excavation activities. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.	Field Activities, such as preparation of a Health and Safety Plan (HASP), determining and marking sampling/boring locations and obtaining utility clearance, and Field Activities, such as identifying appropriate sampling procedures, health and safety measures, chemical testing methods, and quality assurance/quality control (QA/QC) procedures in accordance with the ASTM Standard.  Necessary permits for boring advancement.  A Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) in accordance with the scope of work.  Laboratory analyses conducted by a State-certified laboratory.  Disposal process including transport by a State-certified hazardous material hauler to a State-certified disposal or recycling facility licensed to accept and treat hazardous waste.	and appropriate sampling techniques have been undertaken by a qualified laboratory. Contractor to properly dispose of materials at permitted landfill. Considered complete if done prior to Project construction.	Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance. Will review HASP and quality control.
construction HAZ-1. Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment thought reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous chemicals into the environment. One oil well McDonald 2 was observed on the Project Site and is located within a methane zone. The well was originally plugged and abandoned in 1932. As such, the project would have the potential to result in impacts associated with releases of	MM HAZ-1b: Confirmation of Oil Well Abandonment. Prior to construction, the applicant shall obtain confirmation via DOGGR of the proper abandonment of oil well McDonald 2. If reabandonment of McDonald 2 was not performed to current DOGGR requirements, the applicant shall seek the assistance of a qualified environmental consultant to abandon the oil well to current standards.	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: During Project design, prior to Project construction. Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. LABOE Project Manager to coordinate with California Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources and Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety regarding McDonald 2 well abandonment.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans; Environmental consultant specializing in hazardous materials. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will coordinate with California Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources, and Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety.

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
methane or oil from the abandoned oil well during excavation activities.  Less than Significant with  Mitigation Incorporated.		Considered complete if done prior to Project construction.	
operational HAZ-1. Creates a significant hazard to the public or the environment thought reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous chemicals into the environment The Project Site and is located within a methane zone. Long term operations of the Proposed Project could encounter potential impacts related to the encroachment/seepage of methane into the VAPP structure so impacts are considered potentially significant. Recommendations during construction activities that	MM HAZ-2: Methane Encroachment. If the analytical results of the subsurface investigation under Mitigation Measure HAZ-1a determine that methane encroachment has the potential to affect VAPP operational activities, the environmental consultant shall provide recommendations during construction of the Proposed Project to mitigate long term potential impacts.	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: During Project design, prior to Project construction. Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. LABOE Project Manager to coordinate with California Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources and Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety regarding McDonald 2 well abandonment. Considered complete if done prior to Project construction.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans; Environmental consultant specializing in hazardous materials. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will coordinate with California Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources, and Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety.
applies MM HAZ-2 will reduce the impact to less than significant. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.		Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: During Project construction. Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. LABOE/Contractor to coordinate with Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety and provide recommendation to mitigate long term potential impacts from methane encroachment prior to operation of the Proposed Project. Considered complete after end of Project construction.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure; Environmental consultant specializing in hazardous materials. Enforcement: City of Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety; LABOE Construction Manager and BCA. Monitoring and Reporting: Environmental consultant specializing in hazardous materials; EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
			and Closeout Report.
Land Use and Planning			
Construction PLNG-5. The number, degree, and type of secondary impacts to surrounding land uses that could result from implementation of the Proposed Project. Secondary construction-related noise and vibration impacts during the construction period which is expected to 2 years would be significant and unavoidable, even with mitigation incorporated. Cumulative noise and vibration impacts during construction would also be significant and unavoidable. Therefore, the number, degree, and type of secondary impacts to surrounding land uses that could result from implementation of the Proposed Project during construction would be significant and unavoidable, even with the application of mitigation measures MM NOI-1 and MM NOI-2.  Significant and Unavoidable.	Secondary impacts on surrounding land uses would result from significant construction noise and vibration impacts. MM NOI-1 and MM NOI-2 are required to reduce these impacts. However, even with the application of these mitigation measures, the impacts remain significant and unavoidable. Please refer to mitigation measures MM NOI-1 and MM NOI-2 in this EIR.	Mitigation measures for this impact are all derived from other environmental resource sections (Noise, Aesthetics, and Geology and Soils). See the corresponding sections for timing and methods for each mitigation measure.	See corresponding sections for implementation and monitoring and reporting responsibilities.
Operational, PLNG-5. The number, degree, and type of secondary impacts to surrounding land uses that could result from implementation of the Proposed Project. Secondary operational impacts can be mitigated to less than significant levels with project design low-impact development features, standard regulatory requirements and the implementation of	Secondary impacts on surrounding land uses related to noise during operations are addressed in MM NOI-3, which reduces operational noise levels created by building equipment, MM AES-3, which ensures that all Proposed Project structures will be designed to minimize their visual presence, and MM GEO-1, which helps prevent seismically related ground failure related to liquefaction. Please refer to mitigation measures MM-		

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
mitigation measures related to	NOI-3, MM AES-3 and MM GEO-1 in this		
noise, aesthetics, geology and soils.	EIR.		
Secondary impacts related to noise			
during operations are addressed			
with the reduction of operational			
noise levels created by building			
equipment, ensure that all Proposed			
Project structures will be designed			
to minimize their visual presence,			
and help prevent seismically related			
ground failure, including failure			
related to liquefaction. Secondary			
impacts during operation are less			
than significant with the			
incorporation of MM NOI-3, MM			
AES-3, and MM GEO-1 mitigation			
measures. Less than Significant			
with Mitigation Incorporated.			

**Responsible Parties Environmental Impacts (CEQA) Mitigation Measures Timing and Methods** Noise and Vibration Construction NOI-1. Exceed any of MM NOI-1: Prepare and Implement a **Design Phase: Implementation**: LABOE the construction noise criteria Construction Noise Control Plan. To Project Engineer shall include Timing/Schedule: provided by the L.A. CEQA reduce the significant construction noise requirement in Contract specs **During Project design** Thresholds Guide. Project impacts, the Los Angeles Bureau of and plans; Noise consultant. Methods/Status/Verification: Engineering (LABOE) and Contractor construction noise would exceed any **Enforcement:** Mitigation measures shall be of the construction noise criteria shall develop a Noise Control Plan that LABOE Project Manager included in contractor bid provided by the L.A. CEQA includes the implementation of the **Monitoring and Reporting:** documents. LABOE Project Thresholds Guide (i.e., exceed following noise reduction measures LABOE EMG will review specs Manager to verify development existing ambient exterior noise during construction. of a Noise Control Plan. and plans for compliance; levels by 10 dBA or more at a noise-(a) Construction Hours - The operation LABOE/Contract will verify City/Contractor and sensitive use for activities lasting of construction equipment shall occur compliance of identified Department of Public Works more than 1 day; or exceed existing only between 8:00 a.m. to 6:00 p.m. measures daily (e.g., adherence (Public Affairs) ambient exterior noise levels by 5 Monday through Saturdays. No to construction hours, dBA or more at a noise-sensitive use construction activity shall occur on construction worker use of for construction activities lasting national holidays or at any time on shuttle, notification of residents more than 10 days in a 3-month Sundays. Access to the construction site of construction operations, period, or activities occurring may occur prior to construction hours for maintenance of a call log by between the hours of 9 p.m. and 7 the purpose of set up, conducting safety Department of Public Works a.m. Monday through Friday, before meetings, etc. The use of the pile driver, [Public Affairs], use of electric 8 a.m. or after 6 p.m. on Saturday, or grader and jackhammer construction equipment [where and when at any time on Sunday Short-term equipment shall be limited to the hours of feasible]). Considered complete noise and vibration impacts could 9 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. However, specific work after end of Project occur during construction of the related to the VAPP connection the construction. Proposed Project from on-site manifold will be exempt from these construction activities at the Project hours, along with any emergency **Implementation:** LABOE **Construction Phase:** Site and loading/unloading activities conditions or unforeseen work that would **Project Engineer shall Timing/Schedule:** at the three proposed construction require the use of this equipment to implement mitigation measure; During Project construction. Laydown Areas. Even with complete a specific task in one continuous Noise consultant. Methods/Status/Verification: implementation of the measures work event. Haul trucks can only access **Enforcement:** LABOE/Contractor will verify listed in MM NOI-1, construction the site through local neighborhood City of Los Angeles Department compliance of identified activities are anticipated to result in streets from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m. Construction of Building and Safety; LABOE measures daily (e.g., adherence noise levels that increase the personnel shall not be permitted on the Construction Manager and BCA. to construction hours, ambient noise levels by more than 5 Project Site (including laydown and **Monitoring and Reporting:** construction worker use of dB. Significant and Unavoidable. storage areas) outside of the hours of Noise consultant and shuttle, notification of residents

Result in groundborne vibration

Construction NOI-2 and NOI-3.

Department of Public Works:

Plan, Environmental

EMG will review Noise Control

of construction operations,

maintenance of a call log by

Department of Public Works

7:30 am to 6:00 pm. Material or

equipment deliveries and collections shall

not occur outside the hours of 8:00 am to

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
levels that are distinctly	6:00 pm. In addition, no construction	[Public Affairs], use of electric	Compliance Plan prepared by
perceptible at a receiving	worker parking would be allowed along	equipment [where and when	Contractor, Environmental
residential use, or could	Hurricane Street or on adjacent local	feasible]). Considered complete	Compliance Report and Project
potentially result in building	streets. Construction workers shall park	after end of Project	Acceptance and Closeout
damage. Project construction would	offsite and arrive by shuttle to the	construction.	Report.
result in ground-borne vibration	construction site, as arranged by the		
1	construction contractor.		
levels that are distinctly perceptible	<b>(b)</b> Piles – All piles, including sheeting,		
at a receiving residential use, or	shall be installed and extracted using		
could potentially result in building	vibration- and percussive-free methods.		
damage Various pieces of heavy	(c) Construction Mitigation		
equipment such as graders and	Coordinator - The City and/or its		
excavators would be used at the	Contractor shall maintain good		
Project Site, as well as pile driving	communication with the surrounding		
equipment. For the building	community regarding the schedule,		
construction phase, vibration levels	duration, and progress of construction activities. Residents at properties within		
were estimated that a total of up to	500 feet of construction activities shall		
30 days of Project construction	be notified hours in advance of the		
would include pile driving.	planned activities prior to the start of		
Vibration levels from demolition,	work. The notification shall advise that		
site preparation, grading and	there will be loud noise associated with		
building construction with pile	the construction, and shall state the date,		
driving would exceed the annoyance	time, and expected duration of the		
threshold for vibration at multiple	planned activities. The notification shall		
receptors. Impacts related to the	provide a telephone contact number for		
threshold associated with potential	affected parties to ask questions or share		
building damage would be reduced	any concerns. A construction mitigation		
to less than significant with	coordinator for the Project will be		
implementation of MM NOI-1 and	required to maintain a call log, so that		
MM NOI-2. Impacts related to the	the City can track resolution and nature		
threshold associated with	of any complaints. These complaints may		
annoyance from distinctly	range from noise, vibration, dust, traffic,		
perceptible vibration cannot be	etc. The call log shall contain the name		
completely eliminated even after	and address (if available) of the person		
implementation of mitigation	making the complaint, the date and time		
measures. <b>Significant and Unavoidable.</b>	of the call, and any details regarding the		
Unavoluable.	nature of the complaint related to noise,		
	vibration, dust, parking, traffic, etc.		

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
	related to construction activities. The call		
	log shall be provided to the Public Works		
	Department (Public Affairs Office, LA		
	Sanitation, LABOE) upon request.		
	Residents shall be informed of the		
	construction mitigation coordinator and		
	on-site construction supervisor contact		
	information by posting of the phone		
	number on the construction site. Signage		
	should be visible from Canal Court, the		
	Esplanade, Via Dolce, and Hurricane		
	Street.		
	(d) Noise Barriers - To the extent		
	practicable, temporary noise barriers		
	with a minimum height of 20 feet shall		
	be employed around the Project Site.		
	Openings in the barriers shall be kept to		
	the minimum necessary for access of		
	vehicles, equipment, and construction		
	material. These barriers shall be		
	constructed as follows.		
	From commercially available		
	acoustical panels lined with sound-		
	absorbing material (the sound-		
	absorptive faces of the panels shall		
	face the construction equipment); or,		
	From acoustical blankets hung over or		
	from a supporting frame. The blankets		
	shall provide a minimum sound		
	transmission class rating of 28 and a		
	minimum noise-reduction coefficient		
	of 0.80 and shall be firmly secured to		
	the framework with the sound-		
	absorptive side of the blankets		
	oriented toward the construction		
	equipment. The blankets shall be		
	overlapped by at least 6 inches at		
	seams and taped so that no gaps exist.		

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
	The largest blankets available shall be		
	used in order to minimize the number		
	of seams. The blankets shall be draped		
	to the ground to eliminate any gaps at		
	the base of the barrier.		
	a) For noise-generating equipment that		
	cannot be shielded by site perimeter		
	barriers, localized noise barriers or		
	enclosures shall be employed wherever		
	feasible. The height and location of these		
	barriers/enclosures shall be designed to		
	block the line of sight between the		
	equipment and the surrounding homes.		
	b) Noise Monitoring Plan – LABOE/		
	Contractor shall retain the services of an		
	acoustical/noise consultant to prepare a		
	Noise Monitoring Plan. The plan shall be		
	site-specific for monitoring and reporting		
	construction noise levels in the		
	community to evaluate the Contractor's		
	performance. Based on details of the		
	Contractor's specific construction		
	schedule, the plan shall develop		
	construction noise goals, in terms of 1-		
	hour $L_{eq}$ , that should be achieved for each		
	phase of construction with the inclusion		
	of feasible and practicable noise		
	abatement measures. If noise monitoring		
	indicates the applicable noise goals have		
	been exceeded, steps shall be taken to		
	promptly implement any additional		
	effective abatement measures that are		
	feasible and/or practicable.		
	c) Quiet Construction Equipment -		
	To the fullest extent practicable, the		
	quietest available type of construction		
	equipment shall be used. Newer		
	equipment is generally quieter than		

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
	older equipment. The use of electric-		
	powered equipment is typically quieter		
	than diesel- or gasoline-powered		
	equipment, and hydraulic-powered		
	equipment is typically quieter than		
	pneumatic-powered equipment.		
	d) Construction Equipment Noise		
	Compliance – All construction equipment		
	used on the Proposed Project that is		
	regulated for noise output by a local,		
	state, or federal agency shall comply with		
	such regulation while in the course of		
	Project activity and use on site.		
	e) Proper Maintenance – All		
	construction equipment shall be properly		
	maintained, as poor maintenance of		
	equipment may cause excessive noise		
	levels.		
	f) Equipment Mufflers, Shrouds and		
	Shields - All construction equipment		
	shall be equipped with properly		
	operating and maintained mufflers, air-		
	inlet silencers where appropriate, and		
	any other shrouds, shields, or other		
	noise-reducing features that meet or		
	exceed original factory specifications.		
	g) No Idling – All construction		
	equipment shall be operated only when		
	necessary, and shall be switched off when		
	not in use. Idling inactive construction		
	equipment for prolonged periods (i.e.,		
	more than 2 minutes) shall not be		
	permitted.		
	h) Minimum Use of Audible Safety		
	Warnings - The use of noise-producing		
	signals, including horns, whistles, alarms,		
	and bells, shall be for safety warning		
	purposes only.		

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
	i) No Project-related public address or		
	music system shall be audible at any		
	adjacent residential receptor.		
	j) Construction Work Training -		
	Construction employees shall be trained		
	in the proper operation and use of the		
	equipment. Careless or improper		
	operation or inappropriate use of		
	equipment can increase noise levels. Poor		
	loading, unloading, excavation, and		
	hauling techniques are examples of how a		
	lack of adequate guidance and training		
	may lead to increased noise levels.		
	k) Generator and Compressor		
	Placement - Stationary noise sources		
	such as generators and compressors		
	shall be positioned as far as possible		
	from noise sensitive areas.		
	l) Construction Equipment Storage –		
	Construction equipment shall be stored		
	on the Project Site or designated		
	laydown areas while in use, to the extent		
	feasible. This will eliminate noise		
	associated with repeated transportation		
	of the equipment to and from the site.		
Construction NOI-2 and NOI-3.	MM NOI-2: Implement Ground-borne	Design Phase:	Implementation: LABOE
Result in groundborne vibration	Vibration Control Measures to Reduce	Timing/Schedule:	Project Engineer shall include
levels that are distinctly	Construction-generated Vibration. To	Prior to and during Project	requirement in Contract specs
perceptible at a receiving	reduce the significant construction	construction.	and plans; Project Noise
residential use, or could	vibration impacts, LABOE/Contractor	Methods/Status/Verification:	consultant.
potentially result in building	shall implement the following vibration	LABOE/Contractor to retain	Enforcement:
damage. Project construction would	reduction measures during Project	qualified structural or	LABOE Project Manager
result in ground borne vibration	construction:	geotechnical engineer to	Monitoring and Reporting:
levels that are distinctly perceptible	a) All piles, including sheeting, shall be	document building conditions	LABOE EMG will review specs
at a receiving residential use, or	installed and extracted using vibration-	prior to construction activities.	and plans for compliance.
could potentially result in building	and percussive-free methods.	Mitigation measures shall be	
damage Various pieces of heavy	b) LABOE and/or Contractor shall	included in contractor bid	
equipment would be used at the	retain a qualified structural or	documents. Considered complete	
Project Site.	geotechnical engineer to conduct pre-	after end of Project construction.	

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Vibration levels from demolition, site preparation, grading a dh building construction with pile driving would exceed the annoyance threshold for vibration at multiple receptors. MM NOI-1 restricts pile driving, excavation, and jackhammer activities to 9am to 3:30pm, Monday through Sunday.  Ground-borne vibration from construction, including both pile driving and other construction activities, would exceed the thresholds developed for potential annoyance at nearby homes and at nearby structures. Impacts related to the threshold associated with potential building damage would be reduced to less than significant with implementation of MM NOI-1 and MM NOI-2. Impacts related to the threshold associated with annoyance from distinctly perceptible vibration cannot be completely eliminated and vibration levels would remain distinctly perceptible even after implementation of mitigation measures. Significant and Unavoidable.	construction surveys of adjacent neighboring structures (including photographing and/or videotaping) to document existing building conditions for future comparison if any vibration-related damage is suspected or results from construction-related activities.  c) If considered appropriate by the structural/geotechnical engineer, monitoring shall be conducted during construction to check for vibration-related damage from equipment during its use. Such monitoring may include vibration measurements obtained inside or outside of the buildings, or other tests and observations deemed necessary.	Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: During Project construction Methods/Status/Verification: LABOE/Contractor to retain qualified structural or geotechnical engineer to document building conditions if necessary, during construction activities and to verify that vibration- and percussive-free methods are used to install and remove piles and sheeting during Project construction.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure; Noise consultant. Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager and BCA Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review Noise Control Plan, Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.
Operational NOI-3 and NOI-4. Exceed the operational noise criteria provided by the L.A. CEQA Thresholds Guide. Once completed, VAPP would contain a number of equipment items and systems that would generate noise during operation. The primary noise	MM NOI-3: Design Project Facilities to Reduce Noise from All Mechanical and Electrical Equipment to Levels that Comply with Applicable Regulations. To reduce the significant operational noise impacts to less than significant, noise control features shall be included during the final	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: During Project final design. Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. LABOE/Contractor to retain qualified	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans; Noise consultant Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: City of Los Angeles Department

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
sources would include the following:	architectural and engineering design	acoustical/noise consultant to	of Building and Safety; LABOE
Three submersible pumps, with	phase of the Project, to reduce overall	ensure that noise control	EMG will review specs and
associated electrical motors and	operational noise levels from all	features are included in the	plans for compliance.
variable frequency drives. Noise	Project-related sources to within 5 dB	Project final design. LABOE	
levels at the new VAPP are expected	CNEL of existing ambient noise levels in	Project Manager will coordinate	
to be similar to the existing VPP.	the surrounding community (53 to 57	with Los Angeles Department of	
Noise measurements at the existing	dB CNEL, as described in Table 3.9-6 of	Building and Safety on	
VPP indicate interior noise levels of	the Draft EIR), and to comply with	proposed noise control	
83.6 dBA for two motors running	Chapter XI of the City of Los Angeles	features. Considered complete	
simultaneously and 83.8 dBA for two	Municipal Code (i.e., restrict noise level	after Project final design.	
pumps running simultaneously. In	increases, relative to the existing 1-hour		
order to avoid increasing ambient	L <sub>eq</sub> , to 5 dBA or less). The City shall		
noise levels by more than 5 dB	retain an acoustical/noise consultant to		
CNEL, the noise levels would have to	evaluate the design and provide		
be reduced to less than 56 dB CNEL.	recommendations for specific noise-		
MM NOI-3, which requires final	control features, as necessary, feasible,		
design of the project to limit noise	and practicable, based on the final		
increases and ensure that all	equipment selections and specifications		
mechanical and electrical equipment	for the Project. Such noise control		
noise levels comply with the City of	features may include, but are not		
Los Angeles Municipal Code, would	limited to, the following:		
reduce noise impacts.	a) Selecting equipment with lower		
Heating, ventilation, and air	sound power levels.		
conditioning (HVAC) equipment.	b) Adjusting the location of equipment		
Noise levels for the proposed 20-ton	items within the Project Site to increase		
cooling and ventilation unit is 63	the distance from the closest sensitive		
dBA at a distance of 1 meter (3.3	receptors and/or increase acoustical		
feet) from the side of the unit; based	shielding provided by intervening		
on the published dimensions of the	structures, where practicable and		
unit, this equates to an acoustical	feasible.		
average distance of approximately	c) Shielding noise-generating		
5.2 feet. Published data for a 5-ton	equipment with screens, acoustical		
heat pump indicate a sound power	panels, enclosures, or block walls.		
level of up to 75 dBA. HVAC noise is	d) Using sound-rated doors, windows,		
anticipated to increase ambient	and access hatches at the electrical		
noise levels at Receptor 2 by more	building and subterranean vault.		
than 5 dB CNEL, which would be a	e) Adding sound-absorptive materials		
potentially significant impact.	to interior spaces to reduce buildup of		
An emergency generator. The new 24-	F		

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
kW standby generator, would be	reverberant noise levels.		
housed inside of the proposed	Designing ventilation systems with		
electrical building. The overall noise	acoustical louvers, intake and exhaust		
level of the standby generator is 66	silencers, and other features to control		
dBA at a distance of 23 feet from the	exterior noise propagation from interior		
unit when installed with the	sources.		
manufacturer's sound-attenuating			
housing. The estimated CNEL that			
would occur if the generator was to			
run continuously for 24 hours in			
comparison to existing ambient noise			
levels is that generator noise levels			
and would increase the overall CNEL			
by between 0 and 11 dB.			
Electrical Transformers. Noise levels			
for the proposed new electrical			
transformers are rated at 1,500			
thousand volt-amps (kVA). The			
sound power level of each			
transformer was estimated to be 76			
dBA. The estimated CNEL that would			
occur if the transformers were to			
run continuously for 24 hours would			
increase the overall CNEL by			
between 0 and 4 dB. Transformer			
noise is not anticipated to increase			
ambient noise levels at any sensitive			
receptor by 5 dB CNEL or more.			
However, transformer noise would			
contribute to the overall operational			
noise levels for the facility. MM NOI-			
3, would reduce operational noise			
impacts to less than significant. Less			
than Significant with Mitigation			
Incorporated.			
	BMP NOI-1: Offsite Work Space: The	Design Phase:	Implementation: LABOE
	City shall work with the construction	Timing/Schedule:	Project Engineer shall include
	contractor to identify potential offsite	Prior to Project construction	requirement in Contract specs

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
	shared office space that could be made available to residents in the immediate vicinity that work at home during weekday construction hours. The space would ideally have internet service and meeting room space.	Methods/Status/Verification: LABOE/Contractor to retain offsite work space prior to Project construction. LABOE Project Manager to coordinate with Department of Public Works (Public Affairs) weekly on space usage and any issues. Mitigation measures and best management practices shall be included in contractor bid documents. Considered complete if completed prior to Project construction.	and plans. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance; Department of Public Works (Public Affairs).
		Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: Throughout Project construction. Methods/Status/Verification: LABOE to coordinate with Department of Public Works (Public Affairs) weekly on space usage and any issues. Considered complete if completed prior to Project construction.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure; Public Affairs. Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager and BCA Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Transportation/Traffic			
Construction TRANS-3. Result in inadequate emergency access. During construction of the Proposed Project, procedures would be taken to ensure that all construction equipment, machinery, and construction personnel vehicles are kept off of Hurricane Street, between Canal Court and the Esplanade. However, there is the potential for access to be temporarily blocked during loading and unloading activities or transport. To reduce the potential construction traffic impacts associated with the	MM TRANS-1: Construction Worker Shuttles. Construction workers would park at an off-site location and be shuttled to and from the Project Site each workday on 10- to 15-passenger shuttles or vans. While no specific off-site location has been identified at this time, it would likely lie within five miles of the Project Site. The selected contractor would be required to identify and secure a suitable location.	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: Prior to and throughout Project construction. Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. LABOE/Contractor to identify and secure offsite parking location and shuttles/vans prior to initiation of construction activities are initiated at the Project Site. Considered complete after end of Project construction.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance.
proposed Project, the implementation of MM-TRANS-2 would require all construction activities to be conducted in accordance with an approved construction traffic control plan and requires advance notice to emergency service providers. This would serve to reduce the construction-related traffic impacts to the maximum extent feasible. MM TRANS-1 Construction Worker Shuttles will also help reduce construction-related traffic impacts on Hurricane Street. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.  Construction TRANS-1. Exceed the capacity of the existing circulation system, based on an applicable measure of effectiveness (as designated in a general plan		Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: Throughout Project construction. Methods/Status/Verification: LABOE/Contractor to shuttle/van employees to secure offsite parking location during construction activities at the Project Site.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure. Enforcement: LABOE/Construction Manager and BCA Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
policy, ordinance, etc.), taking			
into account all relevant			
components of the circulation			
system, including but not limited			
to intersections, streets, highways			
and freeways, pedestrian and			
bicycle paths, and mass transit.			
The construction traffic impacts			
associated with the Project would be			
short-term in nature and limited to			
the period of time when			
construction activity is taking place.			
The primary off-site impacts			
resulting from the movement of			
construction trucks would include a			
short-term and intermittent			
lessening of roadway capacities due			
to the slower movements and larger			
turning radii of the trucks compared			
to passenger vehicles.			
Implementation of the Proposed			
Project would not exceed the			
capacity of the existing circulation			
system, based on an applicable			
measure of effectiveness (as			
designated in a general plan policy,			
ordinance, etc.), taking into account			
all relevant components of the			
circulation system. Impacts would			
be less than significant. While			
impacts are expected to be			
less than significant, incorporation			
of MM TRANS-1 Construction			
WorkerShuttleswillensure			
construction worker daily trips to			
the site are consolidated. <b>Less</b>			
than significant.			

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
Construction TRANS-3. Result in inadequate emergency access. During construction of the Proposed Project, procedures would be taken to ensure that all construction equipment, machinery, and construction personnel vehicles are kept off of Hurricane Street, Canal Court and the Esplanade. There is the potential for access to be temporarily blocked during loading and unloading activities or transport. Construction-related activities have the potential to result in temporary and periodic inadequate emergency access. To reduce the potential construction traffic impacts associated with the proposed Project, MM TRANS-2 would be implemented. This would serve to reduce the construction-related traffic impacts to the maximum extent feasible. Less than Significant with Mitigation Incorporated.	MM TRANS-2: Coordination with Emergency Service Providers. Coordinate with emergency service providers (police, fire, ambulance and paramedic services) to provide advance notice of any lane closures, construction hours and changes to local access and to identify alternative routes where appropriate.	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: Prior to and throughout Project construction Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. LABOE/Contractor to coordinate with emergency service providers weekly both prior to and during Project construction. Considered complete after end of Project construction.  Construction Phase: Timing/Schedule: Throughout Project construction.  Methods/Status/Verification: City/Contractor to coordinate with emergency service providers during Project construction, if needed.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance; Los Angeles Fire Department, and local ambulance services.  Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall implement mitigation measure. Enforcement: LABOE Construction Manager and BCA Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review Environmental Compliance Plan prepared by Contractor, Environmental Compliance Report and Project Acceptance and Closeout Report.
Construction TRANS-1. Exceed the capacity of the existing circulation system, based on an applicable measure of effectiveness (as designated in a general plan policy, ordinance, etc.), taking into account all relevant components of the circulation system, including but not limited to intersections, streets, highways and freeways, pedestrian and	MM-TRANS-3: Transport of Heavy Construction Equipment and/or Materials  Provided heavy construction equipment and/or materials are required to be transported to the project site along State facilities (i.e., State Route 1 [Lincoln Boulevard]), the contractor, on behalf of the LABOE, shall obtain a Caltrans transportation permit, prior to transport	Design Phase: Timing/Schedule: Prior to and throughout Project construction Methods/Status/Verification: Mitigation measures shall be included in contractor bid documents. Considered complete after end of Project construction.	Implementation: LABOE Project Engineer shall include requirement in Contract specs and plans. Enforcement: LABOE Project Manager Monitoring and Reporting: LABOE EMG will review specs and plans for compliance.

Environmental Impacts (CEQA)	Mitigation Measures	Timing and Methods	Responsible Parties
bicycle paths, and mass transit.	and/or delivery of such equipment. In	Construction Phase:	Implementation: LABOE
The construction traffic impacts	addition, large size truck trips (as	Timing/Schedule:	Project Engineer shall
associated with the Project would be	defined by Caltrans), shall be limited to	Throughout Project	implement mitigation measure.
short-term in nature and limited to	off-peak commute hours (i.e., not	construction.	Enforcement:
the period of time when	occurring between 7:00 a.m9:00 a.m.	Methods/Status/Verification:	LABOE Construction Manager
construction activity is taking place.	and then again between 4:00 p.m.–6:00	City/Contractor to coordinate	and BCA; Caltrans
The primary off-site impacts	p.m.).	with Caltrans during Project	Monitoring and Reporting:
resulting from the movement of		construction.	LABOE EMG will review
construction trucks would include a			Environmental Compliance Plan
short-term and intermittent			prepared by Contractor,
lessening of roadway capacities due			Environmental Compliance
to the slower movements and larger			Report and Project Acceptance
turning radii of the trucks compared			and Closeout Report.
to passenger vehicles.			and Gloscout Report.
Implementation of the Proposed			
Project would not exceed the			
capacity of the existing circulation			
system, based on an applicable			
measure of effectiveness (as			
designated in a general plan policy,			
ordinance, etc.), taking into account			
all relevant components of the			
circulation system. Impacts would			
be less than significant.			
Transport of heavy construction			
equipment and materials associated			
with the Proposed Project that may			
need to occur along State Route 1			
(Lincoln Boulevard), a Caltrans			
facility, will require a Caltrans			
transportation permit. Any large size			
truck trips (as defined by Caltrans),			
will be limited to off-peak commute			
hours. While impacts would be less			
than significant, MM TRANS-3 will			
be included to address heavy			
construction equipment and			
materials transport to the project			
site. Less than significant.			