Communication from Public

Name: Jamie Sanders
Date Submitted: 07/25/2021 08:31 PM
Council File No: 20-1575
Comments for Public Posting: Thank you for passing this critical ordinance to ban the use of cruel and archaic weapons of rodeos and bull riding. I am pleased that the intelligence and evolution of the committee is apparent. These instruments of cruelty used to force artificial behavior out of docile and gentle animals needs to stop. Animals have no voice and we must make decisions that protect animals not harm animals. Can you imagine how much it hurts to be jolted with electricity, or poked with sharp metal (spurs). Thank you again for your wise and highly appreciated decision. Please enforce it.
Jamie Sanders Orange County Animal Liberation.
Communication from Public

Name: Heather Wilson
Date Submitted: 07/25/2021 02:59 PM
Council File No: 20-1575
Comments for Public Posting: The following comment is regarding City Council motion 20-1575, which I fully support (in addition to the unanimous vote by Los Angeles City Council). When large, powerful animals are induced by humans to be scared to death, they respond in unnatural manners which places them at grave risk for injuries, with fatalities not being uncommon. Horses are known to “buck blind” and run straight into walls, causing fatal head or neck trauma. 2,000 pound bulls come crashing down on their hind legs, causing dislocations, fractures, even broken backs. There are also numerous incidents of escaped bulls, desperate and terrified. They have run through crowds, injuring others. Over approximately a 30-year period there have been at least 20 such cases in the US. Ten of these bulls were killed, with 8 being shot to death by police. The violence and the cruelty do not end there. There are also roping events with steers and baby calves. Broken necks are very common, especially with the babies. Then we have steer wrestling, again resulting in injured horses and steers being trampled or experiencing massive neck trauma. Google and other internet searches yield countless examples of photos and videos of rodeo cruelty. In addition to “sanctioned” events, there is unfortunately a litany of other cruelties that are imposed upon innocent animals; included but not limited to: • Wild horse races and stampedes • Wild cow milking • Mutton busting • Animal scrambles • Wild donkey roping From the Humane Society Veterinary Medical Association: Rodeo-Related Injuries Evident at Slaughter Dr. Peggy Larson, former rodeo vet, bareback bronc rider turned lawyer and animal advocate, states: “As a pathologist and former meat inspector, I believe my colleagues when they report horrendous injuries to rodeo cattle.” Dr. C. G. Haber--a veterinarian with thirty years of experience as a USDA meat inspector--says, "The rodeo folks send their animals to the packing houses where...I have seen cattle so extensively bruised that the only areas in which the skin was attached was the head, neck, legs, and belly. I have seen animals with six to eight ribs broken from the spine and at times puncturing the lungs. I have seen as much as two and three gallons of free blood accumulated under the detached skin." A career USDA meat inspection veterinarian, Dr. Robert Fetzner, Director of Slaughter Operations for the USDA Food Safety and Inspection Service, stated in our
phone conversation on September 9, 1998, "Lots of rodeo animals went to slaughter. I found broken ribs, punctured lungs, hematomas, broken legs, severed tracheas and the ligamenta nuchae were torn loose." Torn nuchal ligaments are essentially broken necks and this is the sad fate of many roping calves. * * * * * * As a health care professional with decades in the ER, shock-trauma, and the Operating Room, I have seen most of these injuries in humans. To consider that we are inflicting this trauma deliberately onto others is unconscionable. Any member of the public can ask for the “Rodeo Reporting Forms” from the Veterinary Medical Board/Department of Consumer Affairs, as part of CA Penal Code 596.7. These are reports of injured and killed rodeo animals. There are major loopholes (i.e. charreadas are exempt). However, notwithstanding, one can read these reports and still appreciate what these animals must endure. After seeing these reports, you will ask yourself, how can this be legal? The answer is, it does not have to be. There is a growing list of towns, cities, and municipalities in the United States and abroad that are restricting and even fully banning rodeos, due to their violence and animal abuse. Irvine and Pasadena are two cities that have already enacted full bans. Lastly, rodeo is NOT ranching. The rodeo arose from fictional contests that were performed by bored and poor ranch hands to make some extra money. This is well-described, even in the “pro-rodeo” literature. City Council Motion 20-1575 is simply taking a stand against completely unnecessary and outdated animal cruelty. Children (and adults) can learn about vaqueros, settling the west, ranching, saloon towns, and all things related to the old west at the Gene Autry Museum of Western Heritage in Griffith Park. Respectfully submitted. Heather Wilson
September 29, 2019
Veterinary Medical Board

Veterinarian’s Report for the Poway Rodeo (Sept. 27 & 28, 2019) in compliance with California Penal Code 596.7 (2)

As the attending veterinarian for the above event, the following is a brief case description of the animal injuries that I observed/treated:

1. There were no injuries during the rodeo performance.

2. A bucking horse (“Trust Me”, bay warmblood mare) exhibited signs of colic (down, light thrashing) on 9/27/19 at 9am. The stock provider’s staff administered Banamine 10cc IV and xylazine 3cc IV. At 10:30am, I observed the patient to be in lateral recumbency but not thrashing. The patient was moved to an examination chute (she did so easily and without hesitation or signs of discomfort). She was Bright/Alert/Responsive, heart rate was 42 beats per minute, dorsal and ventral left side GI sounds were present but decreased. Due to her fractious nature, further examination was not possible. I administered dipyprone 20cc IV. The patient was returned to her regular holding pen and observed throughout the day. She did not exhibit any further signs of colic or discomfort for the remainder of the rodeo.

If you or anyone else has any questions about the injuries, please feel free to contact me at 858-547-9111 or panioloequine@gmail.com.

Sincerely,

[Signature]

Joe Rosenberg, DVM
Facsimile Cover Letter

Please deliver the following page(s) to:

Name

Company Name: Veterinary Medical Board

Fax Number: 916-928-6849

From: Tim Eastman DVM, DACVS

Messages: Updated/Corrected Rodeo Reporting Form for the California Rodeo Salinas. Thank you!

Total Number of Pages, Including Cover Letter: 2

Please call us immediately if there are any problems during this transmission.

Sent By: Analysis 831-455-1308

Date: 7/23/19

STEINBECK COUNTRY EQUINE CLINIC

15881 Toro Hills Avenue
Salinas, CA 93908

Tim Eastman DVM, DACVS, Matt Durham DVM, DACVSMR, Alex Eastman DVM, MS, Nick Carlson DVM, DACVS, Laramie Winfield DVM, DACVIM, Sarah James DVM, DABVP, Nora Grenger DVM, DACVIM, Stephanie Hibbits DVM, DACVS, Mackenzie Adams DVM, Kayla Dykstra DVM, Danielle Price DVM
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE OF REPORT</th>
<th>7-23-2019 (Corrected/Updated)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATTENDING VETERINARIAN (AT EVENT)</td>
<td>Tim Eastman DVM, DACVS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TREATING VETERINARIAN</td>
<td>Tim Eastman DVM, DACVS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TITLE OF EVENT</td>
<td>California Rodeo Salinas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCATION OF EVENT</td>
<td>Salinas, California</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF EVENT</td>
<td>July 18-21, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TYPE OF ANIMAL</td>
<td>Steer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESCRIPTION OF INJURY</td>
<td>July 18th, 20th, and 21st no injuries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>July 19th, 2019, a steer (Red and White; Ear Tag 471)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>in the team roping event scraped his left horn and had</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>mild bleeding which was disinfected and covered with aluminum spray.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Steinbeck Country Equine Clinic
15881 Toro Hills Avenue
Salinas, CA 93908

Rev. 1/2014
Facsimile Cover Letter

Please deliver the following page(s) to:

Name ____________________________________________

Company Name Veterinary Medical Board

Fax Number 916-928-6849

From Dr. Tim Eastman

Messages: Rodeo Reporting Form for the California Rodeo Salinas. Thank you!

Total Number of Pages, including Cover Letter: 2

Please call us immediately if there are any problems during this transmission.

Sent By Analogy 831-455-1808 (For any questions.)

Date 7/23/19

STEINBECK COUNTRY EQUINE CLINIC
15861 Toro Hills Avenue
Salinas, California 93908

TIM EASTMAN DVM, DACVS, MATT DURHAM DVM, DACVSMSR ALEX EASTMAN DVM, MS NICK CARLSON DVM, DACVS
LARAMIE WINFIELD DVM, DACVIM SARAH JAMES DVM, DABVP NORA GRENAGER DVM, DACVIM
STEPHANIE HIBBITS DVM, DACVS MACKENZIE ADAMS DVM KAYLA DYKSTRA DVM DANIELLE PRICE DVM
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE OF REPORT</th>
<th>7-23-2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATTENDING VETERINARIAN (AT EVENT)</td>
<td>Tim Eastman DVM, DACVS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TREATING VETERINARIAN</td>
<td>Tim Eastman DVM, DACVS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TITLE OF EVENT</td>
<td>California Rodeo Salinas</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCATION OF EVENT</td>
<td>Salinas, California</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF EVENT</td>
<td>July 18-21, 2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TYPE OF ANIMAL</td>
<td>Steer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESCRIPTION OF INJURY</td>
<td>July 18th, 19th, and 21st no injuries.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>July 20th, 2019, a steer in the team roping event scraped his left horn and had mild bleeding which was disinfected and covered with aluminum spray.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injured at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE OF REPORT</th>
<th>04/30/2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATTENDING VETERINARIAN (AT EVENT)</td>
<td>Troy S. Ford DVM, DACVS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TREATING VETERINARIAN</td>
<td>Troy S. Ford, DVM, DACVS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TITLE OF EVENT</td>
<td>Clovis Rodeo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCATION OF EVENT</td>
<td>Clovis, CA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF EVENT</td>
<td>04/24/2019 - 04/28/2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TYPE OF ANIMAL</td>
<td>Tie Down Roping Calves</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESCRIPTION OF INJURY</td>
<td>Calves 564, 646, and 596 were removed from competition due to sore necks characterized by mild-moderate swelling in the brisket region. In each case the calves did not require treatment other than a minimum of 30 days rest from competition.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Calves 615 and 576 were removed from competition due to a bilateral sarcous nasal discharge; in each case the calves were administered NSAID's antimicrobials. Treatments to be continued by the contractor upon returning home. Each calf was BAR and eating well.
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE OF REPORT</th>
<th>4/30/2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATTENDING VETERINARIAN (AT EVENT)</td>
<td>Troy S. Ford DVM, DACVS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TREATING VETERINARIAN</td>
<td>Troy S. Ford DVM, DACVS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TITLE OF EVENT</td>
<td>Clovis Rodeo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCATION OF EVENT</td>
<td>Clovis, CA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TYPE OF ANIMAL</td>
<td>Steer Wrestling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESCRIPTION OF INJURY</td>
<td>Steer tag number 58 was removed from competition on 4/25/1019 for a sore neck. No treatment was required other than a minimum of 30 days rest from any form of competition. Prognosis is good.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ROdeo reporting form

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date of Report</th>
<th>4-23-2019</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Attending Veterinarian (At Event)</td>
<td>Wayne C. Morholt, DVM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Treating Veterinarian</td>
<td>Wayne C. Morholt, DVM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Title of Event</td>
<td>Red Bluff Roundup</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Location of Event</td>
<td>Englewood's Tehama County</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of Event</td>
<td>4-19 thru 4-21-2019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Type of Animal</td>
<td>Bovine/Equine</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Description of Injury | Bovine: Fracture left fore metacarpus as the result of an abnormal fall during steer wrestling. Analgesic injected. Oil under to splint.  
Equine: Animal in the wild horse race died as the result of a broken neck/jaw/shoulder skull fracture. This animal got loose from the team, ran with other horses, jumped on the lead shank, and in landing struck its' poll and died immediately. |
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

DATE OF REPORT
Oct. 14, 2018

ATTENDING VETERINARIAN (AT EVENT)
Marge R. Macker, DVM

TREATING VETERINARIAN
Marge R. Macker, DVM

TITLE OF EVENT
San Dimas Rodeo

LOCATION OF EVENT
Oct. 14, 2018, San Dimas, CA

DATE OF EVENT
Oct. 14, 2018

TYPE OF ANIMAL
Steer (Bull Dogging) #22

DESCRIPTION OF INJURY
Steer hit his left hip on the rail going through the chute. On examination there were no obvious fractures or swelling. Steer was lame but bearing full weight on the limb. Excluded him from competing today. Owner will treat.
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE OF EVENT</th>
<th>10/1/2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATTENDING VETERINARIAN (AT EVENT)</td>
<td>Dr. Jacob Johnson</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TREATING VETERINARIAN</td>
<td>Dr. Elizabeth Schillings</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TITLE OF EVENT</td>
<td>San Bernardino County Sheriff's PRCA Rodeo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCATION OF EVENT</td>
<td>Devore, CA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF EVENT</td>
<td>9/28-9/30, 2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TYPE OF ANIMAL</td>
<td>Bucking Horse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESCRIPTION OF INJURY</td>
<td>This about 5 year old gray bucking Mare injured her presumptive lower back during the first night of the event. She was a non draw horse used during the specialization act-Chorro bucking horse, owned by the stock contractor. After bucking out she returned to the catch pens sore. The treating veterinarian, whom is the stock contractors veterinarian treated the horse with NSAIDS and rest, the following morning the horse was still sore through hindlimbs and back, she exhibited neurologic signs in the hindlimbs characteristic of a lower back injury. The treating veterinarian continued treatment and observation. Further description, treatment and/or prognosis would need to be obtained from treating vet., Dr. Schillings.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

DATE OF CRIT:  July 24, 2018
ATTENDANT:  Eastman DVM, DACVS
TREATING VETERINARIAN
same
TIE-Down Roping Calf; Steerwrestling Steer

1. On Friday July 20th during the slack a tie-down roping calf (ear tag #13) sustained a tibia fracture of his right hindlimb. A splint cast combination was placed and the calf is doing well.

2. On Friday July 20th during the slack for the steer wrestling (ear tag #84), a steer dislocated his neck and was euthanized due to a poor prognosis.

3. On Sunday July 22 a contestant’s horse in the team roping sustained what appeared to be a soft tissue injury of his right forelimb. The horse received 2 grams of phenylbutazone and was sent home for monitoring.
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

**DATE OF REPORT**
7/5/2018

**ATTENDING VETERINARIAN (AT EVENT)**
Dr. Lisa Gamsjaeger

**TREATING VETERINARIAN**
Dr. Lisa Gamsjaeger UC Davis Large Animal Clinic (530-752-0290)

**TITLE OF EVENT**
Folsom Pro Rodeo

**LOCATION OF EVENT**
Folsom, CA

**DATE OF EVENT**
6/30/2018

**TYPE OF ANIMAL**
brown quarter horse gelding (bucking horse with a 200 number)

**DESCRIPTION OF INJURY**
brown quarter horse gelding fell on its left side, (bucking horse)
could not move its hind legs, the cowboys tied all 4 feet together while I was running down there to get my drugs.

The trailer was already in front of the horse when I went into the arena

and the horse on a sled, so I gave 12mg Detomidine and 5mg

Butorphanol IV. They then pulled the horse on the trailer and once it was

outside of the arena I went in again to assess mucous membranes (pink)

and HR (64, regular). Could not assess hind end as it was pushed into the

corner of the trailer but no movement (however legs were still tied

together). Sedated more with 10mg Detomidine IV and 5mg Butorphanol

IV, and then 5mg Butorphanol IM. They then said they are going to take

the horse to Marysville and call the vet on the way. I told them vet needs to be there for untwisting and immediate assessment. Suspect hip fracture or spinal cord injury.
Terry- Following is the report form for the injury occurring at the San Benito County Horse Show & Rodeo on Sunday June 24th. Any questions may be directed to our office. Thank you for your assistance in this matter.

Lisa Tobias
Charles W. Tobias, D.V.M.
831-635-9632
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

June 25, 2018

Charles W. Tobias DVM  Office: 831-435-9032
Charles W. Tobias DVM

San Benito County Saddle Horse Show and Rodeo
San Benito County Bolado Park Event Center

June 22-24, 2018

Saddle Bronc

On June 24, 2018 a mare used in the saddle bronc competition suffered a complete breakdown of the right hind fetlock joint.

The tendons and suspensory ligaments were completely ruptured and complete dislocation of the fetlock joint occurred.

The mare was humanely euthanized.
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE OF REPORT</th>
<th>May 20, 2018</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATTENDING VETERINARIAN (AT EVENT)</td>
<td>Dr. Tina Faulkner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TREATING VETERINARIAN</td>
<td>Dr. Tina Faulkner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TITLE OF EVENT</td>
<td>Rowell Ranch Pro Rodeo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCATION OF EVENT</td>
<td>Castro Valley, CA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF EVENT</td>
<td>May 19, 2018</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TYPE OF ANIMAL</td>
<td>Saddle Bronc Horse 154 Savina</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DESCRIPTION OF INJURY: The mare sustained an injury to the left front shoulder and back after the rider was already thrown off. Mare went down in the arena and was unable to stand. Arena personnel assisted in stabilizing mare so she did not sustain additional injuries. I gave sedation for immobilization after she was in the trailer prior to transportation from arena in a livestock care unit going off site. It was determined that a probable fracture to the humerus/shoulder/back injury was substantial and chances for recovery were low. Euthanized the horse after a consultation with the owner (Flying U Rodeo Co.).
RODEO REPORTING FORM

In accordance with section 4830.8 of the Business and Professions Code, attending or on-call veterinarians at a rodeo event are required to report to the Veterinary Medical Board any animal injury at the event requiring veterinary treatment within 48 hours of the conclusion of the rodeo.

In addition to the reporting requirements for veterinary treatment at the rodeo event, veterinarians rendering treatment to an animal for an injury that the veterinarian knows occurred at a rodeo event must report to the Veterinary Medical Board within seven (7) days of rendering the treatment.

This form is provided to assist veterinarians in making such mandatory reports; all information in the report is required by section 4830.8.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DATE OF REPORT</th>
<th>5/15/18</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ATTENDING VETERINARIAN (AT EVENT)</td>
<td>JENNIFER EAGAN, DVM</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TREATING VETERINARIAN</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TITLE OF EVENT</td>
<td>Woodlake Pro Rodeo</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LOCATION OF EVENT</td>
<td>Woodlake, CA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DATE OF EVENT</td>
<td>5/12/18 + 5/13/18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TYPE OF ANIMAL</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DESCRIPTION OF INJURY</td>
<td>No injuries that required veterinary treatment occurred at the Woodlake Rodeo</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Rev. 1/2014
To the Los Angeles City Council: I am writing in support of your unanimous passage of Motion 20-1575 which bans the use of flank straps, electric prods and spurs in the City of Los Angeles. Thank you so much for banning these instruments of torture used during rodeos. Modern rodeos have no purpose other than human entertainment and profit. Any possible educational benefit can be gained without the animal abuse. For example, the Gene Autry Museum of Western Heritage in Griffith Park offers educational exhibits regarding vaqueros, ranching, early settlers, and other aspects of western heritage. To learn about the animals abused in rodeos, people can visit farm sanctuaries around Los Angeles where the animals are well cared for and respected. In our current culture of violence, it is much more important for children to learn to treat others with compassion and respect instead of as objects to be used, commodified, and abused. Thank you again for ending this horrific abuse and for your service to the City of Los Angeles.

Kiersten Cluster