



25-0600 - PC - May 2, 2025

1 message

City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Mon, May 5, 2025 at 8:31 AM

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
Cc:
Bcc:
Date: Fri, 2 May 2025 15:49:34 -0700
Subject: Fwd: Public Comment: Funding for Long COVID Prevention (CF 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Sabrina Rivas** <sabrina.rivas18@gmail.com>
Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 3:49 PM
Subject: Public Comment: Funding for Long COVID Prevention (CF 25-0600)
To: <katy.yaroslavsky@lacity.org>, <CityClerk@lacity.org>, <Clerk.BudgetandFinanceCommittee@lacity.org>
Cc: <Councilmember.Blumenfield@lacity.org>, <heather.hutt@lacity.org>, <councilmember.mcosker@lacity.org>, <councilmember.hernandez@lacity.org>, <DOD.Contact@lacity.org>, <controller.mejia@lacity.org>

Dear Budget and Finance Committee Members,

This is my public comment for inclusion in the record for Council File 25-0600 regarding the Fiscal Year 2025–26 City of Los Angeles Budget.

With a \$1 billion budget shortfall, it is imperative to act strategically. Please reverse the proposed \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability and allocate a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item as a critical fiscal stabilization and cost-containment measure.

Key facts:

- \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability proposed
- \$5 million requested dedicated for Long COVID case management, benefits navigation, public outreach, prevention, and more
- \$3 billion in projected five-year economic losses if Long COVID is ignored¹
- \$5 million investment now is less than 0.2% of projected losses over the next five years
- 268,000 Angelenos living with Long COVID (and growing)²
- Over 20× the number impacted when the City first funded AIDS services³

By Harvard economists estimations, Long COVID will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion in five years¹. Globally, Long COVID is already costing more than \$1 trillion per year⁴, and U.S. losses exceeded \$152.6 billion in 2024 alone⁵. Without intervention, these costs will continue to rise and directly undermine the City's tax base and services.

For comparison, during the AIDS crisis, Los Angeles began allocating dedicated funding in 1987, and by 1990 independently invested from its general fund—even though annual AIDS diagnoses in the County peaked at roughly 4,000 cases in 1992. Today, over 267,000 adults in Los Angeles are living with Long COVID, which is more than twenty times the peak impact of AIDS. Targeted investment at scale is again urgently needed.

A \$5 million starter investment today would stabilize residents, reverse critical service cuts, prevent escalating liabilities, and position Los Angeles to leverage future State and Federal pandemic recovery funds. This small, targeted investment today is a cost-saving, revenue-protecting action for the City's future. It strengthens our workforce, protects public health infrastructure, and positions Los Angeles to leverage additional State and Federal recovery funding. And, it's the right thing to do.

Investing now is responsible governance. Thank you for your leadership and for considering this critical measure.

Thanks,
Sabrina Rivas
Palms

References:

- ¹ Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long COVID. Harvard Kennedy School.
- ² CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long COVID Prevalence Estimates.
- ³ Los Angeles Times. (1990). City Council Approves Funds for AIDS Prevention.
- ⁴ Nature Medicine. (2024). Global Economic Cost of Long COVID Estimated at \$1 Trillion Annually.
- ⁵ Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long COVID.

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From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
Cc:
Bcc:
Date: Fri, 2 May 2025 14:54:28 -0700
Subject: Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)
alex22_7@yahoo.com

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **'Alexis Silva' via Clerk - CityClerk** <cityclerk@lacity.org>
Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 2:50 PM
Subject: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)
To: <jason.lopez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.soto-martinez@lacity.org>
Cc: <Cityclerk@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Nazarian@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Jurado@lacity.org>, <councilmember.rodriquez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.padilla@lacity.org>

Dear Councilmember Soto-Martínez and Mr. Lopez,

I'm writing to request urgent action from the Civil Rights, Equity, Immigration, Aging, and Disability Committee on two closely related matters:

1. Apply a portion of the \$13,151,964.14 in unspent COVID-era relief funds (Council File 24-0500-S3) to support a Long COVID disability and equity response; and
2. Support a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item and reverse the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability (Council File 25-0600).

These actions fall directly within your Committee's oversight and represent a fiscally sound, legally necessary, and morally urgent opportunity to protect some of the City's most impacted residents and prevent far-reaching public harm.

Long COVID is one of the most disabling and economically devastating public health crises of our time. More than 268,000 Angelenos are currently living with Long COVID (2), and there is currently no FDA-approved treatment, no dedicated service infrastructure, and no consistent pathway to care. Most cases occur after mild infections—even in vaccinated individuals—and recovery is rare. Fewer than 10 percent of patients recover within two to three years (4,6).

The disease often causes multi-organ damage, cognitive dysfunction, chronic immune dysregulation, and exertion-induced collapses. One year after infection, 60 percent of patients show organ impairment, and 29 percent have damage in multiple organs, even among those never hospitalized for acute COVID (8). Long COVID patients also experience fatigue and functional impairment worse than those with end-stage kidney disease or cancer-related anemia, and their health-related quality of life is lower than those with Stage IV metastatic cancer (12).

These symptoms leave many patients housebound or bedbound (15). Some have died—not from acute infection, but from system failure: no access to care, no income, and no public recognition of their condition (15). For others, Long COVID becomes a progressive neurological disability. It is now associated with the highest rates of cognitive disability in the U.S. in 15 years (10).

Long COVID also carries a mental health collapse: COVID survivors are 46 percent more likely to experience suicidal ideation (7), and many face prolonged depression, isolation, and a lack of clinical guidance.

According to Harvard economist David Cutler, Long COVID will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion over five years, or roughly \$11,189 per affected resident (1,2). That includes lost productivity, health care utilization, housing destabilization, and workforce attrition.

This is already showing up in the labor market. Studies estimate that:

- Over 1 in 5 long COVID patients cannot return to work at all, even 6–7 months post-infection (6).

About 45 percent are forced to reduce their hours or change jobs due to disabling symptoms (6).

- Across OECD countries, nearly 3 million working-age individuals have exited the workforce due to Long COVID, costing at least \$140 billion in lost wages annually (16).

Many are denied disability benefits (14) and face cascading consequences: twice the rates of housing instability, food insecurity, utility shutoffs, and debt (17). Without intervention, this burden will fall directly on City systems for years to come.

By contrast, a \$5 million investment—less than 0.2 percent of the projected losses—would be a strategic cost-containment measure that protects City infrastructure and ensures future access to State and Federal recovery funds.

Long COVID is now a federally recognized disabling condition under the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. It disproportionately affects Black and Latine residents, immigrants and frontline workers, disabled people and those with chronic illness, women, transgender people, caregivers, and low-income households (2,13,17). These are precisely the communities this Committee was formed to protect. Without an interdepartmental response, Los Angeles risks widening structural inequities and falling out of compliance with federal disability law.

Council File 24-0500-S3 proposes to reprogram:

- \$8,921,083.88 in unused CDBG funds, and
- \$4,230,880.26 in unused CDBG-CV (CARES Act) funds, totaling \$13,151,964.14.

These funds were designated to address the public health and economic fallout of the pandemic. Yet not one dollar is currently allocated to Long COVID outreach, case management, workforce stabilization, or access support—despite Long COVID being the primary disabling outcome of the pandemic.

- Redirecting these funds to capital upgrades without acknowledging the outcome of Long COVID is a failure of both public trust and federal intent.
- The City already has the infrastructure to deliver these services. A \$5 million Long COVID line-item could be distributed across:
 - Department on Disability: Establish a Long COVID Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator's Office.
 - LA Civil Rights: Include Long COVID in civil rights enforcement and equity monitoring.
 - CIFD: Expand programs for families navigating pediatric Long COVID, caregiving burdens, and economic strain.
 - Emergency Management Department: Plan for continuity of care, homebound access, and climate-resilient delivery systems.
 - EWDD: Launch a workforce reintegration pilot modeled on LA RISE.
 - General City Purposes Fund: Support multilingual, community-based outreach, navigation, and peer-informed education.

In 1987, Los Angeles became the first jurisdiction in the region to fund AIDS services, six years into the crisis, when there were fewer than 10,000 known cases. The City's general fund allocation was just \$55,000, or about \$132,000 in today's dollars (3).

Today, Long COVID affects over 268,000 Angelenos—more than 20 times the peak AIDS caseload in LA County. A

proportionate investment today would be \$8.8 million. We are asking for a modest \$5 million, drawn from unspent pandemic funds, to begin responding at scale.

In alignment with this Committee's role and authority, I respectfully urge you to:

1. Oppose the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability;
2. Champion a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item under Council File 25-0600;
3. Formally recommend that the Council allocate a portion of the \$13.15 million in reprogrammable pandemic funds under Council File 24-0500-S3 to Long COVID infrastructure, navigation, and stabilization efforts;
4. Coordinate with the City Administrative Officer and CIFD to include Long COVID services in the upcoming Substantial Amendment to the City's HUD CDBG and CDBG-CV Action Plan; and
5. Identify and pursue matching funds from State and Federal pandemic recovery sources to maximize the impact of this investment.

This is a defining test of leadership. The longer we delay, the deeper the structural harm. Now is the time to fund a meaningful, rights-based Long COVID response in Los Angeles.

Sincerely,
Alexis Silva
90033

References:

1. Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long COVID. Harvard Kennedy School.
2. CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long COVID Prevalence Estimates.
3. Los Angeles Times. (1990). Los Angeles Takes a Big Lead: Is First in Area to OK Funds for AIDS Outreach Efforts.
4. Nature Medicine. (2024). Long COVID Science, Research and Policy.
5. Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long COVID.
6. Davis, H. E., et al. (2023). Characterizing Long COVID in an International Cohort. *EClinicalMedicine*, 38, 101019.
7. Ziyad, A., et al. (2023). Suicidal Ideation Following COVID-19. *BMJ*.
8. Dennis, A., et al. (2023). Multi-organ Impairment in Low-risk Individuals with Long COVID. *JRSM*, 116(4), 138–146.
9. Office for National Statistics (UK). (2024). Self-reported Long COVID and Activity Limitation.
10. Komaroff, A. L., & Lipkin, W. I. (2021). Insights from ME/CFS into Long COVID. *Trends in Molecular Medicine*, 27(9), 895–906.
11. Proal, A. D., & VanElzaker, M. B. (2021). Overview of Long COVID Biological Factors. *Front. Neurol.*, 12, 698169.
12. Ballering, A. V., et al. (2022). Fatigue and Quality of Life in Long COVID. *Lancet Reg Health – Europe*, 16, 100321.
13. Global Burden of Disease Long COVID Collaborative (2024). *Nature Medicine*.
14. Tikun, N. (2023). Long COVID and Disability Denials. *Washington Post*.
15. Blackwell, B. (2024). The Hidden Death Toll of Long COVID. *Rolling Stone*.
16. Bach, K. (2023). Long COVID's Labor Market Impact. *Brookings Institution*.
17. Czeisler, M. É., et al. (2022). Housing Instability Among Long COVID Adults. *CDC MMWR*.

Sent from my iPhone

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Fri, 2 May 2025 13:17:32 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Masha Aseeva** <masha.aseeva@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 1:04 PM

Subject: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

To: <katy.yaroslavsky@lacity.org>, <CityClerk@lacity.org>, <Clerk.BudgetandFinanceCommittee@lacity.org>

Cc: <Councilmember.Blumenfield@lacity.org>, <heather.hutt@lacity.org>, <councilmember.mcosker@lacity.org>, <councilmember.hernandez@lacity.org>, <DOD.Contact@lacity.org>, <controller.mejia@lacity.org>

Dear Budget and Finance Committee Members,

Please accept this email as my official public comment for inclusion in the record for Council File 25-0600 regarding the Fiscal Year 2025–26 City of Los Angeles Budget.

In the face of a \$1 billion budget shortfall, it is essential to act strategically. I urge you to reverse the proposed \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability and to allocate a \$5 million Long Covid Response line-item to fund interdepartmental efforts (anchored by the Department on Disability) as a critical fiscal stabilization and cost-containment measure.

Key facts:

- \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability proposed
- \$5 million requested dedicated for Long Covid case management, benefits navigation, public outreach, prevention, and more
- \$3 billion in projected five-year economic losses if Long Covid is ignored¹
- \$5 million investment now is less than 0.2% of projected losses over the next five years
- 268,000 Angelenos living with Long Covid (and growing)²
- Over 20× the number impacted when the City first funded AIDS services³

The City of Los Angeles already has the infrastructure to carry this reasonable solution. The \$5 million can be applied through existing departments already serving disabled, high-risk, and under-resourced Angelenos:

- Department on Disability – Create a Long Covid Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator’s Office to support education, benefits navigation, durable medical equipment access, and disability inclusion, especially for multiply marginalized residents.
- General City Purposes Fund – Support multilingual, culturally relevant public health campaigns and flexible mini-grants for Long Covid awareness, care navigation, and peer-informed support rooted in trusted organizations.
- Community Investment for Families Department (CIFD) – Expand programs for families facing housing instability, caregiving strain, and pediatric Long Covid through CIFD’s existing resilience and early childhood initiatives.
- Civil + Human Rights and Equity Department (LA Civil Rights) – Include Long Covid in anti-discrimination enforcement and equity monitoring. Ensure the City upholds disability rights and reduces racial, economic, and language-based barriers to care.
- Emergency Management Department – Ensure emergency planning includes homebound and chronically ill residents, with continuity of care, accessible alerts, and targeted resource delivery during public health or climate events.
- Economic and Workforce Development Department (EWDD) – Launch a workforce reintegration initiative for Long Covid, offering job protections, retraining, and income recovery; modeled on LA RISE and focused on communities hardest hit by employment loss.

By Harvard economists estimations, Long Covid will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion in five years¹. Globally, Long Covid is already costing more than \$1 trillion per year⁴, and U.S. losses exceeded \$152.6 billion in 2024 alone⁵. Without intervention, these costs will continue to rise and directly undermine the City’s tax base and services.

For comparison, during the AIDS crisis, Los Angeles began allocating dedicated funding in 1987, and by 1990 independently invested from its general fund; even though annual AIDS diagnoses in the County peaked at roughly 4,000 cases in 1992. Today, over 267,000 adults in Los Angeles are living with Long Covid, which is more than twenty times the peak impact of AIDS. Targeted investment at scale is again urgently needed.

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Investing now is responsible governance. Thank you for your leadership and for considering this critical measure.

Respectfully,
Masha Aseeva
90039

References:

- ¹ Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long Covid. Harvard Kennedy School.
- ² CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long Covid Prevalence Estimates.
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Best,
Masha Aseeva

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From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
Cc:
Bcc:
Date: Fri, 2 May 2025 13:00:28 -0700
Subject: Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Taylor Colony** <tcolony@gmail.com>
Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 12:59 PM
Subject: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)
To: <katy.yaroslavsky@lacity.org>, <CityClerk@lacity.org>, <Clerk.BudgetandFinanceCommittee@lacity.org>
Cc: <Councilmember.Blumenfield@lacity.org>, <heather.hutt@lacity.org>, <councilmember.mcosker@lacity.org>, <councilmember.hernandez@lacity.org>, <DOD.Contact@lacity.org>, <controller.mejia@lacity.org>

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- Civil + Human Rights and Equity Department (LA Civil Rights) – Include Long Covid in anti-discrimination enforcement and equity monitoring. Ensure the City upholds disability rights and reduces racial, economic, and language-based barriers to care.
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Investing now is responsible governance. Thank you for your leadership and for considering this critical measure.

Respectfully,
 [Your Name]
 [Neighborhood or ZIP Code]

References:

- ¹ Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long Covid. Harvard Kennedy School.
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From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>
 To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
 Cc:
 Bcc:

Date: Fri, 2 May 2025 12:22:36 -0700
 Subject: Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Stefanie McNeal** <mcnealstef@gmail.com>
 Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 12:21 PM
 Subject: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)
 To: <katy.yaroslavsky@lacity.org>, <CityClerk@lacity.org>, <Clerk.BudgetandFinanceCommittee@lacity.org>
 Cc: <Councilmember.Blumenfield@lacity.org>, <heather.hutt@lacity.org>, <councilmember.mcosker@lacity.org>, <councilmember.hernandez@lacity.org>, <DOD.Contact@lacity.org>, <controller.mejia@lacity.org>

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Respectfully,
Stefanie McNeal
Tarzana CA 91356

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² CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long Covid Prevalence Estimates.

³ Los Angeles Times. (1990). City Council Approves Funds for AIDS Prevention.

⁴ Nature Medicine. (2024). Global Economic Cost of Long Covid Estimated at \$1 Trillion Annually.

⁵ Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long Covid.

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From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Fri, 2 May 2025 13:20:58 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Sara Johnson** <sarajohnsonpm@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 12:57 PM

Subject: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

To: <jason.lopez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.soto-martinez@lacity.org>

Cc: Cityclerk@lacity.org <Cityclerk@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Nazarian@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Jurado@lacity.org>, <councilmember.rodriquez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.padilla@lacity.org>

Dear Councilmember Soto-Martínez and Mr. Lopez,

I'm writing to request urgent action from the Civil Rights, Equity, Immigration, Aging, and Disability Committee on two closely related matters:

1. Apply a portion of the **\$13,151,964.14 in unspent COVID-era relief funds** (Council File 24-0500-S3) to support a Long COVID disability and equity response; and
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These actions fall directly within your Committee's oversight mandate and represent a fiscally sound, legally necessary, and morally urgent opportunity to protect some of the City's most impacted residents and prevent far-reaching public harm.

The Severity and Scope of Long COVID

Long COVID is one of the most disabling and economically devastating public health crises of our time. More than **268,000 Angelenos** are currently living with Long COVID [2], and there is currently **no FDA-approved treatment**, no dedicated service infrastructure, and no consistent pathway to care. Most cases occur after mild infections—even in vaccinated individuals—and recovery is rare. Fewer than **10% of patients recover within two to three years** [4,6].

The disease often causes **multi-organ damage**, cognitive dysfunction, chronic immune dysregulation, and exertion-induced collapses. One year after infection, **60% of patients show organ impairment**, and **29% have damage in multiple organs**, even among those never hospitalized for acute COVID [8]. Long COVID patients also experience fatigue and functional impairment **worse than those with end-stage kidney disease or cancer-related anemia**, and their **health-related quality of life is lower than those with Stage IV metastatic cancer** [12].

These symptoms leave many patients **housebound or bedbound** [15]. Some have died—not from acute infection, but from system failure: no access to care, no income, and no public recognition of their condition [15]. For others, Long COVID becomes a progressive neurological disability. It is now associated with the **highest rates of cognitive disability in the U.S. in 15 years** [10].

Long COVID also carries a **mental health collapse**: COVID survivors are **46% more likely** to experience suicidal ideation [7], and many face prolonged depression, isolation, and a lack of clinical guidance.

The Economic Stakes

According to Harvard economist David Cutler, Long COVID will cost Los Angeles over **\$3 billion over five years**, or roughly **\$11,189 per affected resident** [1,2]. That includes lost productivity, health care utilization, housing destabilization, and workforce attrition.

This is already showing up in the labor market. Studies estimate that:

- Over **1 in 5** long COVID patients cannot return to work at all, even 6–7 months post-infection [6].
- About **45%** are forced to reduce their hours or change jobs due to disabling symptoms [6].
- Across OECD countries, nearly **3 million working-age individuals** have exited the workforce due to Long COVID, costing at least **\$140 billion** in lost wages annually [16].

Many are denied disability benefits [14] and face cascading consequences: **twice the rates of housing instability**, food insecurity, utility shutoffs, and debt [17]. Without intervention, this burden will fall directly on City systems for years to come.

By contrast, a **\$5 million investment—less than 0.2% of the projected losses—would be a strategic cost-containment measure** that protects City infrastructure and ensures future access to State and Federal recovery funds.

The Equity and Civil Rights Imperative

Long COVID is now a **federally recognized disabling condition** under the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. It disproportionately affects:

- Black and Latine residents
- Immigrants and frontline workers
- Disabled people and individuals with preexisting chronic illness
- Women, transgender people, and caregivers
- Low-income households and communities experiencing housing insecurity [2,13,17]

These are precisely the communities this Committee was formed to protect. Without an interdepartmental response, Los Angeles risks widening structural inequities and falling out of compliance with federal disability law.

Reprogramming Without Equity: A Risk of Erasure

Council File 24-0500-S3 proposes to reprogram:

- **\$8,921,083.88 in unused CDBG funds**, and
- **\$4,230,880.26 in unused CDBG-CV (CARES Act) funds**, totaling **\$13,151,964.14**.

These funds were designated to address the **public health and economic fallout of the pandemic**. Yet not one dollar is currently allocated to Long COVID outreach, case management, workforce stabilization, or access support—despite Long COVID being the **primary disabling outcome of the pandemic**. Redirecting these funds to capital upgrades without addressing Long COVID is a failure of both public trust and federal intent.

A Feasible, Cross-Departmental Response

The City already has the infrastructure to deliver these services. A \$5 million Long COVID line-item could be distributed across:

- **Department on Disability:** Establish a Long COVID Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator's Office.
- **LA Civil Rights:** Include Long COVID in civil rights enforcement and equity monitoring.
- **CIFD:** Expand programs for families navigating pediatric Long COVID, caregiving burdens, and economic strain.
- **Emergency Management Department:** Plan for continuity of care, homebound access, and climate-resilient delivery systems.
- **EWDD:** Launch a workforce reintegration pilot modeled on LA RISE.
- **General City Purposes Fund:** Support multilingual, community-based outreach, navigation, and peer-informed education.

A Precedent Set by Los Angeles: AIDS Funding, 1987

In 1987, Los Angeles became the first jurisdiction in the region to fund AIDS services, six years into the crisis, when there were fewer than 10,000 known cases. The City's general fund allocation was just **\$55,000**, or about **\$132,000 in today's dollars** [3].

Today, **Long COVID affects over 268,000 Angelenos—more than 20 times** the peak AIDS caseload in LA County. A proportionate investment today would be **\$8.8 million**. We are asking for a **modest \$5 million**, drawn from unspent pandemic funds, to begin responding at scale.

Recommendations

In alignment with this Committee's role and authority, I respectfully urge you to:

1. **Oppose the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability;**
2. **Champion a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item under Council File 25-0600;**
3. **Formally recommend** that the Council allocate a portion of the \$13.15 million in reprogrammable funds under Council File 24-0500-S3 to Long COVID infrastructure, navigation, and stabilization efforts;
4. **Coordinate with the City Administrative Officer and CIFD** to ensure that Long COVID services are included in the upcoming Substantial Amendment to the City's HUD CDBG and CDBG-CV Action Plan; and
5. **Identify and pursue matching funds** from State and Federal pandemic recovery sources to maximize the impact of this investment.

This is a defining test of leadership. The longer we delay, the deeper the structural harm. Now is the time to fund a meaningful, rights-based Long COVID response in Los Angeles.







Sincerely,


Sara L. Johnson
Los Angeles, CA 90026

References

1. Cutler, D. (2022). *The Economic Impact of Long COVID*. Harvard Kennedy School.
2. CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). *Long COVID Prevalence Estimates*.
3. *Los Angeles Times*. (1990). *Los Angeles Takes a Big Lead: Is First in Area to OK Funds for AIDS Outreach Efforts*.
4. *Nature Medicine*. (2024). *Long COVID Science, Research and Policy*.
5. *Economist Impact*. (2024). *Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long COVID*.
6. Davis, H. E., et al. (2023). *Characterizing Long COVID in an International Cohort*. *EClinicalMedicine*, 38, 101019.
7. Ziyad, A., et al. (2023). *Suicidal Ideation Following COVID-19*. *BMJ*.
8. Dennis, A., et al. (2023). *Multi-organ Impairment in Low-risk Individuals with Long COVID*. *JRSM*, 116(4), 138–146.
9. Office for National Statistics (UK). (2024). *Self-reported Long COVID and Activity Limitation*.
10. Komaroff, A. L., & Lipkin, W. I. (2021). *Insights from ME/CFS into Long COVID*. *Trends in Molecular Medicine*, 27(9), 895–906.
11. Proal, A. D., & VanElzakker, M. B. (2021). *Overview of Long COVID Biological Factors*. *Front. Neurol.*, 12, 698169.
12. Ballering, A. V., et al. (2022). *Fatigue and Quality of Life in Long COVID*. *Lancet Reg Health – Europe*, 16, 100321.
13. Global Burden of Disease Long COVID Collaborative (2024). *Nature Medicine*.
14. Tikun, N. (2023). *Long COVID and Disability Denials*. *Washington Post*.
15. Blackwell, B. (2024). *The Hidden Death Toll of Long COVID*. *Rolling Stone*.
16. Bach, K. (2023). *Long COVID's Labor Market Impact*. *Brookings Institution*.
17. Czeisler, M. É., et al. (2022). *Housing Instability Among Long COVID Adults*. *CDC MMWR*.

13 attachments

-  **A close-up of a signature**
40K
-  **Fwd: Public Comment: Funding for Long COVID Prevention (CF 25-0600).eml**
14K
-  **Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600).eml**
27K
-  **Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600).eml**
18K
-  **Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600).eml**
18K
-  **Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600).eml**
18K

 **Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600.pdf**
245K

 **long_covid_update_7-22.pdf**
180K

 **Long-COVID-Awareness-Day_-2025-Fact-Sheet.pdf**
333K

 **rollingstone.com-First They Got Long Covid Then It Made Them Homeless.pdf**
517K

 **archive.is-Los Angeles Takes a Big Lead Is First in Area to OK Funds for AIDS Outreach Efforts.pdf**
3471K

 **archive.is-COLUMN ONE Aids in LA AIDS Fight in LA at Key Point A decade into the disease LA County cases are sti.pdf**
213K

 **Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600).eml**
6879K



25-0600 - PC - May 2, 2025

1 message

City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Mon, May 5, 2025 at 8:48 AM

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 08:00:51 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Please Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

calderon.stacy87@yahoo.com

----- Forwarded message -----

From: 'Stacy Calderon' via Clerk - CityClerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 10:57 PM

Subject: Please Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

To: <jason.lopez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.soto-martinez@lacity.org>

Cc: <Cityclerk@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Nazarian@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Jurado@lacity.org>, <councilmember.rodriguez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.padilla@lacity.org>

Dear Councilmember Soto-Martínez and Mr. Lopez,

I'm writing to request urgent action from the Civil Rights, Equity, Immigration, Aging, and Disability Committee on two closely related matters:

1. Apply a portion of the \$13,151,964.14 in unspent COVID-era relief funds (Council File 24-0500-S3) to support a Long COVID disability and equity response; and
2. Support a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item and reverse the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability (Council File 25-0600).

These actions fall directly within your Committee's oversight and represent a fiscally sound, legally necessary, and morally urgent opportunity to protect some of the City's most impacted residents and prevent far-reaching public harm.

Long COVID is one of the most disabling and economically devastating public health crises of our time. More than 268,000 Angelenos are currently living with Long COVID (2), and there is currently no FDA-approved treatment, no dedicated service infrastructure, and no consistent pathway to care. Most cases occur after mild infections—even in vaccinated individuals—and recovery is rare. Fewer than 10 percent of patients recover within two to three years (4,6).

The disease often causes multi-organ damage, cognitive dysfunction, chronic immune dysregulation, and exertion-induced collapses. One year after infection, 60 percent of patients show organ impairment, and 29 percent have damage in multiple organs, even among those never hospitalized for acute COVID (8). Long COVID patients also experience fatigue and functional impairment worse than those with end-stage kidney disease or cancer-related anemia, and their health-related quality of life is lower than those with Stage IV metastatic cancer (12).

These symptoms leave many patients housebound or bedbound (15). Some have died—not from acute infection, but from system failure: no access to care, no income, and no public recognition of their condition (15). For others, Long COVID becomes a progressive neurological disability. It is now associated with the highest rates of cognitive disability in the U.S. in 15 years (10).

Long COVID also carries a mental health collapse: COVID survivors are 46 percent more likely to experience suicidal ideation (7), and many face prolonged depression, isolation, and a lack of clinical guidance.

According to Harvard economist David Cutler, Long COVID will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion over five years, or roughly \$11,189 per affected resident (1,2). That includes lost productivity, health care utilization, housing destabilization, and workforce attrition.

This is already showing up in the labor market. Studies estimate that:

- Over 1 in 5 long COVID patients cannot return to work at all, even 6–7 months post-infection (6).

About 45 percent are forced to reduce their hours or change jobs due to disabling symptoms (6).

- Across OECD countries, nearly 3 million working-age individuals have exited the workforce due to Long COVID, costing at least \$140 billion in lost wages annually (16).

Many are denied disability benefits (14) and face cascading consequences: twice the rates of housing instability, food insecurity, utility shutoffs, and debt (17). Without intervention, this burden will fall directly on City systems for years to come.

By contrast, a \$5 million investment—less than 0.2 percent of the projected losses—would be a strategic cost-containment measure that protects City infrastructure and ensures future access to State and Federal recovery funds.

Long COVID is now a federally recognized disabling condition under the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. It disproportionately affects Black and Latine residents, immigrants and frontline workers, disabled people and those with chronic illness, women, transgender people, caregivers, and low-income households (2,13,17). These are precisely the communities this Committee was formed to protect. Without an interdepartmental response, Los Angeles risks widening structural inequities and falling out of compliance with federal disability law.

Council File 24-0500-S3 proposes to reprogram:

- \$8,921,083.88 in unused CDBG funds, and
- \$4,230,880.26 in unused CDBG-CV (CARES Act) funds, totaling \$13,151,964.14.

These funds were designated to address the public health and economic fallout of the pandemic. Yet not one dollar is currently allocated to Long COVID outreach, case management, workforce stabilization, or access support—despite Long COVID being the primary disabling outcome of the pandemic.

- Redirecting these funds to capital upgrades without acknowledging the outcome of Long COVID is a failure of both public trust and federal intent.
- The City already has the infrastructure to deliver these services. A \$5 million Long COVID line-item could be distributed across:
 - Department on Disability: Establish a Long COVID Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator's Office.
 - LA Civil Rights: Include Long COVID in civil rights enforcement and equity monitoring.
 - CIFD: Expand programs for families navigating pediatric Long COVID, caregiving burdens, and economic strain.
 - Emergency Management Department: Plan for continuity of care, homebound access, and climate-resilient delivery systems.
 - EWDD: Launch a workforce reintegration pilot modeled on LA RISE.
 - General City Purposes Fund: Support multilingual, community-based outreach, navigation, and peer-informed education.

In 1987, Los Angeles became the first jurisdiction in the region to fund AIDS services, six years into the crisis, when there were fewer than 10,000 known cases. The City's general fund allocation was just \$55,000, or about \$132,000 in today's dollars (3).

Today, Long COVID affects over 268,000 Angelenos—more than 20 times the peak AIDS caseload in LA County. A proportionate investment today would be \$8.8 million. We are asking for a modest \$5 million, drawn from unspent

pandemic funds, to begin responding at scale.

In alignment with this Committee's role and authority, I respectfully urge you to:

1. Oppose the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability;
2. Champion a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item under Council File 25-0600;
3. Formally recommend that the Council allocate a portion of the \$13.15 million in reprogrammable pandemic funds under Council File 24-0500-S3 to Long COVID infrastructure, navigation, and stabilization efforts;
4. Coordinate with the City Administrative Officer and CIFD to include Long COVID services in the upcoming Substantial Amendment to the City's HUD CDBG and CDBG-CV Action Plan; and
5. Identify and pursue matching funds from State and Federal pandemic recovery sources to maximize the impact of this investment.

This is a defining test of leadership. The longer we delay, the deeper the structural harm. Now is the time to fund a meaningful, rights-based Long COVID response in Los Angeles.

Sincerely,

Stacy Calderon

Resident of LA County with friends who have Long Covid and are living in the city of LA

References:

1. Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long COVID. Harvard Kennedy School.
2. CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long COVID Prevalence Estimates.
3. Los Angeles Times. (1990). Los Angeles Takes a Big Lead: Is First in Area to OK Funds for AIDS Outreach Efforts.
4. Nature Medicine. (2024). Long COVID Science, Research and Policy.
5. Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long COVID.
6. Davis, H. E., et al. (2023). Characterizing Long COVID in an International Cohort. *EClinicalMedicine*, 38, 101019.
7. Ziyad, A., et al. (2023). Suicidal Ideation Following COVID-19. *BMJ*.
8. Dennis, A., et al. (2023). Multi-organ Impairment in Low-risk Individuals with Long COVID. *JRSM*, 116(4), 138–146.
9. Office for National Statistics (UK). (2024). Self-reported Long COVID and Activity Limitation.
10. Komaroff, A. L., & Lipkin, W. I. (2021). Insights from ME/CFS into Long COVID. *Trends in Molecular Medicine*, 27(9), 895–906.
11. Proal, A. D., & VanElzakker, M. B. (2021). Overview of Long COVID Biological Factors. *Front. Neurol.*, 12, 698169.
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13. Global Burden of Disease Long COVID Collaborative (2024). *Nature Medicine*.
14. Tiku, N. (2023). Long COVID and Disability Denials. *Washington Post*.
15. Blackwell, B. (2024). The Hidden Death Toll of Long COVID. *Rolling Stone*.
16. Bach, K. (2023). Long COVID's Labor Market Impact. *Brookings Institution*.
17. Czeisler, M. É., et al. (2022). Housing Instability Among Long COVID Adults. *CDC MMWR*.

Sent from my iPhone

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 08:00:11 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Anna Czosnyka** <alczosnyka@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 6:21 PM

Subject: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

To: <katy.yaroslavsky@lacity.org>, <CityClerk@lacity.org>, <Clerk.BudgetandFinanceCommittee@lacity.org>

Cc: <Councilmember.Blumenfield@lacity.org>, <heather.hutt@lacity.org>, <councilmember.mcosker@lacity.org>,

<councilmember.hernandez@lacity.org>, <DOD.Contact@lacity.org>, <controller.mejia@lacity.org>

Dear Budget and Finance Committee Members,

Please accept this email as my official public comment for inclusion in the record for Council File 25-0600 regarding the Fiscal Year 2025–26 City of Los Angeles Budget.

In the face of a \$1 billion budget shortfall, it is essential to act strategically. I urge you to reverse the proposed \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability and to allocate a \$5 million Long Covid Response line-item to fund interdepartmental efforts (anchored by the Department on Disability) as a critical fiscal stabilization and cost-containment measure.

Key facts:

- \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability proposed
- \$5 million requested dedicated for Long Covid case management, benefits navigation, public outreach, prevention, and more
- \$3 billion in projected five-year economic losses if Long Covid is ignored¹
- \$5 million investment now is less than 0.2% of projected losses over the next five years
- 268,000 Angelenos living with Long Covid (and growing)²
- Over 20× the number impacted when the City first funded AIDS services³

The City of Los Angeles already has the infrastructure to carry this reasonable solution. The \$5 million can be applied through existing departments already serving disabled, high-risk, and under-resourced Angelenos:

- Department on Disability – Create a Long Covid Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator’s Office to support education, benefits navigation, durable medical equipment access, and disability inclusion, especially for multiply marginalized residents.
- General City Purposes Fund – Support multilingual, culturally relevant public health campaigns and flexible mini-grants for Long Covid awareness, care navigation, and peer-informed support rooted in trusted organizations.
- Community Investment for Families Department (CIFD) – Expand programs for families facing housing instability, caregiving strain, and pediatric Long Covid through CIFD’s existing resilience and early childhood initiatives.
- Civil + Human Rights and Equity Department (LA Civil Rights) – Include Long Covid in anti-discrimination enforcement and equity monitoring. Ensure the City upholds disability rights and reduces racial, economic, and language-based barriers to care.
- Emergency Management Department – Ensure emergency planning includes homebound and chronically ill residents, with continuity of care, accessible alerts, and targeted resource delivery during public health or climate events.
- Economic and Workforce Development Department (EWDD) – Launch a workforce reintegration initiative for Long Covid, offering job protections, retraining, and income recovery; modeled on LA RISE and focused on communities hardest hit by employment loss.

By Harvard economists estimations, Long Covid will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion in five years¹. Globally, Long Covid is already costing more than \$1 trillion per year⁴, and U.S. losses exceeded \$152.6 billion in 2024 alone⁵. Without intervention, these costs will continue to rise and directly undermine the City’s tax base and services.

For comparison, during the AIDS crisis, Los Angeles began allocating dedicated funding in 1987, and by 1990 independently invested from its general fund; even though annual AIDS diagnoses in the County peaked at roughly 4,000 cases in 1992. Today, over 267,000 adults in Los Angeles are living with Long Covid, which is more than twenty times the peak impact of AIDS. Targeted investment at scale is again urgently needed.

A \$5 million starter investment today would stabilize residents, reverse critical service cuts, prevent escalating liabilities, and position Los Angeles to leverage future State and Federal pandemic recovery funds. This small, targeted investment today is a cost-saving, revenue-protecting action for the City’s future. It strengthens our workforce, protects public health infrastructure, and positions Los Angeles to leverage additional State and Federal recovery funding. And it’s the right thing to do.

Investing now is responsible governance. Thank you for your leadership and for considering this critical measure.

Respectfully,

Anna Czosnyka
91105

References:

- ¹ Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long Covid. Harvard Kennedy School.
- ² CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long Covid Prevalence Estimates.
- ³ Los Angeles Times. (1990). City Council Approves Funds for AIDS Prevention.
- ⁴ Nature Medicine. (2024). Global Economic Cost of Long Covid Estimated at \$1 Trillion Annually.
- ⁵ Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long Covid.

Sent from my iPhone

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 07:59:50 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Michael Askren** <mike.askren@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 7:43 PM

Subject: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

To: <jason.lopez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.soto-martinez@lacity.org>

Cc: <Cityclerk@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Nazarian@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Jurado@lacity.org>, <councilmember.rodriguez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.padilla@lacity.org>

Dear Councilmember Soto-Martínez and Mr. Lopez,

I'm writing to request urgent action from the Civil Rights, Equity, Immigration, Aging, and Disability Committee on two closely related matters:

1. Apply a portion of the \$13,151,964.14 in unspent COVID-era relief funds (Council File 24-0500-S3) to support a Long COVID disability and equity response; and
2. Support a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item and reverse the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability (Council File 25-0600).

These actions fall directly within your Committee's oversight and represent a fiscally sound, legally necessary, and morally urgent opportunity to protect some of the City's most impacted residents and prevent far-reaching public harm.

Long COVID is one of the most disabling and economically devastating public health crises of our time. More than 268,000 Angelenos are currently living with Long COVID (2), and there is currently no FDA-approved treatment, no dedicated service infrastructure, and no consistent pathway to care. Most cases occur after mild infections—even in vaccinated individuals—and recovery is rare. Fewer than 10 percent of patients recover within two to three years (4,6).

The disease often causes multi-organ damage, cognitive dysfunction, chronic immune dysregulation, and exertion-induced collapses. One year after infection, 60 percent of patients show organ impairment, and 29 percent have damage in multiple organs, even among those never hospitalized for acute COVID (8). Long COVID patients also experience fatigue and functional impairment worse than those with end-stage kidney disease or cancer-related anemia, and their health-related quality of life is lower than those with Stage IV metastatic cancer (12).

These symptoms leave many patients housebound or bedbound (15). Some have died—not from acute infection, but from system failure: no access to care, no income, and no public recognition of their condition (15). For others, Long COVID becomes a progressive neurological disability. It is now associated with the highest rates of cognitive disability in the U.S. in 15 years (10).

Long COVID also carries a mental health collapse: COVID survivors are 46 percent more likely to experience suicidal ideation (7), and many face prolonged depression, isolation, and a lack of clinical guidance.

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Council File 24-0500-S3 proposes to reprogram:

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These funds were designated to address the public health and economic fallout of the pandemic. Yet not one dollar is currently allocated to Long COVID outreach, case management, workforce stabilization, or access support—despite Long COVID being the primary disabling outcome of the pandemic.

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In alignment with this Committee's role and authority, I respectfully urge you to:

1. Oppose the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability;
2. Champion a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item under Council File 25-0600;
3. Formally recommend that the Council allocate a portion of the \$13.15 million in reprogrammable pandemic funds under Council File 24-0500-S3 to Long COVID infrastructure, navigation, and stabilization efforts;
4. Coordinate with the City Administrative Officer and CIFD to include Long COVID services in the upcoming Substantial Amendment to the City's HUD CDBG and CDBG-CV Action Plan; and
5. Identify and pursue matching funds from State and Federal pandemic recovery sources to maximize the impact of this investment.

This is a defining test of leadership. The longer we delay, the deeper the structural harm. Now is the time to fund a meaningful, rights-based Long COVID response in Los Angeles.

Sincerely,
Michael Askren
Los Feliz Resident

References:

1. Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long COVID. Harvard Kennedy School.
2. CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long COVID Prevalence Estimates.
3. Los Angeles Times. (1990). Los Angeles Takes a Big Lead: Is First in Area to OK Funds for AIDS Outreach Efforts.
4. Nature Medicine. (2024). Long COVID Science, Research and Policy.
5. Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long COVID.
6. Davis, H. E., et al. (2023). Characterizing Long COVID in an International Cohort. *EClinicalMedicine*, 38, 101019.
7. Ziyad, A., et al. (2023). Suicidal Ideation Following COVID-19. *BMJ*.
8. Dennis, A., et al. (2023). Multi-organ Impairment in Low-risk Individuals with Long COVID. *JRSM*, 116(4), 138–146.
9. Office for National Statistics (UK). (2024). Self-reported Long COVID and Activity Limitation.
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11. Proal, A. D., & VanElzakker, M. B. (2021). Overview of Long COVID Biological Factors. *Front. Neurol.*, 12, 698169.
12. Ballering, A. V., et al. (2022). Fatigue and Quality of Life in Long COVID. *Lancet Reg Health – Europe*, 16, 100321.
13. Global Burden of Disease Long COVID Collaborative (2024). *Nature Medicine*.
14. Tiku, N. (2023). Long COVID and Disability Denials. *Washington Post*.
15. Blackwell, B. (2024). The Hidden Death Toll of Long COVID. *Rolling Stone*.
16. Bach, K. (2023). Long COVID's Labor Market Impact. *Brookings Institution*.
17. Czeisler, M. É., et al. (2022). Housing Instability Among Long COVID Adults. *CDC MMWR*.

Sent from my iPhone

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 08:00:02 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Andrea Flores** <fl.andrea@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 10:10 PM

Subject: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

To: <katy.yaroslavsky@lacity.org>, <CityClerk@lacity.org>, <Clerk.BudgetandFinanceCommittee@lacity.org>

Cc: <Councilmember.Blumenfield@lacity.org>, <heather.hutt@lacity.org>, <councilmember.mcosker@lacity.org>,

<councilmember.hernandez@lacity.org>, <DOD.Contact@lacity.org>, <controller.mejia@lacity.org>

Dear Budget and Finance Committee Members,

Please accept this email as my official public comment for inclusion in the record for Council File 25-0600 regarding the Fiscal Year 2025–26 City of Los Angeles Budget. In the face of a \$1 billion budget shortfall, it is essential to act strategically. I urge you to reverse the proposed \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability and to allocate a \$5 million Long Covid Response line-item to fund interdepartmental efforts (anchored by the Department on Disability) as a critical fiscal stabilization and cost-containment measure.

Key facts:

- \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability proposed
- \$5 million requested dedicated for Long Covid case management, benefits navigation, public outreach, prevention, and more
- \$3 billion in projected five-year economic losses if Long Covid is ignored¹
- \$5 million investment now is less than 0.2% of projected losses over the next five years
- 268,000 Angelenos living with Long Covid (and growing)²
- Over 20× the number impacted when the City first funded AIDS services³ The City of Los Angeles already has the infrastructure to carry this reasonable solution. The \$5 million can be applied through existing departments already serving disabled, high-risk, and under-resourced Angelenos:
 - Department on Disability – Create a Long Covid Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator's Office to support education, benefits navigation, durable medical equipment access, and disability inclusion, especially for multiply marginalized residents.
 - General City Purposes Fund – Support multilingual, culturally relevant public health campaigns and flexible mini-grants for Long Covid awareness, care navigation, and peer-informed support rooted in trusted organizations.
 - Community Investment for Families Department (CIFD) – Expand programs for families facing housing instability, caregiving strain, and pediatric Long Covid through CIFD's existing resilience and early childhood initiatives.
 - Civil + Human Rights and Equity Department (LA Civil Rights) – Include Long Covid in anti-discrimination enforcement and equity monitoring. Ensure the City upholds disability rights and reduces racial, economic, and language-based barriers to care.
 - Emergency Management Department – Ensure emergency planning includes homebound and chronically ill residents, with continuity of care, accessible alerts, and targeted resource delivery during public health or climate events.
 - Economic and Workforce Development Department (EWDD) – Launch a workforce reintegration initiative for Long Covid, offering job protections, retraining, and income recovery; modeled on LA RISE and focused on communities hardest hit by employment loss.

By Harvard economists estimations, Long Covid will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion in five years¹. Globally, Long Covid is already costing more than \$1 trillion per year⁴, and U.S. losses exceeded \$152.6 billion in 2024 alone⁵. Without intervention, these costs will continue to rise and directly undermine the City's tax base and services. For comparison, during the AIDS crisis, Los Angeles began allocating dedicated funding in 1987, and by 1990 independently invested from its general fund; even though annual AIDS diagnoses in the County peaked at roughly 4,000 cases in 1992.

Today, over 267,000 adults in Los Angeles are living with Long Covid, which is more than twenty times the peak impact of AIDS. Targeted investment at scale is again urgently needed. A \$5 million starter investment today would stabilize residents, reverse critical service cuts, prevent escalating liabilities, and position Los Angeles to leverage future State and Federal pandemic recovery funds. This small, targeted investment today is a cost-saving, revenue-protecting action for the City's future. It strengthens our workforce, protects public health infrastructure, and positions Los Angeles to leverage additional State and Federal recovery funding. And it's the right thing to do. Investing now is responsible governance.

Thank you for your leadership and for considering this critical measure.

Respectfully,
Andrea Flores
90026

References: ¹ Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long Covid. Harvard Kennedy School. ² CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long Covid Prevalence Estimates. ³ Los Angeles Times. (1990). City Council Approves Funds for AIDS Prevention. ⁴ Nature Medicine. (2024). Global Economic Cost of Long Covid Estimated at \$1 Trillion Annually. ⁵ Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long Covid.

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
Cc:
Bcc:
Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 07:59:41 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Angela Inferrera** <angela.inferrera@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 7:14 PM

Subject: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

To: <jason.lopez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.soto-martinez@lacity.org>

Cc: <Cityclerk@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Nazarian@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Jurado@lacity.org>, <councilmember.rodriquez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.padilla@lacity.org>

Dear Councilmember Soto-Martínez & Mr. Lopez,

I'm writing to request urgent action from the Civil Rights, Equity, Immigration, Aging, and Disability Committee on two closely related matters:

- #1. Apply a portion of the \$13,151,964.14 in unspent COVID-era relief funds (Council File 24-0500-S3) to support a Long COVID disability and equity response; and
- #2. Support a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item and reverse the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability (Council File 25-0600).

These actions fall directly within your Committee's oversight and represent a fiscally sound, legally necessary, and morally urgent opportunity to protect some of the City's most impacted residents and prevent far-reaching public harm.

Long COVID is one of the most disabling and economically devastating public health crises of our time. **More than 268,000 Angelenos are currently living with Long COVID** (2), and there is currently no FDA-approved treatment, no dedicated service infrastructure, and no consistent pathway to care. Most cases occur after mild infections—even in vaccinated individuals—and recovery is rare. **Fewer than 10 percent of patients recover** within two to three years (4,6).

The disease often causes multi-organ damage, cognitive dysfunction, chronic immune dysregulation, and exertion-induced collapses. One year after infection, 60 percent of patients show organ impairment, and 29 percent have damage in multiple organs, even among those never hospitalized for acute COVID (8). Long COVID patients also experience fatigue and functional impairment worse than those with end-stage kidney disease or cancer-related anemia, and their **health-related quality of life is lower than those with Stage IV metastatic cancer** (12).

These symptoms leave many patients housebound or bedbound (15). Some have died—not from acute infection, but from system failure: no access to care, no income, and no public recognition of their condition (15). For others, Long COVID becomes a progressive neurological disability. **It is now associated with the highest rates of cognitive disability in the U.S. in 15 years** (10).

Long COVID also carries a mental health collapse: COVID survivors are 46 percent more likely to experience suicidal ideation (7), and many face prolonged depression, isolation, and a lack of clinical guidance.

According to Harvard economist David Cutler, **Long COVID will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion over five years, or roughly \$11,189 per affected resident** (1,2). That includes lost productivity, health care utilization, housing destabilization, and workforce attrition.

This is already showing up in the labor market. Studies estimate that:

- Over 1 in 5 long COVID patients cannot return to work at all, even 6–7 months post-infection (6).

About 45 percent are forced to reduce their hours or change jobs due to disabling symptoms (6).

- Across OECD countries, nearly 3 million working-age individuals have exited the workforce due to Long COVID, costing at least \$140 billion in lost wages annually (16).

Many are denied disability benefits (14) and face cascading consequences: twice the rates of housing instability, food insecurity, utility shutoffs, and debt (17). Without intervention, this burden will fall directly on City systems for years to come.

By contrast, a \$5 million investment—less than 0.2 percent of the projected losses—would be a strategic cost-containment measure that protects City infrastructure and ensures future access to State and Federal recovery funds.

Long COVID is now a federally recognized disabling condition under the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. It disproportionately affects Black and Latine residents, immigrants and frontline workers,

disabled people and those with chronic illness, women, transgender people, caregivers, and low-income households (2,13,17). These are precisely the communities this Committee was formed to protect. Without an interdepartmental response, Los Angeles risks widening structural inequities and falling out of compliance with federal disability law.

Council File 24-0500-S3 proposes to reprogram:

- \$8,921,083.88 in unused CDBG funds, and
- \$4,230,880.26 in unused CDBG-CV (CARES Act) funds, totaling \$13,151,964.14.

These funds were designated to address the public health and economic fallout of the pandemic. Yet not one dollar is currently allocated to Long COVID outreach, case management, workforce stabilization, or access support—despite Long COVID being the primary disabling outcome of the pandemic.

- Redirecting these funds to capital upgrades without acknowledging the outcome of Long COVID is a failure of both public trust and federal intent.
- The City already has the infrastructure to deliver these services. A \$5 million Long COVID line-item could be distributed across:
 - Department on Disability: Establish a Long COVID Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator's Office.
 - LA Civil Rights: Include Long COVID in civil rights enforcement and equity monitoring.
 - CIFD: Expand programs for families navigating pediatric Long COVID, caregiving burdens, and economic strain.
 - Emergency Management Department: Plan for continuity of care, homebound access, and climate-resilient delivery systems.
 - EWDD: Launch a workforce reintegration pilot modeled on LA RISE.
 - General City Purposes Fund: Support multilingual, community-based outreach, navigation, and peer-informed education.

In 1987, Los Angeles became the first jurisdiction in the region to fund AIDS services, six years into the crisis, when there were fewer than 10,000 known cases. The City's general fund allocation was just \$55,000, or about \$132,000 in today's dollars (3).

Today, Long COVID affects over 268,000 Angelenos—more than 20 times the peak AIDS caseload in LA County. A proportionate investment today would be \$8.8 million. We are asking for a modest \$5 million, drawn from unspent pandemic funds, to begin responding at scale.

In alignment with this Committee's role and authority, I respectfully urge you to:

1. Oppose the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability;
2. Champion a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item under Council File 25-0600;
3. Formally recommend that the Council allocate a portion of the \$13.15 million in reprogrammable pandemic funds under Council File 24-0500-S3 to Long COVID infrastructure, navigation, and stabilization efforts;
4. Coordinate with the City Administrative Officer and CIFD to include Long COVID services in the upcoming Substantial Amendment to the City's HUD CDBG and CDBG-CV Action Plan; and
5. Identify and pursue matching funds from State and Federal pandemic recovery sources to maximize the impact of this investment.

This is a defining test of leadership. The longer we delay, the deeper the structural harm. Now is the time to fund a meaningful, rights-based Long COVID response in Los Angeles.

Thank you.

Sincerely,
Angela Inferrera

References:

1. Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long COVID. Harvard Kennedy School.
2. CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long COVID Prevalence Estimates.
3. Los Angeles Times. (1990). Los Angeles Takes a Big Lead: Is First in Area to OK Funds for AIDS Outreach Efforts.
4. Nature Medicine. (2024). Long COVID Science, Research and Policy.
5. Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long COVID.
6. Davis, H. E., et al. (2023). Characterizing Long COVID in an International Cohort. *EClinicalMedicine*, 38, 101019.
7. Ziyad, A., et al. (2023). Suicidal Ideation Following COVID-19. *BMJ*.
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9. Office for National Statistics (UK). (2024). Self-reported Long COVID and Activity Limitation.
10. Komaroff, A. L., & Lipkin, W. I. (2021). Insights from ME/CFS into Long COVID. *Trends in Molecular Medicine*, 27(9), 895–906.
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12. Ballering, A. V., et al. (2022). Fatigue and Quality of Life in Long COVID. *Lancet Reg Health – Europe*, 16, 100321.
13. Global Burden of Disease Long COVID Collaborative (2024). *Nature Medicine*.
14. Tiku, N. (2023). Long COVID and Disability Denials. *Washington Post*.
15. Blackwell, B. (2024). The Hidden Death Toll of Long COVID. *Rolling Stone*.
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From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 07:59:29 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Lily Tucker** <killerliler@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 7:04 PM

Subject: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

To: <jason.lopez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.soto-martinez@lacity.org>

Cc: <Cityclerk@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Nazarian@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Jurado@lacity.org>, <councilmember.rodriquez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.padilla@lacity.org>

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Long COVID is one of the most disabling and economically devastating public health crises of our time. More than 268,000 Angelenos are currently living with Long COVID (2), and there is currently no FDA-approved treatment, no dedicated service infrastructure, and no consistent pathway to care. Most cases occur after mild infections—even in vaccinated individuals—and recovery is rare. Fewer than 10 percent of patients recover within two to three years (4,6).

The disease often causes multi-organ damage, cognitive dysfunction, chronic immune dysregulation, and exertion-induced collapses. One year after infection, 60 percent of patients show organ impairment, and 29 percent have damage in multiple organs, even among those never hospitalized for acute COVID (8). Long COVID patients also experience

fatigue and functional impairment worse than those with end-stage kidney disease or cancer-related anemia, and their health-related quality of life is lower than those with Stage IV metastatic cancer (12).

These symptoms leave many patients housebound or bedbound (15). Some have died—not from acute infection, but from system failure: no access to care, no income, and no public recognition of their condition (15). For others, Long COVID becomes a progressive neurological disability. It is now associated with the highest rates of cognitive disability in the U.S. in 15 years (10).

Long COVID also carries a mental health collapse: COVID survivors are 46 percent more likely to experience suicidal ideation (7), and many face prolonged depression, isolation, and a lack of clinical guidance.

According to Harvard economist David Cutler, Long COVID will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion over five years, or roughly \$11,189 per affected resident (1,2). That includes lost productivity, health care utilization, housing destabilization, and workforce attrition.

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education.

In 1987, Los Angeles became the first jurisdiction in the region to fund AIDS services, six years into the crisis, when there were fewer than 10,000 known cases. The City's general fund allocation was just \$55,000, or about \$132,000 in today's dollars (3).

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Sincerely,
Lilian Tucker (90042)

References:

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From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
Cc:
Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 07:59:17 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Chris Thayer** <thisischristhayer@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 6:18 PM

Subject: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

To: <jason.lopez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.soto-martinez@lacity.org>

Cc: <Cityclerk@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Nazarian@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Jurado@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.rodriquez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.padilla@lacity.org>

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Today, Long COVID affects over 268,000 Angelenos—more than 20 times the peak AIDS caseload in LA County. A proportionate investment today would be \$8.8 million. We are asking for a modest \$5 million, drawn from unspent pandemic funds, to begin responding at scale.

In alignment with this Committee's role and authority, I respectfully urge you to:

1. Oppose the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability;
2. Champion a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item under Council File 25-0600;
3. Formally recommend that the Council allocate a portion of the \$13.15 million in reprogrammable pandemic funds under Council File 24-0500-S3 to Long COVID infrastructure, navigation, and stabilization efforts;
4. Coordinate with the City Administrative Officer and CIFD to include Long COVID services in the upcoming Substantial Amendment to the City's HUD CDBG and CDBG-CV Action Plan; and
5. Identify and pursue matching funds from State and Federal pandemic recovery sources to maximize the impact of this investment.

This is a defining test of leadership. The longer we delay, the deeper the structural harm. Now is the time to fund a meaningful, rights-based Long COVID response in Los Angeles.

Sincerely,
Chris Thayer - Los Angeles resident

References:

1. Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long COVID. Harvard Kennedy School.
2. CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long COVID Prevalence Estimates.

3. Los Angeles Times. (1990). Los Angeles Takes a Big Lead: Is First in Area to OK Funds for AIDS Outreach Efforts.
4. Nature Medicine. (2024). Long COVID Science, Research and Policy.
5. Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long COVID.
6. Davis, H. E., et al. (2023). Characterizing Long COVID in an International Cohort. *EClinicalMedicine*, 38, 101019.
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9. Office for National Statistics (UK). (2024). Self-reported Long COVID and Activity Limitation.
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12. Ballering, A. V., et al. (2022). Fatigue and Quality of Life in Long COVID. *Lancet Reg Health – Europe*, 16, 100321.
13. Global Burden of Disease Long COVID Collaborative (2024). *Nature Medicine*.
14. Tikun, N. (2023). Long COVID and Disability Denials. *Washington Post*.
15. Blackwell, B. (2024). The Hidden Death Toll of Long COVID. *Rolling Stone*.
16. Bach, K. (2023). Long COVID's Labor Market Impact. *Brookings Institution*.
17. Czeisler, M. É., et al. (2022). Housing Instability Among Long COVID Adults. *CDC MMWR*.

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 07:58:47 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Ellie Lipton** <ellieliptontherapy@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 11:39 PM

Subject: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

To: <katy.yaroslavsky@lacity.org>, <CityClerk@lacity.org>, <Clerk.BudgetandFinanceCommittee@lacity.org>

Cc: <Councilmember.Blumenfield@lacity.org>, <heather.hutt@lacity.org>, <councilmember.mcosker@lacity.org>, <councilmember.hernandez@lacity.org>, <DOD.Contact@lacity.org>, <controller.mejia@lacity.org>

Dear Budget and Finance Committee Members,

Please accept this email as my official public comment for inclusion in the record for Council File 25-0600 regarding the Fiscal Year 2025–26 City of Los Angeles Budget.

In the face of a \$1 billion budget shortfall, it is essential to act strategically. I urge you to reverse the proposed \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability and to allocate a \$5 million Long Covid Response line-item to fund interdepartmental efforts (anchored by the Department on Disability) as a critical fiscal stabilization and cost-containment measure.

Key facts:

- \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability proposed
- \$5 million requested dedicated for Long Covid case management, benefits navigation, public outreach, prevention, and more
- \$3 billion in projected five-year economic losses if Long Covid is ignored¹
- \$5 million investment now is less than 0.2% of projected losses over the next five years
- 268,000 Angelenos living with Long Covid (and growing)²
- Over 20× the number impacted when the City first funded AIDS services³

The City of Los Angeles already has the infrastructure to carry this reasonable solution. The \$5 million can be applied through existing departments already serving disabled, high-risk, and under-resourced Angelenos:

- Department on Disability – Create a Long Covid Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator's Office to support education, benefits navigation, durable medical equipment access, and disability inclusion, especially for multiply marginalized residents.
- General City Purposes Fund – Support multilingual, culturally relevant public health campaigns and flexible mini-grants for Long Covid awareness, care navigation, and peer-informed support rooted in trusted organizations.
- Community Investment for Families Department (CIFD) – Expand programs for families facing housing instability,

caregiving strain, and pediatric Long Covid through CIFD's existing resilience and early childhood initiatives.

- Civil + Human Rights and Equity Department (LA Civil Rights) – Include Long Covid in anti-discrimination enforcement and equity monitoring. Ensure the City upholds disability rights and reduces racial, economic, and language-based barriers to care.
- Emergency Management Department – Ensure emergency planning includes homebound and chronically ill residents, with continuity of care, accessible alerts, and targeted resource delivery during public health or climate events.
- Economic and Workforce Development Department (EWDD) – Launch a workforce reintegration initiative for Long Covid, offering job protections, retraining, and income recovery; modeled on LA RISE and focused on communities hardest hit by employment loss.

By Harvard economists estimations, Long Covid will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion in five years¹. Globally, Long Covid is already costing more than \$1 trillion per year⁴, and U.S. losses exceeded \$152.6 billion in 2024 alone⁵. Without intervention, these costs will continue to rise and directly undermine the City's tax base and services.

For comparison, during the AIDS crisis, Los Angeles began allocating dedicated funding in 1987, and by 1990 independently invested from its general fund; even though annual AIDS diagnoses in the County peaked at roughly 4,000 cases in 1992. Today, over 267,000 adults in Los Angeles are living with Long Covid, which is more than twenty times the peak impact of AIDS. Targeted investment at scale is again urgently needed.

A \$5 million starter investment today would stabilize residents, reverse critical service cuts, prevent escalating liabilities, and position Los Angeles to leverage future State and Federal pandemic recovery funds. This small, targeted investment today is a cost-saving, revenue-protecting action for the City's future. It strengthens our workforce, protects public health infrastructure, and positions Los Angeles to leverage additional State and Federal recovery funding. And it's the right thing to do.

Investing now is responsible governance. Thank you for your leadership and for considering this critical measure.

Respectfully,
Ellie Lipton, LCSW
90814

References:

- ¹ Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long Covid. Harvard Kennedy School.
- ² CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long Covid Prevalence Estimates.
- ³ Los Angeles Times. (1990). City Council Approves Funds for AIDS Prevention.
- ⁴ Nature Medicine. (2024). Global Economic Cost of Long Covid Estimated at \$1 Trillion Annually.
- ⁵ Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long Covid.

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
Cc:
Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 07:25:03 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Violet Affleck** <violet.affleck@yale.edu>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 6:15 PM

Subject: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

To: <jason.lopez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.soto-martinez@lacity.org>

Cc: <Cityclerk@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Nazarian@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Jurado@lacity.org>, <councilmember.rodriguez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.padilla@lacity.org>

Dear Councilmember Soto-Martínez and Mr. Lopez,

I'm writing to request urgent action from the Civil Rights, Equity, Immigration, Aging, and Disability Committee on two closely related matters:

1. Apply a portion of the \$13,151,964.14 in unspent COVID-era relief funds (Council File 24-0500-S3) to support a Long COVID disability and equity response; and
2. Support a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item and reverse the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability (Council File 25-0600).

These actions fall directly within your Committee's oversight and represent a fiscally sound, legally necessary, and morally urgent opportunity to protect some of the City's most impacted residents and prevent far-reaching public harm.

Long COVID is one of the most disabling and economically devastating public health crises of our time. More than 268,000 Angelenos are currently living with Long COVID (2), and there is currently no FDA-approved treatment, no dedicated service infrastructure, and no consistent pathway to care. Most cases occur after mild infections—even in vaccinated individuals—and recovery is rare. Fewer than 10 percent of patients recover within two to three years (4,6).

The disease often causes multi-organ damage, cognitive dysfunction, chronic immune dysregulation, and exertion-induced collapses. One year after infection, 60 percent of patients show organ impairment, and 29 percent have damage in multiple organs, even among those never hospitalized for acute COVID (8). Long COVID patients also experience fatigue and functional impairment worse than those with end-stage kidney disease or cancer-related anemia, and their health-related quality of life is lower than those with Stage IV metastatic cancer (12).

These symptoms leave many patients housebound or bedbound (15). Some have died—not from acute infection, but from system failure: no access to care, no income, and no public recognition of their condition (15). For others, Long COVID becomes a progressive neurological disability. It is now associated with the highest rates of cognitive disability in the U.S. in 15 years (10).

Long COVID also carries a mental health collapse: COVID survivors are 46 percent more likely to experience suicidal ideation (7), and many face prolonged depression, isolation, and a lack of clinical guidance.

According to Harvard economist David Cutler, Long COVID will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion over five years, or roughly \$11,189 per affected resident (1,2). That includes lost productivity, health care utilization, housing destabilization, and workforce attrition.

This is already showing up in the labor market. Studies estimate that:

- Over 1 in 5 long COVID patients cannot return to work at all, even 6–7 months post-infection (6).

About 45 percent are forced to reduce their hours or change jobs due to disabling symptoms (6).

- Across OECD countries, nearly 3 million working-age individuals have exited the workforce due to Long COVID, costing at least \$140 billion in lost wages annually (16).

Many are denied disability benefits (14) and face cascading consequences: twice the rates of housing instability, food insecurity, utility shutoffs, and debt (17). Without intervention, this burden will fall directly on City systems for years to come.

By contrast, a \$5 million investment—less than 0.2 percent of the projected losses—would be a strategic cost-containment measure that protects City infrastructure and ensures future access to State and Federal recovery funds.

Long COVID is now a federally recognized disabling condition under the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. It disproportionately affects Black and Latine residents, immigrants and frontline workers, disabled people and those with chronic illness, women, transgender people, caregivers, and low-income households (2,13,17). These are precisely the communities this Committee was formed to protect. Without an interdepartmental response, Los Angeles risks widening structural inequities and falling out of compliance with federal disability law.

Council File 24-0500-S3 proposes to reprogram:

- \$8,921,083.88 in unused CDBG funds, and
- \$4,230,880.26 in unused CDBG-CV (CARES Act) funds, totaling \$13,151,964.14.

These funds were designated to address the public health and economic fallout of the pandemic. Yet not one dollar is currently allocated to Long COVID outreach, case management, workforce stabilization, or access support—despite Long

COVID being the primary disabling outcome of the pandemic.

- Redirecting these funds to capital upgrades without acknowledging the outcome of Long COVID is a failure of both public trust and federal intent.
- The City already has the infrastructure to deliver these services. A \$5 million Long COVID line-item could be distributed across:
 - Department on Disability: Establish a Long COVID Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator's Office.
 - LA Civil Rights: Include Long COVID in civil rights enforcement and equity monitoring.
 - CIFD: Expand programs for families navigating pediatric Long COVID, caregiving burdens, and economic strain.
 - Emergency Management Department: Plan for continuity of care, homebound access, and climate-resilient delivery systems.
 - EWDD: Launch a workforce reintegration pilot modeled on LA RISE.
 - General City Purposes Fund: Support multilingual, community-based outreach, navigation, and peer-informed education.

In 1987, Los Angeles became the first jurisdiction in the region to fund AIDS services, six years into the crisis, when there were fewer than 10,000 known cases. The City's general fund allocation was just \$55,000, or about \$132,000 in today's dollars (3).

Today, Long COVID affects over 268,000 Angelenos—more than 20 times the peak AIDS caseload in LA County. A proportionate investment today would be \$8.8 million. We are asking for a modest \$5 million, drawn from unspent pandemic funds, to begin responding at scale.

In alignment with this Committee's role and authority, I respectfully urge you to:

1. Oppose the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability;
2. Champion a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item under Council File 25-0600;
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4. Coordinate with the City Administrative Officer and CIFD to include Long COVID services in the upcoming Substantial Amendment to the City's HUD CDBG and CDBG-CV Action Plan; and
5. Identify and pursue matching funds from State and Federal pandemic recovery sources to maximize the impact of this investment.

This is a defining test of leadership. The longer we delay, the deeper the structural harm. Now is the time to fund a meaningful, rights-based Long COVID response in Los Angeles.

Sincerely,
Violet Affleck, lifelong Los Angeles resident

References:

1. Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long COVID. Harvard Kennedy School.
2. CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long COVID Prevalence Estimates.
3. Los Angeles Times. (1990). Los Angeles Takes a Big Lead: Is First in Area to OK Funds for AIDS Outreach Efforts.
4. Nature Medicine. (2024). Long COVID Science, Research and Policy.
5. Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long COVID.
6. Davis, H. E., et al. (2023). Characterizing Long COVID in an International Cohort. *EClinicalMedicine*, 38, 101019.
7. Ziyad, A., et al. (2023). Suicidal Ideation Following COVID-19. *BMJ*.
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9. Office for National Statistics (UK). (2024). Self-reported Long COVID and Activity Limitation.
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12. Ballering, A. V., et al. (2022). Fatigue and Quality of Life in Long COVID. *Lancet Reg Health – Europe*, 16, 100321.
13. Global Burden of Disease Long COVID Collaborative (2024). *Nature Medicine*.
14. Tiku, N. (2023). Long COVID and Disability Denials. *Washington Post*.
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17. Czeisler, M. É., et al. (2022). Housing Instability Among Long COVID Adults. *CDC MMWR*.

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 07:58:11 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Ellie Lipton** <ellieliptontherapy@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 11:40 PM

Subject: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

To: <jason.lopez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.soto-martinez@lacity.org>

Cc: Cityclerk@lacity.org <Cityclerk@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Nazarian@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Jurado@lacity.org>, <councilmember.rodriquez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.padilla@lacity.org>

Dear Councilmember Soto-Martínez and Mr. Lopez,

I'm writing to make public comment and request urgent action from the Civil Rights, Equity, Immigration, Aging, and Disability Committee on two closely related matters:

1. Apply a portion of the \$13,151,964.14 in unspent COVID-era relief funds (Council File 24-0500-S3) to support a Long COVID disability and equity response; and
2. Support a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item and reverse the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability (Council File 25-0600).

These actions fall directly within your Committee's oversight and represent a fiscally sound, legally necessary, and morally urgent opportunity to protect some of the City's most impacted residents and prevent far-reaching public harm.

Long COVID is one of the most disabling and economically devastating public health crises of our time. More than 268,000 Angelenos are currently living with Long COVID (2), and there is currently no FDA-approved treatment, no dedicated service infrastructure, and no consistent pathway to care. Most cases occur after mild infections (even in vaccinated individuals) and recovery is rare. Fewer than 10 percent of patients recover within two to three years (4,6).

The disease often causes multi-organ damage, cognitive dysfunction, chronic immune dysregulation, and exertion-induced collapses. One year after infection, 60% of patients show organ impairment, and 29% have damage in multiple organs, even among those never hospitalized for acute COVID (8). Long COVID patients also experience fatigue and functional impairment worse than those with end-stage kidney disease or cancer-related anemia, and their health-related quality of life is lower than those with Stage IV metastatic cancer (12).

These symptoms leave many patients housebound or bedbound (15). Some have died—not from acute infection, but from system failure: no access to care, no income, and no public recognition of their condition (15). For others, Long COVID becomes a progressive neurological disability. It is now associated with the highest rates of cognitive disability in the U.S. in 15 years (10).

Long COVID also carries a mental health collapse: COVID survivors are 46% more likely to experience suicidal ideation (7), and many face prolonged depression and isolation compounded by a lack of clinical guidance.

According to Harvard economist David Cutler, Long COVID will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion over five years, or roughly \$11,189 per affected resident (1,2). That includes lost productivity, health care utilization, housing destabilization, and workforce attrition.

This is already showing up in the labor market. Studies estimate that:

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By contrast, a \$5 million investment (less than 0.2 percent of the projected losses) would be a strategic cost-containment measure that protects City infrastructure and ensures future access to State and Federal recovery funds.

Long COVID is now a federally recognized disabling condition under the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. It disproportionately affects Black and Latine residents, immigrants and frontline workers, disabled people and those with chronic illness, women, transgender people, caregivers, and low-income households (2,13,17). These are precisely the communities this Committee was formed to protect. Without an interdepartmental response, Los Angeles risks widening structural inequities and falling out of compliance with federal disability law.

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This is a defining test of leadership. The longer we delay, the deeper the structural harm. Now is the time to fund a meaningful, rights-based Long COVID response in Los Angeles.

Sincerely,
Ellie Lipton, LCSW
Resident of Long Beach, 90814

References:

1. Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long COVID. Harvard Kennedy School.
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----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>, Clerk - CityClerk <CityClerk@lacity.org>
Cc:
Bcc:
Date: Fri, 2 May 2025 16:56:05 -0700
Subject: Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Sarah Hernandez** <fancifulsarah@gmail.com>
Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 4:54 PM
Subject: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600)
To: <jason.lopez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.soto-martinez@lacity.org>
Cc: <Cityclerk@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Nazarian@lacity.org>, <Councilmember.Jurado@lacity.org>, <councilmember.rodriguez@lacity.org>, <councilmember.padilla@lacity.org>

Dear Councilmember Soto-Martínez and Mr. Lopez,

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1. Apply a portion of the \$13,151,964.14 in unspent COVID-era relief funds (Council File 24-0500-S3) to support a Long

COVID disability and equity response; and

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About 45 percent are forced to reduce their hours or change jobs due to disabling symptoms (6).

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Many are denied disability benefits (14) and face cascading consequences: twice the rates of housing instability, food insecurity, utility shutoffs, and debt (17). Without intervention, this burden will fall directly on City systems for years to come.

By contrast, a \$5 million investment—less than 0.2 percent of the projected losses—would be a strategic cost-containment measure that protects City infrastructure and ensures future access to State and Federal recovery funds.

Long COVID is now a federally recognized disabling condition under the Americans with Disabilities Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act. It disproportionately affects Black and Latine residents, immigrants and frontline workers, disabled people and those with chronic illness, women, transgender people, caregivers, and low-income households (2,13,17). These are precisely the communities this Committee was formed to protect. Without an interdepartmental response, Los Angeles risks widening structural inequities and falling out of compliance with federal disability law.

Council File 24-0500-S3 proposes to reprogram:

- \$8,921,083.88 in unused CDBG funds, and
- \$4,230,880.26 in unused CDBG-CV (CARES Act) funds, totaling \$13,151,964.14.

These funds were designated to address the public health and economic fallout of the pandemic. Yet not one dollar is currently allocated to Long COVID outreach, case management, workforce stabilization, or access support—despite Long COVID being the primary disabling outcome of the pandemic.

- Redirecting these funds to capital upgrades without acknowledging the outcome of Long COVID is a failure of both public trust and federal intent.

- The City already has the infrastructure to deliver these services. A \$5 million Long COVID line-item could be distributed across:
- Department on Disability: Establish a Long COVID Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator's Office.
- LA Civil Rights: Include Long COVID in civil rights enforcement and equity monitoring.
- CIFD: Expand programs for families navigating pediatric Long COVID, caregiving burdens, and economic strain.
- Emergency Management Department: Plan for continuity of care, homebound access, and climate-resilient delivery systems.
- EWDD: Launch a workforce reintegration pilot modeled on LA RISE.
- General City Purposes Fund: Support multilingual, community-based outreach, navigation, and peer-informed education.

In 1987, Los Angeles became the first jurisdiction in the region to fund AIDS services, six years into the crisis, when there were fewer than 10,000 known cases. The City's general fund allocation was just \$55,000, or about \$132,000 in today's dollars (3).

Today, Long COVID affects over 268,000 Angelenos—more than 20 times the peak AIDS caseload in LA County. A proportionate investment today would be \$8.8 million. We are asking for a modest \$5 million, drawn from unspent pandemic funds, to begin responding at scale.

In alignment with this Committee's role and authority, I respectfully urge you to:

1. Oppose the \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability;
2. Champion a \$5 million Long COVID Response line-item under Council File 25-0600;
3. Formally recommend that the Council allocate a portion of the \$13.15 million in reprogrammable pandemic funds under Council File 24-0500-S3 to Long COVID infrastructure, navigation, and stabilization efforts;
4. Coordinate with the City Administrative Officer and CIFD to include Long COVID services in the upcoming Substantial Amendment to the City's HUD CDBG and CDBG-CV Action Plan; and
5. Identify and pursue matching funds from State and Federal pandemic recovery sources to maximize the impact of this investment.

This is a defining test of leadership. The longer we delay, the deeper the structural harm. Now is the time to fund a meaningful, rights-based Long COVID response in Los Angeles.

Sincerely,
Sarah Hernandez

References:



1. Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long COVID. Harvard Kennedy School.
2. CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long COVID Prevalence Estimates.
3. Los Angeles Times. (1990). Los Angeles Takes a Big Lead: Is First in Area to OK Funds for AIDS Outreach Efforts.
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13. Global Burden of Disease Long COVID Collaborative (2024). *Nature Medicine*.
14. Tiku, N. (2023). Long COVID and Disability Denials. *Washington Post*.

15. Blackwell, B. (2024). The Hidden Death Toll of Long COVID. Rolling Stone.
16. Bach, K. (2023). Long COVID's Labor Market Impact. Brookings Institution.
17. Czeisler, M. É., et al. (2022). Housing Instability Among Long COVID Adults. CDC MMWR.

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11 attachments

-  **Fwd: Please Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600).eml**
27K
-  **Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600).eml**
18K
-  **Fwd: Urgent Request: Apply Unused COVID Relief Funds to Long COVID Equity Response (Council Files 24-0500-S3 & 25-0600).eml**
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27K



25-0600 - PC - May 2, 2025

1 message

City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Mon, May 5, 2025 at 8:50 AM

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>
Cc:
Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 08:00:11 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Anna Czosnyka** <alczosnyka@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 6:21 PM

Subject: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

To: <katy.yaroslavsky@lacity.org>, <CityClerk@lacity.org>, <Clerk.BudgetandFinanceCommittee@lacity.org>

Cc: <Councilmember.Blumenfield@lacity.org>, <heather.hutt@lacity.org>, <councilmember.mcosker@lacity.org>, <councilmember.hernandez@lacity.org>, <DOD.Contact@lacity.org>, <controller.mejia@lacity.org>

Dear Budget and Finance Committee Members,

Please accept this email as my official public comment for inclusion in the record for Council File 25-0600 regarding the Fiscal Year 2025–26 City of Los Angeles Budget.

In the face of a \$1 billion budget shortfall, it is essential to act strategically. I urge you to reverse the proposed \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability and to allocate a \$5 million Long Covid Response line-item to fund interdepartmental efforts (anchored by the Department on Disability) as a critical fiscal stabilization and cost-containment measure.

Key facts:

- \$1.075 million cut to the Department on Disability proposed
- \$5 million requested dedicated for Long Covid case management, benefits navigation, public outreach, prevention, and more
- \$3 billion in projected five-year economic losses if Long Covid is ignored¹
- \$5 million investment now is less than 0.2% of projected losses over the next five years
- 268,000 Angelenos living with Long Covid (and growing)²
- Over 20× the number impacted when the City first funded AIDS services³

The City of Los Angeles already has the infrastructure to carry this reasonable solution. The \$5 million can be applied through existing departments already serving disabled, high-risk, and under-resourced Angelenos:

- Department on Disability – Create a Long Covid Services Coordinator modeled on the AIDS Coordinator’s Office to support education, benefits navigation, durable medical equipment access, and disability inclusion, especially for multiply marginalized residents.
- General City Purposes Fund – Support multilingual, culturally relevant public health campaigns and flexible mini-grants for Long Covid awareness, care navigation, and peer-informed support rooted in trusted organizations.
- Community Investment for Families Department (CIFD) – Expand programs for families facing housing instability, caregiving strain, and pediatric Long Covid through CIFD’s existing resilience and early childhood initiatives.
- Civil + Human Rights and Equity Department (LA Civil Rights) – Include Long Covid in anti-discrimination enforcement

and equity monitoring. Ensure the City upholds disability rights and reduces racial, economic, and language-based barriers to care.

- Emergency Management Department – Ensure emergency planning includes homebound and chronically ill residents, with continuity of care, accessible alerts, and targeted resource delivery during public health or climate events.
- Economic and Workforce Development Department (EWDD) – Launch a workforce reintegration initiative for Long Covid, offering job protections, retraining, and income recovery; modeled on LA RISE and focused on communities hardest hit by employment loss.

By Harvard economists estimations, Long Covid will cost Los Angeles over \$3 billion in five years¹. Globally, Long Covid is already costing more than \$1 trillion per year⁴, and U.S. losses exceeded \$152.6 billion in 2024 alone⁵. Without intervention, these costs will continue to rise and directly undermine the City's tax base and services.

For comparison, during the AIDS crisis, Los Angeles began allocating dedicated funding in 1987, and by 1990 independently invested from its general fund; even though annual AIDS diagnoses in the County peaked at roughly 4,000 cases in 1992. Today, over 267,000 adults in Los Angeles are living with Long Covid, which is more than twenty times the peak impact of AIDS. Targeted investment at scale is again urgently needed.

A \$5 million starter investment today would stabilize residents, reverse critical service cuts, prevent escalating liabilities, and position Los Angeles to leverage future State and Federal pandemic recovery funds. This small, targeted investment today is a cost-saving, revenue-protecting action for the City's future. It strengthens our workforce, protects public health infrastructure, and positions Los Angeles to leverage additional State and Federal recovery funding. And it's the right thing to do.

Investing now is responsible governance. Thank you for your leadership and for considering this critical measure.

Respectfully,
Anna Czosnyka
91105

References:

- ¹ Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long Covid. Harvard Kennedy School.
- ² CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long Covid Prevalence Estimates.
- ³ Los Angeles Times. (1990). City Council Approves Funds for AIDS Prevention.
- ⁴ Nature Medicine. (2024). Global Economic Cost of Long Covid Estimated at \$1 Trillion Annually.
- ⁵ Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long Covid.

Sent from my iPhone

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From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>
To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 07:58:47 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Ellie Lipton** <ellieliptontherapy@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 11:39 PM

Subject: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

To: <katy.yaroslavsky@lacity.org>, <CityClerk@lacity.org>, <Clerk.BudgetandFinanceCommittee@lacity.org>

Cc: <Councilmember.Blumenfield@lacity.org>, <heather.hutt@lacity.org>, <councilmember.mcosker@lacity.org>,

<councilmember.hernandez@lacity.org>, <DOD.Contact@lacity.org>, <controller.mejia@lacity.org>

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Respectfully,
Ellie Lipton, LCSW
90814

References:

- ¹ Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long Covid. Harvard Kennedy School.
- ² CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long Covid Prevalence Estimates.
- ³ Los Angeles Times. (1990). City Council Approves Funds for AIDS Prevention.

⁴ Nature Medicine. (2024). Global Economic Cost of Long Covid Estimated at \$1 Trillion Annually.

⁵ Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long Covid.

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From: Office of the City Clerk <cityclerk@lacity.org>

To: City Clerk Council and Public Services <clerk.cps@lacity.org>

Cc:

Bcc:

Date: Mon, 5 May 2025 08:00:02 -0700

Subject: Fwd: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

----- Forwarded message -----

From: **Andrea Flores** <fl.andrea@gmail.com>

Date: Fri, May 2, 2025 at 10:10 PM

Subject: Public Comment: \$5M Long Covid Line-Item to Prevent \$3B in Losses (CF 25-0600)

To: <katy.yaroslavsky@lacity.org>, <CityClerk@lacity.org>, <Clerk.BudgetandFinanceCommittee@lacity.org>

Cc: <Councilmember.Blumenfield@lacity.org>, <heather.hutt@lacity.org>, <councilmember.mcosker@lacity.org>, <councilmember.hernandez@lacity.org>, <DOD.Contact@lacity.org>, <controller.mejia@lacity.org>

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Thank you for your leadership and for considering this critical measure.

Respectfully,
Andrea Flores
90026

References: ¹ Cutler, D. (2022). The Economic Impact of Long Covid. Harvard Kennedy School. ² CDC Household Pulse Survey. (September 2024). Long Covid Prevalence Estimates. ³ Los Angeles Times. (1990). City Council Approves Funds for AIDS Prevention. ⁴ Nature Medicine. (2024). Global Economic Cost of Long Covid Estimated at \$1 Trillion Annually. ⁵ Economist Impact. (2024). Incomplete Picture: Understanding the Burden of Long Covid.

3 attachments

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18K
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